The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 17—No 13 | FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27. 1856. | WHOLE No 1216

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—*Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Execuied with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York,
Trinity building, 111 Broadway,
Net accumulating Cash Funds. July 31st, 1853.
$2,193,802.

Charter Oak Life Insurance Co.,
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
Capital and Surplus, over **$300,000.**

THE undersigned, Agent for the above two most successful and responsible Life Insurance Companies in the United States, is prepared to receive applications for Life Insurance.

Pamphlets containing rates of premium, and informations on the subject of Life Insurance may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

"It is no more than the moral man to provide the daily bread for his family, while he lives, than it is to provide against their being left penniless in the event of his death."

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Sept. 12th, 1853. y10

Insurance Agency.

The subscriber having received the Agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

IS prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms. This Company has a Capital Stock of

$300,000.

All paid and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851. y17.

GIRARD
Fire & Marine Insurance Co,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
CAPITAL HALF A MILLION.

One of the most reliable Companies in the Union.

THE undersigned is now prepared to issue policies for this Company, at moderate rates. This is the only Agency in the West.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent,*
FORT WAYNE, IND.,

[Is also Agent for the *New England Live Stock Insurance Co.*]
December 15, 1854. 24

General Insurance Agency,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Ætna Fire & Mar Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Connecticut.—Capital $500,000.
MERCHANTS FIRE&MARINE INS.Co
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania—Capital $400.000.
STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. Co.
Ogdensburgh, N.Y.—Capital $150,000.

The above Companies have all their capital paid in, and have complied with all the conditions of the late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insurance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to the insured.

HOUGH & JONES, *Agents.*
May 17th, 1855. y46

CHAS. F. H. FORBES,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor,

HAVING been appointed by W. A. Jackson, County Surveyor of Allen Co., as his Deputy, hereby gives notice that he may be found at his office, over the City Auction Rooms, Calhoun street, Fort Wayne, ready to attend to any surveying, and from his experience in the business, will not fail to give entire satisfaction. tf—30

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

HOUGH & JONES, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, will attend to all legal business entrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.

OFFICE—Calhoun street.

L. M. NINDE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

OFFICE—Corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, under the Sentinel Office.

WM. W. CARSON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

OFFICE—On Calhoun street, one door south of P. Kiser's (second story).

F. P. RANDALL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.

OFFICE—Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, will attend to the Collection, Adjustment or Securing of Debts, the payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of titles in any part of Indiana

OFFICE—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

M. J. ATKINSON,
Attorney-at-Law,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

WILL attend promptly to the collection of Claims, payment of taxes, redemption of lands, &c., in this State and north western Ohio.

Refers to Hon. S. P. CHASE, Cincinnati, Ohio.
RICHARD STONE, Esq. "
RUBEN WOOD, Esq., Cleveland, O.
Gen. S. ROSS, "
Hon. WM. TWEED, New York.
McKEDON & BAKER, "
ROBT. STEEN & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
ROBT. McKELLAY, Esq. Fort Wayne, Ind.

y 2

W. S. SMITH. W. W. STEEVENS.

SMITH & STEEVENS,
Attorneys at Laws.
FORT WAYNE, IND.

Collections made with fidelity and dispatch, and the proceeds promptly paid over.

Sale or purchase of Real Estate negotiated.

☞ OFFICE—Over City Auction Store. 36

MEDICAL NOTICES.

Dr. Rogers.

OFFICE—Corner of Calhoun and Main street, at Wagoner's Drug Store.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 19, 1853. y6md2

Dr. Woodworth.

OFFICE—Corner of Calhoun and Main street, over Evan's Store.
Fort Wayne, Feb. 23th, 1854. 34

Dr. C. S. Smith.

Office on Calhoun street, over Hill's Book Store.
Fort Wayne, July 7th. y—1

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. He may be found at the office of Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun street, in building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged.

Dr. R. S. STERRETT,
DENTIST,

RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that he has permanently located himself in this place, where he will be happy to wait on all persons who will favor him with a call.

Teeth inserted on Gold Plate, from one to an entire set. Particular attention paid to first dentition. All operations carefully performed, and warranted.

☞ Office in the Phœnix Block, over J. Foellinger's Store. 3m2

Carter's Spanish Mixture.
THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD!
THE BEST ALTERATIVE KNOWN
Not a Particle of Mercury in it!

An infallible remedy for Scrofula, King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Boils, Ague and Fever, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm or Tetter, Scalded-head, Enlargment and pain of the Bones and Joints, Salt Rheum, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Disorders, and all diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Imprudence in Life, or Impurity of the Blood.

This great alterative Medicine and Purifier of the Blood is now used by thousands of grateful patients, from all parts of the United States, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, "*Carter's Spanish Mixture*" Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions of the Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affection of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Pains and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this inestimable remedy.

For all diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone to the stomach, makes the skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution enfeebled by disease or broken down by the excess of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength.

For the DISEASES OF FEMALES it is peculiarly applicable, and wherever it has become known, is regularly prescribed with the happiest effects. It invigorates the weak and debilitated, and imparts elasticity to the worn-out frame, clears the skin, and leaves the patient fresh and healthy; a single bottle of this inestimable remedy is worth all the so-called Sarsaparillas in existence.

The large number of certificates which we have received from persons from all parts of the United States, is the best evidence that there is no humbug about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians, and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the wonderful effects of this *Great Blood Purifier.*

Call on the Agent and get an Almanac, and read the details of astonishing cures performed by *Carter's Spanish Mixture*, (in most cases where every thing else has signally failed) The limits of an advertisement will not admit their full insertion.

WM. S. BEERS & CO., PROPRIETORS,
No. 304 Broadway, New York

To whom all orders must be addressed.

For sale by Druggists and Country Merchants in all parts of the United States and the Canadas, and by H. B. REED, and WALL & MEYER, Fort Wayne; F. HELLER & SON, Heller's Corners; D. S. DANTON, Perry; SNYDER & TALBOT, Zanesville; J. BEACHGOOD, Maysville. 1,11

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S
CELEBRATED
GERMAN BITTERS,
PREPARED BY
Dr. C. M. JACKSON, Philadelphia, Pa.
Will effectually cure
Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice,
Chronic or Nervous Debility. Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking of Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choaking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or webs before the sight, Fever and dull pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant imagining of evil and Great depression of spirits.

THE proprietor in calling the attention of the public to this preparation, does so with a feeling of the utmost confidence in its virtues and adaptation to the diseases for which it is recommended

It is no new and untried article but one that has stood the test of a ten year's trial before the American people, and its reputation and sale is unrivalled by any similar preparations extant. The testimony in its favor given by the most prominent and well known Physicians and individuals in all parts of the country is immense, and a careful perusal of the Almanac published annually by the proprietor, and to be had gratis of any of its Agents, cannot but satisfy the most skeptical that this remedy is really deserving the great celebrity it has obtained.

Principal Office and Manufactory,
No. 96 ARCH street, Philadelphia, Pa.

For sale by Druggists and Country Merchants in all parts of the United States and the Canadas, and by H. B. Reed & Co., and Wall & Meyer, Fort Wayne; F. Heller & Son, Heller's Corners; D. J. Danton, Perry, Snyder & Talbot, Zanesville; J. Beachgood, Maysville. 1y11

DR. J. HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS

IS a sure cure for Dyspepsia—will remove all Flattulency and Heaviness from the Stomach—keep you free from Costiveness, assist Digestion, give a good Appetite, and impart a healthy tone to the whole system. It is a certain preventive of

Fever and Ague.

For sale by all the principal Druggists, and
HOSTETTER, SMITH & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers and Proprietors,
No. 267 Penn st., Pittsburgh.

☞ **CAUTION.** ☜

Carefulness should be our study, but more particularly when the health is at stake. Since these Bitters have, from their medical qualities, become so popular, there have been a great many concections called Stomach Bitters, and often represented to be the same in virtue as Dr. Hostetter's, palmed upon the public. Be careful of these vilainous compounds! Our Bitters are put up in square quart bottles, and covered with the patent metallic cap, stamped "Hostetter's Stomach Bitters," and Dr. J Hostetter blown on the glass. All others are imitation.

For sale, at Fort Wayne, by
J. D. WERDEN & CO., WALL & MEYER,
H. B. REED, H. G. WAGNER.
Sept. 13, 1856 y11

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
Moffat's Life Pills
AND
PHŒNIX BITTERS,
FREE FROM ALL MINERAL POISONS.

THE great popularity which *Moffats Life Pills* an *Phœnix Bitters* have attained, in consequence of the extraordinary cures effected by their use renders it unnecessary for the proprietor to enter into a particular analysis of their medicinal virtues or properties Having been more than twenty years before the public, and having the united testimony of more than *Three Millions* of persons who have been restored to the enjoyment of perfect health by them, it is believed that their reputation as the best vegetable medicine now before the public, admits of no dispute In almost every city and village in the United States there are many who are ready to testify to their efficacy in removing disease, and giving to the whole system renewed vigor and health.

In cases of SCROFULA, ULCERS, CURVY or ERUPTIONS of the skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing in a few days every vestige of these loathsome diseases, by their purifying effects on the blood. FEVER and AGUE, DYSPEPSIA DROPSY, PILES, and in short most all diseases, soon yield to their curative properties. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved.

Prepared by WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D.,
New York.
And for sale by WALL & MEYER. y17

DAGUERREOTYPE, AMBROTYPE,
And PHOTOGRAPHIC Rooms.

A. McDONALD returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country for their liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him; and would respectfully invite their attention to a new style of pictures beautifully gotten up on Glass, and also on paper, which he is prepared to execute equal to anything of the kind now in the United States. These Pictures are peculiarly life-like and true to nature. The Ambrotype being the latest improvement, far excells the Daguerreotypes with the accuracy of delineation.

Rooms No. 2 Phœnix Block, Choun street,
y—38 FORT WAYNE.

The Scientific American.
TWELFTH YEAR!
One Thousand Dollars Cash Prizes!

THE Twelth Annual Volume of this useful publication commences on the 13th day of September next

The *Scientific American* is an ILLUSTRATED PERIODICAL devoted chiefly to the promulgation of information relating to the various Mechanic and Chemic Arts' Industrial Manufactures, Agriculture, Patents, Inventions, Engineering, Millwork, and all interesting which the light of Practical Science is calculated to advance.

Reports of the U. S. Patents granted are also published every week, including Official Copies of all the Patent Claims, together with news and information upon thousands of other subjects.

$1,000—IN CASH PRIZES—will be paid on the 1st of January next, for the largest list of subscribers, as follows:—$200 for the 1st, $175 for the 2d, $150 for the 3d, 125 for the 4th, 100 for the 5th, $75 for the 6th, $50 for the 7th, $40 for the 8th, $30 for the 9th, $25 for the 10th, $20 for the 11th, and $10 for the 12th. For all Clubs of 20 and upwards, the subscription price is only $1 40 Names can be sent from any Post Office until January 1st, 1857.—

☞ Here are fine chances to secure cash prizes.

The *Scientific American* is published once a week; every number contains eight large quarto pages, forming annually a complete and splendid volume, illustrated with several hundred original engravings

☞ TERMS—Single subscriptions, $2 a year, or $1 for six months. Five copies, for six months, $4, for a year, $8. Specimen copies sent GRATIS

Southern, Western and Canada money, or Post Office Stamps, taken at par for subscriptions.

Letters should be directed (post paid) to
MUNN & CO.,
128 Fulton St., N. York.

☞ Messrs MUNN & CO., are extensively engaged in procuring patent for new inventions, and will advise inventors, without charge, in regard to the novelty of their improvements.

The N. York Musical World.
Volume XVI.

THE friends of this journal will be glad to learn, that with the new volume, commencing September 1st, they may expect a very important accession to our editorial corps, in that Nestor of the musical profession,

DR. EDWARD HODGES

Dr. Hodges' ability, not only as a thoroughbred musician but as a practised and forcible writer is know by his contributions both to English and American musical literature.

We feel in securing the services of this genntleman, that for CHURCH MUSIC, musical criticism, the relation of music to popular education and the more humorous side of the world of music (if there be such) we have secured the ablest, the most experienced and agreeable pen.

The circulation of the *Musical World* has so greatly increased, that with the new volume our weekly issue will be

15,000,

—instead of the 10,000 already announced upon this page:—a success altogether unprecedented in musical journalism.

As a medium for advertising, the trade will heed the fact that their advertisements will go to 15,000 of the very persons they want to reach

The features of the paper will remain as heretofore, viz:
1. General Literature.
1 Musical Literature.
2 Educational Matters.
3. General Intelligence.
4 Criticism.
5 Choice Music

As regard the last feature, it may be remarked that subscribers are furnished with music of the most varied character at about 20 per cent of the price ally paid for it, and pieces enough to bind at the end of the year for a volume of 208 pages.

Ten dollars worth of such music is furnished in the course of a year, in addition to all the reading matter!

The *Musical Worl* is published every Saturday, at 379 Broadway, New York. The subscription price is but $2 a year, if paid in advance. Five copies $9; ten copies, $15 City and Brooklyn subscribers are charged 50 cents extra for the expense of carrier. Canada subscribers pay 26 cents for the necessary pre-payment of American postage.

☞ Any journal copying this prospectus before January 1, 1857 and drawing attention to the same editorially, shall receive the paper in exchange until Janbary 1st, 1858.

Proprietor of the New York Musical World,
379 Boadway, New York.

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

C. L. HILL has received his Spring and Summer supply of Books and Stationery, and has now on hand the BEST STOCK ever offered for sale in this market. It consists of

SCHOOL BOOKS

of every description used in this vicinity, and offers them at Wholesale or Retail. Country merchants will do as well to buy of him as to go East.

LAW BOOKS.—He keeps a general assortment of Standard Law Books, and has facilities for ordering anything in this line that may be wanted.

MEDICAL BOOKS—Every thing in the medical line of a standard character can be had at Hill's Book Store.

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS—A full supply of all standards works, together with all the standard poets, are kept constantly on hand, and new miscellaneous books are received as soon as published.

PAPER

French, English and American Cap and Letter Paper, worth from one dollar and fifty cents to five dollars per ream. Billpaper, Wrapping paper Printing and Hardware Paper, he has always for sale.

Fancy Articles.

He has also just received a large lot of fancy articles such as fine Rosewood and Mahogany writing desks, Portfolios, Card Cases, Ladies' Portmonaies and Gents' Traveling Cases, together with the most beautiful articles of all, which the Ladies are requested to take particular notice of, viz:—a splendid lot of Ladies' Cabas of the latest and most fashionable style.

PAPER HANGINGS.

He keeps the best stock of Paper Hangings, Window Shades and Fire Board prints in the place.
June 28, 1856.

PIANO FORTE WAREROOM

C. L. HILL having opened rooms for the sale of Piano Fortes and other Musical Instruments, keeps on hand a full assortment of

Piano Fortes & Melodeons,

of various styles and qualities, from the most celebrated Manufactories in the United States.

SHEET MUSIC—A large collection kept on hand. New Music constantly received.

He has also on hand a fine assortment of

Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.

Also Violin and Guitar Strings. In fact, almost every thing in the music line.
June 28, 1856.

WALL PAPER.

C. L. HILL is now receiving a large and beautiful assortment of Wall Paper and Bordering of the latest and richest patterns.
June 28, 1856.

POETRY.

Democratic Platform Song.

TUNE—"*Uncle Sam's Farm.*"

Of all the mighty parties from the East and from the West,
The Democratic party is the greatest and the best;
Every State in this great nation it respects them all the same
To preserve this glorious Union is its object and its aim.

CHORUS:—Then come along, come along, make no delay
Come from every nation, come from every way.
Our platform is broad enough, don't be alarmed.
The planks are all sound and the timbers unharmed

Our sword is "equal rights" the Constitution our shield.
And with Justice on our banners we'll boldly take the field;
With Buchanan for our leader we will route the Fusion hosts
E'er the ides of next November there'll be nothing but their ghosts!

With old Buck of Pennsylvania, we'll buck 'em off the track
And with Breck of old Kentucky, break their abolition backs
The "Pathfinder" has explored the mountains too, and the river's course,
And he'll next explore Salt River on his little wooly horse.

Illinois and Indiana, and New York will go for Buck,
New Hampshire, California, Pennsylvania and Kentuck,
All the States, both North and South, twenty-eight for Buck will count,
And give the nigger-stealers Maine, Massachusetts, and Vermont.

Fremont not Eligible to the Presidential Office.

It seems by the following article from the New York Express that there exists a strong probability that Fremont was not born in the United States, and, therefore, is not constitutionally eligible to the Presidency. We invite attention to the article of the Express, which says:

"*Where Fremont was Born.*—We need not beg pardon of the public for freely discussing where Fremont was born, because, under the Constitution of the United States, a man must be born here, in these United States, or have been here when the Constitution was adopted, in order to be its President. Hence, if, as alleged and as believed by many, and as circumstances indicate, the French father of Colonel Fremont took the mother of Colonel Fremont out of the United States, with the intend to live abroad, *the son born abroad is constitutionally disqualified foa being a President.*

"The Biography of Mr. Bigelow, (editor of the Evening Post,) the inspiration, doubtless, of Fremont himself, has now reached Richmond, Va., and, as we suspected, near'y all of it that relates to Fremont's origin is fiction, or, to quote the Richmond Dispatch:

"'It reads like a novel. It is quite destitute of such a prosaic element as fact. The Legislature of Virginia never sanctioned the separation of Mr. and Mrs. Prior by passing an act of divorce. We have examined the acts of Assembly from 1810 to 1817, (Fremont was born, according to his biographer, January 21, 1813,) and in all that time there were but two divorces granted, neither of which was Mr. and Mrs. Pryor.

"'We know nothing of the circumstances of their marriage. We never hear that the old gentleman was rich or gouty. He kept a sort of pleasure garden for public entertainment, which is not consistent with the idea of being a nabod. In short, we know the divorce part of the above story is untrue, and we do not believe one word of the remainder of it. We only allude to the subject to 'vindicate the truth of history,' and do justice to the State and individuals unjustly assailed in the above paragraph.'

"'We were certain, at the start, that an old staid State like Virginia never divorced parties—for the reasons given in the biography, that the parties had influential friends' The acts of Assembly disclose the fact, and stamp the lie on the biography.'

"The Richmond whig publishes the will and testament of Pryor, to show that no such divorce as alleged took place. The will reads thus, as recorded in the Hustings Court, 1823:

"'I, John Prior, of the city of Richmond, do make and ordain this writing as and for my last will and testament, hereby expressly revoking all other wills and testaments heretofore made by me. Whereas, under a well founded impression and confident belief that my late wife, Ann Pryor, had departed this life, I have intermarried with Elizabeth Graves, who alone is recognized by me as my wife, none other having any just claim upon me or my estates, in that character, I do will and direct as follows:'

"He marries, because he believes his late wife was dead! The father Fremont, according to the biography, was wandering with the mother of Fremont among the Indians of the Sout-west—according to our Vermont correspondent, among the French Canadians—but, according to the Richmond Whig, the father fled with his wife to France! Now, where his son was born, we have a right to know by proof unquestionable, for every presumption is against his being born in the United States.

"These are painful facts to approach and to discuss, but when such a monstrous imposition is attempted as this upon us Northern people, we shrink not from it It is a duty we owe to our country and to God,, and we will discharge it fearlessly in the midst of every storm, and the more fearlessly the fiercer is the abuse or threat. *It is not true that the mother of Colonel Fremont was divorced. It is not a fact that he was born in Savannah or Charleston, as alleged;* or if is, it can be proved. It is a fact that the Frenchman connected with the mother of Fremont left Richmond to wander somewhere—but where we do not know.

"Now, gentlemen, it is of no use to abuse us, but meet our facts. To tell us 'we lie,' will not lie down the will of Colonel Pryor or the Richmond legislative record, that no divorce was obtained. To tell us his birth place is not a matter of proper discussion, is to fly in the very face of the Constitution of the United States: for it is our constitutional right to know beyond a cavil where a candidate for the Presidency of the United States was born."

[From a Correspondent of the Richmond Whig.]

"RICHMOND, Aug. 18, 1856

"*Sir*—The political position of Col. Fremont, and the Memoir of the Life and Adventures of John Charles Fremont, by John Bigelow, make it my painful but bounden duty to publish the following statement:

"John Pryor, a captain of artillery in the Continental Army, owned and kept a livery stable and a public garden in this city, called Hay Market. Major Pryor, in his old age, married Miss Ann Whiting, of Gloucester County.—About the year 1807, W. S. and W. F. P., pupils, and Francis Fremont, a teacher in Haller's Academy, boarded with Major Pryor. * * * * She (the mother) eloped with Fremont, and was not heard of for many years. Pryor died in the year 1823.'"

[We have eliminated this communication, vouched for by the editor os from an old resident of Bichmond, because we mean to confine all our discussions on this subject to the birthplace of Fremont, to the exclusion of all other offensive point. *The right to know where a Presidential aspirant was born, we repeat, is a constitutional right,* ane we mean to insist upon it.—*Eds. Exp.*]

☞ Miss Tulip, in speaking of old bachelors, says they are frozen out old gardeners in the flower bed of Love. As they are useless as weeds they should be served in the same manner—choked! As Miss Tulip is an old maid, what should be done with her?

The Robberies by Lane's Band in Kansas

The outrages committed by the Abolition brigands under Lane, whom Greeley, Bank, Burlingame, Giddings, Chase and the other "freedom shriekers" equipped and sent into Kansas are perfectly unparalleled. Every crime that can disgrace humanity, Lane and his outlaws have been guilty of, and if they are not all hung they will not receive their deserts. A gentleman of the name of Castleman, who resides in Lecompton, Kanses Territory, from which we make the following extract. The whole letter is published in the St. Louis Republican of the 15th inst. Mr. Castleman says:

"Everything was quiet and peaceable; the indications were strong that the unhappy difficulties which divided us would be healed, and that law and order would be supreme. Such was the case until about the 15th of July, when bodies of armed men known as the notorious James H. Lane's men, came into the Territory with the open and avowed object and intention of subverting the existing Territorial Government by force of arms. Their first action was upon the claim-house of Mr. Craine, a lawabiding citizen of the Territory; next on Mr. Craine's residence in the town of Franklin; next on the settlement of Mr. Treadwell, on Washington Creek; then Col. Titus' house near Lecompton. Not satisfied with destroying these houses, they robbed them of every thing of the slightest value; inflicting great and unprovoked indignities upon the person of Mrs. Craine, an old lady living in Franklin, appropriating wardrobes of Mrs. Craine and Mrs. Titus to their own use, and even taking wearing apparel belonging to Colonel Titus' negroes. After robbing the Colonel they burned his house to the ground, taking him and all other persons found in the vicinity prisoners.

"After these occurrences I expressed my condemnation of such acts and such highway robberies, as I belived them and now think they deserved, as un-Christian, un-American; and that the guilty perpetrators of these crimes should be brought to public justice.

"On the 4th day of September a band of these men—traitors to their God and their country, robbers and murderers—numbering some 150 men, armed with Sharpe's rifles, Colt's revolvers and Bowie-knives, came into the town of Tecumseh, and into my store—robbed, seized and took possession of all my goods, ware and merchandise, amounting in the aggregate to at least $4.000—appropriated the same to their own use and benefit, and the advancement of their unholy cause. About the same time they robbed the house of Mr. Robert Edwards of everything he had, even his corn and oats, and appropriated his household and kitchen furniture to their own use and benefit, using his wagon and horses to haul off these articles to Topeka, driving off the families of conservative citizens, robbing them of every them of everything, threatening to kill and murder and even firing upon them.

"Such is the condition of the country at this time, brought about by the fact that the military refused to obey the order issued by the Governor of the Territory to meet the notorious Lane, with his army of lawless invaders, on the northern frontier, and disarm and drive them back."

These robberies and crimes would not have been comitted if the fanatical members of the Black-Republican party had not demanded war in Kansas. Upon them should rest the responsibility.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

Three Hundred and Eighty six Dollars a Day—Fremont's Eilhteen Days in the United States Senate—Fremont's whole political service consists of the eighteen days he was in the United States Senate. In alluding to this matter the Washington Union says:

"We have looked in this connection, at Col. Fremont's account as a Senator from the 10th to the 30th Sept. 1850:

Sept 30, 1850, mileage, 10,270	$4.108.00
Sept 30, 1850, per diem	1.840,00
December 2, 1853, additional mileage, 3.686 miles, short charged, first session, Thirty-first Congress	1,474,40
February 11, 1854, per diem for detention by sickness on journey home after the first session, Thirty-first Congress, eighty-six days	688.00
Total	$8,110,40

"Will Colonel Fremont's friends tell us whether, during the two hundred and thirty days, for which he charged and received pay, he had not ample time to prepare his eighteen bills without overtaxing his mental faculties? Will they tell us what route must be traveled to make the distance from California and back thirteen thousand nine hundred and fifty six miles? Will they explain why he was not satisfied with what he charged at the time, but demanded an additionthree years afterward? We should like to be informed where he was sick on the road eighty six days when returning home in 1850? This record shows that Colonel Fremont served twenty-one days and no more, and that he received $8.110 40, being at the rate of $386 20 per day. We think he might well afford to draw eighteen bills for such a per diem. From his returning and making an additional claim in 1853 and again in 1854, we get a glimpse at his ruling passion. Do his supporters believe the compensation received by him reasonable and proper? We suspect that most people will come to the conclusion that the $5.958 received in 1850, at the time of the service, was an ample compensation and that his return and demanding over $2.000 more reveals a trait in his character which few will applaud."

Decidedly Cool.—The telegraph informs us that the National Kansas Committee in Albany New York, "having authentic information that preparation is making in Missouri for an invasion of Kansas," have appointed a committee to solicit the interposition of the President of the U. S. "to prevent civil war, and the slaughter impending." If human impudence ever went farther than this, the record is lost to the world—Here we have a set of fellows organizing armed bands, picked up from the gutters of Northern Cities, drilled in regiments, and under military lead and in hostile array, invading Kansas, attacking the residents simultaneously at a dozen points, burning, pillaging, and murdering; and, when they receive "authentic information" that force is to be met with force, pillage by pillage and murder by murder, they appoint a committee to call upon the President to "*interpose* and prevent civil war and slaughter!" When the Devil gets his own, there will be many vacancies in the Kansas committee.—*Louisville Jour.*

The Last Hope of the Black Repubcicans destroyed.—The only hope the Black Republicans have cherished has been that they might form a union electoral ticket with the friends of Fillmore in Pennsylvania, and thus carry the State by an exceedingly dishonest and fraudulent coalition. They have made the proposal but we have the autority of the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser, the home organ of Mr. Fillmore, for saying that it has been rejected. The Advertiser remarks:

"The American party of Pennsylvania stand by their own colors—they will make no bargains will enter into no coalition, and, with the information which we possess on the subject, we feel authorized to contradict the rumors which are privately circulated to the contrary."

Is there any intelligent man who believes that with three electoral ticket in Pennsylvania Mr. Buchanan can fail of success?

Which is the Proslavery Party?—Read what the abolition papers say of Sammy Brenton and the other doughfaces who voted for Dunn's infamous Lill legislating slavery not only into Kansas but even into Nebraska, and also extending the fugitive slave law into those territories. The citizens of the free North should look to it and send men to the next Congress who have some "backbone" and not such supple tools as the present House, who while crying lustily for freedom and free Kansas, are spreading and perpetuating slavery.

DUNN'S BILL.

It is a significant fact, that the Republican press of the country, have not one word of condemnation of this infamous measure. We call it "*infamous*," because it is a base lie.—Hon. GERRIT SMITH, said, whilst a member of Congress, that "Slavery is the baldest and biggest lie on earth;" and as this bill establishes Slavery, and extends the area of the Fugitive Slave Act, we are justifiable in calling it "infamous," and a *lie*: and this is the extent of the Anti Slavery sympathy of the mis-named Republican party. The Bill provides, that, "any child or children" born of Slave mothers, in Kansas or Nebraska, up to the 1st of January, 1858, shall be *forever* Slaves, and what is equally repugnant to a man who has any heart to feel, it extends a Fugitive Slave Act over both of these Territories We call particular attention to language of the Bill at this point. Here it is: "under *any* law of the United States which *shall be in force upon the subject.*" No matter how iniquitous the law *then* in force may be, it shall be brought into requisition upon all children born of Slave mothers in the *Free States* of Kansas and Nebraska.

This is more than was bargained for. Even the Slave Power never asked to have Slavery taken into Nebraska. They probably never thought of such a thing; but the present Republican Congress—that body that is said by as friends to the opposed to Slavery—*did*, without its aid, so far as the members had the power, *create* Slavery there, and extend a Fugitive Slave law over that Free Territory.

No Congressional legislation ever before, took so high ground *for* Slavery" Here we find the entire Republican delegation, with *one* exception, recognizing the power, and not only recognizing but actually attempting to legislate away the mens natural, God-Given rights What more could the most ardent follower JOHN C. CALHOUN do? When did he or his friends ever do so much, directly for the establishment and perpetuation of Slavery, by operation of the General Government?—We unhesitatingly answer—*Never!* and yet we find that the Republican press all over the country is as silent as death upon the subject Not one of them, to our knowledge, has even published the Bill, or any part thereof, that their readers might be advised of the doings of their Republican (!) Congress. Why don't the Editors have the manliness and independence to come out in condemnation of all such infamous acts; or, if they have any justification to offer, why don't they justify, and not sing "*mum*" all the time? The course they are pursuing shows a servility on the part of the press, that is disgraceful to a free and enlightened people Every northern man *must* feel in his heart that this is a vile measure, and one too, that should meet the public unqualified condemnation of every philanthropist.

Taking this measure and the silence of the Republican press upon it, as a criterion for the Anti-Slavery sentiment of the Republican party, how *can* Abolitionist—those who believe in the right of *all men* to freedom—vote with such a party? It has ignored the very foundation of your faith. What assurance have you that Fremont occupies any higher ground? None.—*Political Abolitionist.*

A Kansas Chief.—JIM LANE.—The editor of the Davenport Democrat had an interview with Mr Baldridge, the father of Lane's late wife, who stated that when his precious son-in-law induced his daughter to go to Kansas he sold her property amounting to $10.000, and after reaching Kansas, Lane procured a mistress and treated his wife so badly that she was forced to leave him for home, and he told her that he had paid her passage on the steamboat to Indiana, when, in fact, after the boat started she found that such was not the case, and it was with great difficulty that she raised money enough to pay her passage. Lane had robbed her of her fortune, been guilty of adultery with a mistress, and sent her home penniless, and after she left, tried to get a divorce from her through the very Territorial Legislature which he is denouncing as bogus and illegal.

What choice instruments the Republicans use to advocate their cause! How proud Burlington must feel to have serenaded this hero of Freedom. What happy text the life of this Kansas martyr has furnished the pulpits of our political clergy!"

☞ From a confession made by a rogue now in jail at Hartford, Conn., for various burglaries recently committed in Farmington, it appears that one of the gang with whom he was connected traveled through various towns, selling polishing powders with a view of ascertaining where silver plate was to be found. In visiting dwellings he always followed the inmates to adjacent rooms to test his powers upon silver spoons or plate. He made a memorandum of what he saw in a book, noting particularly those houses where a dog was kept.

"I Have to Frame my Replies so as to Get the Votes of All."—Some days since Mr B F Cook, a highly respectable resident of Staten Island, was induced to call upon Col Fremont and ascertain from the latter's own lips the truth in regard to the various reports relating to his religious opinions. After stating that he had at no time professed the Catholic religion, Col Fremont volunteered some remarks, which, according to the New York Commercial Advertiser, are stated as follows:

"COL. FREMONT—I am frequently interrogated by this subject. I presume the delegation now waiting for me up stairs wish to interogate me upon this point. When they do I shall put the most favorable construction on the matter that I can. I wish to offend none, but to secure the votes of all. Only this very morning I have a letter from Maine, saying that unless I make a personal denial of Romanism, and I am or have been a Roman Catholic, that State will be lost to the Republicans; and another letter from Indiana, telling me that if I will authorize my friends there to say I am a Roman Catholic they can secure me a large German and Irish vote. *I have to frame my replies so as to get the votes of all!* There is now a delegation waiting for me whose errand, I doubt not, is the same It is best to say as little about this matter as possible and we must manage the thing as well as we can, *so as to get the votes of both sides!*"

There is a beautiful specimen of political honesty for you upon the part of the Black Republican candidate, and also of that of his leading partizans. How bad the cause must be, and how unprincipled its candidate, that will resort to such wicked deception and contemptible artifices!—We shall see if such a crushing exposure does not tell powerfully upon the public mind.

California—Disorganization and Disloyalty.

A gentleman writing to us from San Francisco, and describing the state of affairs in that quarter and the usurpation of the Vigilance Committee, says:

"The movement was, from the first, anti-Democratic in principle, and has already become so in a party sense. It will become a mere adjunct to Republicanism. The same throats that shriek for freedom' howl next moment for the blood of law and order men

"The most important element in the committee's strength is the body of Frenchmen—aliens in heart as well as in law—trained to arms, reckless, atheistical, bitterly hostile to the United States. They are openly for secession and boast that they can array in arms twenty thousand fighting men within a month in San Francisco. It is certain that there is a secret organization extending throughout the State, numerous, armed and thoroughly disciplined, prepared to take advantage of the first success of the Vigilance Committee in a collision with the United States troops or authorities, and strike for a secession and a Pacific Republic."

These speculations are not the chimera of an excited mind. They are founded on realities altogether too certain and grave. The General Government, we see, is at last awakened to an apprehension of the consequences in California, and has taken steps to strengthen the Federal authority there.—*Albany Atlas.*

ST. LOUIS, Sept

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

For President

JAMES BUCHANAN

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Vice-President

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE

OF KENTUCKY.

For Governor.
ASHBEL P. WILLARD, of White.
For Lieut. Governor,
ABRAM A. HAMMOND, of Vigo.
For Secretary of State.
DANIEL McCLURE, of Morgan.
For Auditor of State.
JOHN W. DODD, of Grant.
For Treasurer of State.
AQUILLA JONES, of Bartholomew.
For Attorney General.
JOS. E. McDONALD, of Montgomery.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction.
WILLIAM C. LARRABEE, of Putnam.
For Clerk of Supreme Court.
WILLIAM B. BEACH, of Boone.
For Reporter of Decisions of Supreme Court.
GORDON TANNER, of Jackson.
For Congress—10th District.
ROBERT LOWRY, of Elkhart
Judge Common Pleas,
JAMES W. BORDEN.
District Attorney—Com. Pleas,
WM. B. SPENCER.
Pros. Attorney—10th Circuit,
S. J. STOUGHTON.

Allen Co. Dem. Ticket.

Representative,
PLINY HOAGLAND,
Sheriff.
WM. FLEMING.
Treasurer,
ALEX. WILEY.
Co. Commissioner—1st District.
HENRY DICKERSON.
County Surveyor.
WM. McLAUGHLIN.
Coroner
W. H. McDONALD

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1856.

GOV. WRIGHT

Has made the following appointments to speak in this part of the State:

At Peru, Monday night, October 6th.
Logro, Tuesday, " 7
Decatur, Wednesday, " 8
Maysville, Allen Co., Thursday, Oct. 9th, at 2 P M.
Spencerville, same day, at 7 P M.
Auburn, Friday, Oct. 10, at 2 P M.

WAYNE DEMOCRATIC CLUB.

A special meeting will be held at the Club Room on TUESDAY evening next, at half past seven o'clock.

All the members are earnestly invited to attend, as business of importance will have to be transacted.

☞ We have before alluded to the fact that Mr Brenton voted for a bill legalizing and perpetuating slavery in Kansas, and extending the Fugitive Slave Law over that Territory. The friends of "*Free* Kansas" should bear this significant fact in mind, and also remember that every democrat voted against the bill. That party are strongly opposed to any such slave propagandism by Congress, and deny their right to interfere with the matter, or force such an institution upon the people of the territory. This is the true doctrine; every friend of freedom must, to be consistent, support the democratic party, and oppose the re-election of every man who voted to recognize or establish slavery in Kansas.

MESSRS. LOWRY and BRENTON, candidates for Congress, spoke in this city on Saturday last. Being our publication day, we were unable to attend, and cannot therefore speak from personal observation. We are assured that Mr. Lowry acquitted himself ably, and far exceeded the most sanguine expectations of his friends. His speech is spoken of as an eloquent, logical, strong and convincing defence of the democratic position, and in the course of it, he gave his competitor some home thrusts that evidently made him squirm. Mr Lowry is gentleman of good sound mind, great acquirements, and undoubted democracy, and as such will be an honor to his district in Congress, and in some measure serve to redeem us from the reproach of having sent such a member as the one who now misrepresents us. Mr. Lowry's speech gained him many friends here.

Mr. Brenton's effort was, like all his other speeches—a mixture of demagogueism, brazen effrontery, and overbearing assurance, with shrieks for freedom and bleeding Kansas *ad libitum*, as the schoolboys say. The charges against his course in Congress in voting to perpetuate slavery in Kansas, and his opposition to the army bill were superciliously glossed over in a few trifling remarks, inaudible to the greater part of his audience, but vociferously applauded by a horde of trained screamers, who were sent there to halloo, whenever the rev. demagogue should give them the wink—and faithfully did they discharge their duty. Then the speaker would gravely ask, is not that sufficient to satisfy any reasonable man? The whole scheme was ingenious, but rather too transparent, and not exactly such as an honorable or high minded man could stoop to; it, however, it answered Mr. Brenton's purpose, and will not injure him in the estimation of those who know him—they did not look for anything better.

The debate satisfied all candid listeners that Mr. Lowry is by far the best man of the two—the best speaker, the clearest reasoner, the best posted on political matters, the fairest and most honorable debater, and the one who would reflect the most honor on his constituents when elevated to a seat in Congress.

In the evening Mr. Lowry made a brief and spirited address before the German club, which elicited the warmest and most enthusiastic applause.

WASHINGTON, Sept 23.

The Intelligencer drops its neutrality this morning, and supports Fillmore for the Presidency, on the basis of the action of the action of the Whig National Convention.

Vote the Ticket.—The importance of the approaching state election can hardly be overestimated. The effect of a good thumping majority for our candidates would be to encourage our friends in other states, and render our victory in November sure and easy. Let us then have a perfect organization, and resolve to vote the entire clean ticket for county and state officers. Efforts will be made to split and divide us, as the surest way of defeating and destroying the party. Let no democrat listen to such wiles, or consent to scratch a single name from the democratic ticket. Our ticket is a good one, and certainly would not be improved by the substitution of any fusion names for those of the democrats now upon it These are no times for divided counsels or divided strength Every democrat worthy the name must see the importance of presenting an undivided front, and casting our whole vote for every candidate upon our ticket. Let "our ticket, our whole ticket, and nothing but our ticket," be the watchword, and look upon an unscratched ticket as the surest test of democracy. That is the way to prove our faith by our works. Votes, not words, prove a man's democracy.

The Friends of Law and Order ought not to forget that Mr. Brenton voted against making any appropriation to sustain the army for the ensuing year, except with the provision that the troops should not to be used to suppress the outrages committed in Kansas by the hordes of desperadoes and ruffians, who have so long made that territory a scene of anarchy and bloodshed. The supremacy of the laws must not be maintained; lives and property must not be protected—because that would stop any further Kansas outrages, and so deprive the freedom shriekers of the political capital on which they base their whole hope of success. Murder and rapine may stalk unrebuked through the land—our whole country may be left unprotected against foes without and traitors within—the President deprived of the power of keeping a single regiment in the field—and all that these traitors may continue their outrages and transgressions to make capital and have an influence on the approaching election! Can any friend of law and order, of peace and good government, sustain such a monstrous course, or vote to reelect men so lost to all sense of patriotism and their duty as good citizens? No man who voted against the army appropriation ought ever again to be allowed to disgrace by his presence the Congress of the United States.

ALLEN COUNTY FAIR.—An attempt has been made to injure the Allen County Fair that comes off next week, by ignorant and malicious persons endeavoring to give it a political complexion.—A story has been freely circulated that the Fair was appointed by certain democrats in town on the day of the Black-Republican Tippecanoe Convention, so as to prevent a full attendance at the latter place.

How mean such men should feel when the following facts are made known:—First, that no democrat had anything to do with making the arrangements, directly or indirectly, the entire executive Committee and Secretary who fix all matters relating to the Fair residing in the county, and being opposed to the democrats in policy. Secondly, that the time at which the fair is to be held was fixed by the committee in March last, long before any Battle Ground Convention was thought of! Farther comments are needless.

Old Line Whig Convention—A convention of so-called Old Line Whigs has been held at Baltimore, and endorsed the nominations of Fillmore and Donelson. It was a Fillmore move throughout; the Fillmore men managed and controlled the proceedings, and the whole programme had been concocted, cut and dried, in the Know Nothing Councils previously. The convention was a mere sham—a public ratification by men calling themselves whigs of what had already been prepared in private by the Know Nothings.—Falsehood and deception appear to be inherent to the very nature of Know Nothingism.

☞ The State Sentinel, speaking of the laws which Robinson and others were indicted for disobeying and which President Pierce has said, and still says, shall be enforced, says that those laws have, thus far, stood a silent monument of the infamy of their authors. Brenton refused to vote the money of the people to enforce those laws. Lowry blamed him for it. Judge ye then, between these two.—*Journal*

☞ It was not for enforcing "those laws" alone that Brenton refused to vote the money; but for enforcing all laws, or any law in Kansas, or even for suppressing the outlaws and banditti who have ravaged that territory, destroying the lives and property of peaceful citizens. This is what Brenton voted against. The Senate passed a bill repealing all the obnoxious laws adopted by the Kansas Legislature; yet this bill was not allowed by the party with whom Brenton acts to pass the House, or even to be acted upon, notwithstanding the great hue and cry raised by those consistent friends of free Kansas against the enormity of those laws. They denounce "those laws," refuse to enforce any law in Kansas, making a pretext that these obnoxious laws would be enforced along with the others, and yet refuse to aid the democratic Senate in repealing the laws complained of. Lowry was right in exposing the duplicity of such conduct and blaming Brenton's course. We are perfectly willing the people shall "judge between these two," and we confidently expect their verdict next October will be against the defendant.

Grand Mass Meeting at Huntertown.

The democrats had a grand rally at Huntertown, in this county, on Thursday last, which was well attended. There were probably 1500 persons present, and all were animated with a spirit which augurs the happiest results. DeKalb Co. was nobly represented by a delegation of nearly 300, including 31 beautiful young ladies, tastefully dressed in white with blue scarfs, and bearing flags representing the 31 states.—They were escorted by 31 young gentlemen on horseback, also bearing flags. Cedar Creek township, in this county, was represented by a delegation of upwards of 200, bearing flags and banners, with numerous six horse and four horse teams, all showing that the democratic fire is burning brightly in that part of the county.

John L. Robinson addressed the assemblage in a powerful and masterly speech, utterly demolishing the flimsy foundations on which the fusionists rest their hope of success, and administering a few wholesome and scathing rebukes on their factious course. His remarks were sorely felt by a few unfortunate Fremonters on the ground, who sought to interrupt the speaker, but only made the matter worse, and received such replies as satisfied them that the less they had to do with Mr. R. the better it would be for themselves and their cause. Mr Robinson has the reputation of being one of the ablest speakers in the state, and his speech on this occasion fully justifies his high reputation.

D. H. Colerick also made a telling speech more particularly addressed to the old line whigs, and pointing out their duty, as lovers of the constitution and Union, to sustain the democratic party in this crisis It was a strong and well worded appeal to the judgment and patriotism of his hearers, and had a marked effect on several old-line whigs who were present. Mr. W. S. Smith was then loudly called for, and took the stand; but the hour being late, he confined himself to a few brief remarks, which he made in his happiest vein, and sat down amidst loud and prolonged applause.

Altogether, this was a glorious outpowering of the democracy, and will not be without its effect hereafter. The democrats were encouraged and inspirited, and many honest men who had been misled, heard truths discussed in such a manner, and received such lights on public matters as may lead them to reflection, and convince them that it will be their duty, as lovers of peace and order, and friends of good government, to vote with the democrats and attach themselves to that party.

Democratic Meeting in Jefferson Township.—Old Jefferson is wide awake, and intends rolling up a democratic majority this fall worthy of the distinguished father of democracy after whom she is named. A meeting was held on the 18th inst. at Whitney's School House, which was literally packed and crowded with zealous and enthusiastic democrats, eager to listen to the democratic truths and testify their zeal in the good cause of liberty, toleration and equal rights.—Speeches were made by B. D. Miner and others in English, and in German by Henry Baker and Mr. Haisch, editor of the German paper in this city, which were responded to with the most enthusiastic cheering. After the speeches were concluded, three hearty cheers were given for Buck & Breck, and the meeting adjourned.

A Singular Fact.—Mr Brenton denies being a Know Nothing, and yet it was noticed as a somewhat singular fact last Saturday, that the most rabid members of that order were the most vociferous in his applause. Straws show which way the wind blows, and this fact shows how the rev. gentleman is regarded by the dark lantern party. A man to be in such repute with them must at least coincide with them in sentiment; and if Mr. Brenton is not in close communion, he is evidently an outside member, an aider and abettor in their nefarious designs against the civil and religious rights and privileges of a portion of our citizens This is a fact naturalized citizens in this congressional district would do well to ponder upon.

Can't support him.—The Free Press, a German paper in Indianapolis, bought up to sustain Fremont, is laboring diligently to promote the cause of its purchasers; but the last number states distinctly that it can in no case support J. W. Dawson, the candidate for Secretary of State. For all the other candidates, it is willing to do all within its power, but Dawson is too bitter a pill, and he can't swallow him, or have the conscience to recommend any German citizen to vote for him. There appears to be some lingering relics of decency and self-respect in the editor of the Free Press—unless, it may be, he thinks the purchase money was not enough for the loathsome service required of him.

Gaud Tidings for the Ladies.—A. L. Hanna is filling up his shelves with a new and excellent stock of ladies' gaiters, shoes, &c. Alick is a devoted friend of the fair, and shows his devotion in deeds rather than in words, as is manifested by the care and liberality with which he has selected his present stock, which far exceeds in beauty and quality any thing before brought here.

The gentlemen, too, have not been neglected, but will find a fine assortment of masculine understandings of every size, style, and quality.—Also a choice assortment of hosiery, gloves, &c. Such a man deserve patronizing, and we advise all who need anything in his line to give him a call.

☞ The Democratic party abolished slavery in New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey.—the Constitutions of Iowa, Wisconsin, Illinois, Michigan Indiana, Ohio and California, which prohibit Savery, were all framed by the Democratic party.

To the Editor of the Fort Wayne Sentinel.

CAMDEN, JAY CO., IND, Sept. 22, 1856.

DEAR SIR:—I hereby transmit to you an account of the proceedings of the Republican and Democratic parties at their respective *Mass Meetings.*

The Republicans meet in mass on the 4th. The day was fine and there was a general rally, from the grey-haired men down to the infant child. Many, no doubt, came to see the "elephant"—and so they did. Their banners were full of slander against the democratic party; so much so that very many of their own party were ashamed of them. They had a mechanic's wagon drawn by oxen, with carpenters, wagon makers, harness makers, blacksmiths, tailors, &c, thereon at work, and around it was an inscription saying "We don't work for 10 cents a day, nor vote for 10 cent Jimmy." They also had a woolly horse. A few men dressed in fastastic style, to imitate border-ruffians. They had some boys blackened (and one, I believe, a natural black) to sell at sham auction. They lacked music, however, except the singing of a few campaign *Psalms*, agreeing in sentiment with what I have already described After marching awhile through town, in procession, they repaired to the ground to partake of a *free* dinner, (of course they must have a *Free* dinner to agree with *Fre*-mont), and after that to hear the speeches upon the powers of Congress and constitutional restrictions. I will there leave them until next November.

The morning of the 18th finally came around, which was to bring the democratic hosts together; but, oh, such a morning! The heavens were black: it stormed and rained until quite late, and then gradually cleared off Still, undaunted democracy kept on the march for our place, and by noon such a "rolling up and tumbling up" of democrats was never before seen in our little town of Camden. It really made the republicans look disappointed and sad, for they anticipated a poor affair, if not a total failure Our fine martial music, together with two brass bands, gave life and glee to the procession, and sent a thrill of pleasure to every heart. The procession presented a moving forest of young hickories, interspersed with buck horns, and fancy flags and banners. But not a word of slander against any party was on them, and the good and manly conduct throughout the whole affair seemed to say—We are just attending to our own business and demonstrated that the "Democratic-whiskey-slavery party" was not so ruffian, after all. We had as many wagons, and, it is thought, more voters than the republicans had at their meeting. We had no free dinner, however; of course, the democrats don't go for any thing that has the word *free* prefixed to it, but "whiskey."

After dinner, we repaired in procession to the ground. Animated speeches were delivered by Messrs. Mickle, Garver and Brown. Every thing went on quietly, and the democrats left for home well satisfied with the entertainment. So much for our cause.

Yours, truly, S.

HURRAH FOR BUCHANAN!!

Democratic Mass Meeting.

At FORT WAYNE, on the 7th October,

The Committee of Arrangements have selected the following gentlemen as Officers of the day, on the occasion of the Grand Mass Meeting of the Democracy of North Eastern Indiana.

President of the Day—Hon. William Rockhill.

Vice Presidents—J. B. Edwards of Whitley County, S. A. Alvord Noble, R. J. Dawson De Kalb, S. L. Rugg Adams, Dr T. Horton Wells, J. R. Slack Huntington, —— Henry Lagrange, G. W. McConnell Steuben, R. Lowry Elkhart, —— Graves Kosciusco, W. B. Barlow Wabash, James T. Miller Miami, Col Cullen Cass.

Secretaries—The Editors of all the Democratic papers in the Tenth Congressional District.

Grand Marshals—Gen. Samuel Edsall, Major Lewis Wolke, Capt. Benjamin Alliger.

Assistant Grand Marshals—J. D. Werden, Wm. A Jackson, F. Stinchcomb, A. McDonald, A. Wiley, A. Carrier, Samuel C. Freeman, Wm. H. McDonald, Wm. Fleming, F. Eim.

Marshals—E. Chittenden, W. T. Pratt, C. Eldridge, E. B. Edsall, S. B. Bond, Thomas Fleming, John Bostick, John Fraser, O. H. Ewing, Joseph Momer, Frank Laselle jr, Frank Furste, John Foninger, Benjamin Nettlehorst, C. Bloch, Frank Wolke, C. D. Bond, Dr. Meindermann, Gotlied Langheenrich, Christ Orff, E. Voss, Martin Niermann, Henry Baker, Henry Geiger, H. Kleinmuller, Cl. Reeker, H. G Wagner, Fr. Nirdlinger, Marx Graaf, Reinhard Mergel, F. Schuckmann, Henry Geblardt, A. Siemen.

The procession will be formed in five divisions.

The First Division, composed of the Dragoon Company, Artillery, and Wayne Township delegat on will form on Calhoun Street, with the front resting on Main Street, under the command of their respective Marshals.

The Second Division, composed of the delegations from Seipio, Springfield, Milan, Maumee, Jefferson, Jackson Madison, and Monroe, with the delegation from Ohio, under the command of their respective Marshals, will form on Clinton street, with their front resting on Main Street.

The Third Division, composed of the delegations from Wells and Adams Counties and the several delegations from Adams, Marion, Pleasant and Lafayette Townships, under the command of their respective Marshals, will form on Harrison Street, front resting on Main Street.

The Fourth Division, composed of the delegations from Huntington, Whitley, and Kosciusco Counties, as well as the delegations from Aboite, Lake, and Washington Townships, under the command of their respective Marshals, will form on Ewing Street, with their front resting on Main Street

The Fifth Division, composed of the delegations from Noble, Eikhart, Lagrange, and DeKalb Counties, as well as the delegations from Eel River, Perry, and Ceder Creek Townships, will form on Pearl Street, front resting on Ewing Street, under the command of their respective Marshals.

Movement to commence precisely at 10 o'clock A. M. First Division will advance to the left, up Main Street; Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Divisions will fall in the procession in the order as numbered above.

The procession will pass up Main Street to Broadway, thence up Broadway to Wayne Street, on Wayne Street to Clay, on Clay to Main, on Main to Barr, on Barr to Columbia, on Columbia to Calhoun, on Calhoun to Main, on Main to the Fair Ground, which will be thrown open to all, and advance to Speaker's stand.

By order of Com. of Arrangements.

B. D. MINER, *Chair'n.*

R. D. TURNER, *Sec'y.*

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 19.

Geary's Inaugural address was delivered at Lecompton, Kansas, on the 11th, and published here this morning It is brief, pointed, and deprecates the continuance of strife and disorder prevailing in the Territory, which the Governor says are the result of illegal and unjustifiable interference by citizens of other States. He promises to do justice without party considerations, and expects obedience to the laws of the Territorial Legislature until repealed. A Proclamation issued the same day, orders the volunteer militia discharged, and commands the armed bodies of men to be disarmed or quit the Territory

After a contest of two days, the State prisoners have been admitted to bail by judge Lecompte and are to-night with us. It is not beleived they will ever be tried.

Gov. Geary is in Leavenworth, and will be here *to morrow.* We are cheered by his arrival. He promises to drive every marauder from Kansas who is not an actual resident, and says he will call to his aid 1000 U. S. troops, and 50,000 volunteers from the North if necessary.

Arrival of the Indian.

QUEBEC, Sept 23.

The steamer Indian has arrived and brings Liverpool dates to the 10th inst.

The weather has been favorable for the crops, and prospects are fair

All qualities of flour has considerably declined, and there is but little speculative inquiry. The decline ranges from 1 to 2d per bbl. Wheat generally has declined 3 a 4s per quarter. Corn was very dull and declined 1s 6d.

Breadstuffs—Baltimore and Philadelphia flour 29 a 31s, Ohio 31 a 33s. Red wheat 6s a 8s 6d: new 9s a 9s 3d; white wheat, old 8s 9d a 9s 9d, new 10s a 10s 3d. Yellow and mixed corn 31s a 31s 6d: white corn 32 a 33s.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23

Three new cases of yellow fever at the Relief Hospital, Fort Hamilton, and one death.

The Herald's Havana correspondent furnishes some additional particxlars respecting the difficulty between England and Mexico.

The British steamer Tartar had sailed from Havana on a cruise to West India ports in order to collect a large number of other war vessels, when all would proceed to the Mexican Coast to enforce the payment of certain monies claimed to be due by the republic to subjects of the British crown.

It was reported that if the demands were not quickly satisfied a strict blockade of the chief ports of Mexico would be commenced at once, and that Mr Doyle, English Minister at Mexico had already demanded his passports.

ROCHESTER, Sept. 23.

The American State Convention assembled in this city to-day. The session was mostly occupied in the presentation of credentials.

Afternoon Session.—The Convention assembled at 2 P M and and was called to order by the President and Council by Sammons. Over 1,000 delegates were present.

Gen Scroggs, of Buffalo, moved that a Committee of one from each Congressional District be appointed to select permanent officers during the abscence of the committee.

The committee on permanent organization then reported for President J M Barker with thirty three Vice Presidents and eight Secretaries.

Mr. Barker, on taking the Chair, made a brief address, thanking the Convention for the honor done him and alluding to the gratifying increase in the Councils since the last State Convention and declaring his conviction that the State was safe for Fillmore and Donelson.

A delegate moved that the convention proceed to ballot for Governor, whereupon another moved that the nomination be made by acclamation The convention immediatly arose as one man shouted "Erastus Brooks," and for ten minutes a scene of the greatest and most rapturous enthusiasm prevailed.

A call was made for those that were opposed to the nomination to rise No, a man rose.

Gen Scroggs made a brief speech congratulating the convention on their unanimity, and moved that the Convention proceed to an informal ballot for Lieut Governor.

Lyman Odell of Lexington having received a majority, was declared unanimously nominated.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for Canal Commissioner, but the ballot resulted in no choice. Mr J W Thompson moved the adoption of a resolution extending the sympathy of the Convention to the North Americans acknowledging their endorsement of Fillmore and Donelson, and inviting them to join in support of the American ticket. Before action was taken of foregoing a motion to go into another ballot prevailed A letter of acceptance from Mr Brooks was here read and received with cheers.

ROCHESTER, Sept 23

The North American seceders met at the Court House, A W Walker, presiding.

C Edwards Lester read an address giving a history of the North American party, and of various intrigues connected with it, and recommended a course to fraternize with the Fillmore Americans for the overthrow of the Republicans.—Address adopted. Recess till afternoon.

The regular American Convention had not organized at noon, owing to the large number of delegates present and the time taken in submitting credentials.

"Scalping in Kansas."—The black republican press are publishing an account of "the scalping of a free State man in Kansas by a border-ruffian," and are making the story the pretext for a furious assault upon the democratic party. The *facts* of this scalping case are as follows: A desperado residing in the neighborhood of Fort Leavenworth had a personal quarrel with a Kentuckian, got drunk and shot the Kentuckian dead, and then cut a piece from his scalp, and boastfully exhibited it at Leavenworth A warrant was immediately issued for the scoundrels arrest, and it is thought he has been hung before this. The victim was a pro slavery man.

So much for the last "outrage upon freedom" in Kansas.

The Democratic Meeting at Dayton.—From all accounts that we have received the Enquirer reporter was moderate and within the mark in his estimate of the numbers at the great Democratic mass meeting at Dayton, on the 17th inst, which he put at fifty thousand. Many people put it at much higher figure. With the exception of the Tippecanoe Battleground, this is the most successful demonstration of the campaign, and it strikes terror into the woolly heads in Southern Ohio. In number it was more than twice as large as their vaunted meeting in the same place on the 30th of July. The disparity in our favor is an index of the majority that Buchanan will receive over Fremont in this section of the State, which will be counted by tens of thousands.

Our friends in Dayton are perfectly confident of electing Vallandigham over Lewis D. Campbell, by a large majority Lew's political career is drawing near its close.—*Cin. Enq.*

Rejoicing over Kansas Outrages—The money article of the New York Independent (Beecher's paper) grows jubilant over the news of bloodshed in Kansas in the following strain:

"We are GLAD to observe the spirit and business tact with which the presidential contest has been commenced and is proceeding in favor of the free candidate. *The daily advices from Kansas, we find produce a daily renewal of stimulus to exertion, and is making daily new converts.* The state of affairs in Kansas is rapidly revolutionizing men's minds. It has more effect than any number of dry abstract arguments; and is quickening into feeling great numbers who have been previously lukewarm or indifferent, and will lead them up the polls in November in victorious force The subject is in every heart and mouth, and is more discussed than the usual subjects of business."

These "Kansas outrages" are the very aliment, or, as the Independent has it, "the daily renewal of stimulus," of the republican movement. Without them it would die out in a fortnight. Hence Gen. Lane was sent to the Territory to renew the war and *continue it till election.*—*Argus and Atlas.*

Gov. Floyd and Mr. Fremont—The New York Herald, Evening Post, and Tribune have been the mediums in giving extensive circulation to a report that Gov. Floyd, of Virginia, had taken the liberty—on the presumption of his enemies that he represented the entire Democracy of the whole Union—to tender the Democratic Presidential nomination to Mr Fremont before he was nominated by the Black Republicans This report we conceived too absurd for contradiction; but, as Governor Floyd has thought fit to notice the fabrication in positive and emphatic terms, we cheerfully give place to his letter of denial. Here it is:

ARINGTON, Va, Sept. 6, 1856

I hasten to answer your kind note received this morning, and to say that there is scarcely a shadow of foundation for the statements contained in the slip you sent me. I never had an interview with Fremont, except at his own seeking or that of his special friends. I never made any offer to him of anything for myself or others. He never expressed any censure for the repeal of the Missouri Compromise in my hearing. All that is gammon from beginning to end I never saw him until I met him in New York; and, after a short acquaintance, considered him very light metal, (notwithstadding Mariposa,) and extremely ill-informed upon all political subjects, because I saw that the influences which governed him were abolition. These are the simple facts; and the only thing about it which worries me is to think that the interviews of gentlemen, in the confidence of privacy, should be made the subject of newspaper discussion, and misrepresented, too, for the purpose of giving something of effect to the purpose of giving something of effect to the fables they are filled with.

JOHN B. FLOYD

To Inspectors of Election, Telegraph Operators, and Newspaper editors and Publishers thro out the Union.—The public will look for the result of the Presidential Election on the 5th of November. To enable the Newspapers of the Union to declare the result on the following morning, it will be necessary for the Inspectors of Election throughout the United States to aid the telegraph operators and editors in every town and for the editors and reporters to aid each other.

This can be done by confining their labors on the night of the election to the Presidents vote alone. Let the Inspectors eeerywhere count the electoral vote first, and let the telegraphs transmit that vote only on the night of election.

This plan will enable the press to announce the result the morning after election, even if the contest be a close one. We hope this plan will be adopted. No other will succeed. It will simplify the labor, and make it easier—save time and satisfy the people.

Country and city editors will promote the object in view by publishing in their editorial columns this notice once or twice a week until the 4th of November.

The Election in Maine—An Immense Illegal Vote Polled.

The vote in Maine, at the late election, bears upon its face the most palpable evidence of fraud and corruption. In round numbers it will stand about thus:

Democrat	45,000
Straight Whig	5,000
Disunionist	70,000

The Total vote in Maine at the last Presidential election was but ninety thousand, although great excitement existed, and it was all drawn out; now, it is one hundred and twenty thousand an increase of twenty-five per cent in four years. This is a monstrous increase for a State which is nearly stationery in population. Again, as the total population is but five hundred and fifty thousand, the proportion of votes in Maine is one one to four and a half of that number, if the late election is a fair test. Does any one believe that such a proportion can honestly exist? One voter to six or seven of the population is the usual average in the free States. When it is one to four and a half, there certainly must be fraud sommewhere. The Democrats polled more votes for their Governor this year than they did for Pierce for President in 1852, when he had eight thousand majority, and yet he is beaten twenty-five thousand by the Black-Republicans. There are grave grounds for suspicion that the extraordinary vote for Hamlin of seventy thousand was, in part, obtained by importations from Canada and the neighboring States into Maine.—The Black Republicans attached great importance to the late election, because they knew if they were beaten Fremont would be virtually withdrawn from the Presidential canvass; hence they spared no efforts for success, and, we believe, resorted to great frauds to obtain it. Upon investigation we think the late vote in Maine would turn out to be as bogus as that of 1840 in this county, when the Democrats were beaten by the most gross and glaring frauds.—*Cin. Enq.*

☞ Hon Joseph L. White, formerly of this State, addressed a meeting of the opponents of Black Republicanism, at Morris, Otsego Co. N. Y., on the 12th inst. Mr. W avowed himself an old Line Whig, in the past and present—said he should prefer the election of Mr Fillmore if there was *any dream* of his election; but there was none; and conservative men, the opponents of sectionalism, everywhere, should this fall rally in favor of Buchanan as the only hope of defeating Fremont. He hoped the day would come when the Whigs might again organize as a national party, but in the present contest they must use the best and most available means at command to put down the enemies of the Union.

Mr White has promised to speak several times previous to the election, and will use all his efforts to convince his old party associates of the folly of throwing away their strength upon Fillmore.—*State Sent.*

Reeder and Lane on the Kansas Bill.

It is a remarkable fact that both Reeder and Lane, leaders of the Kansas rebellion, were among the most ernest supporters of the Kansas Bill, which, it is pretended, was the source of all the present trouble and dissension in the country. Lane voted for that bill, and Reeder warmly defended it on the stump and in his inaugural as Governor of Kansas, from which we take the following extract:

"Claiming, as we do, the same capacity for self-government as our fellow citizens of the States with a far greater, if not an exclusive interest in the institutions and laws which are to exist among us; compelled alone to bear their burdens, and entitled alone to claim their benefits; *wisdom, justice and fairness* would dictate that these laws and institutions, inside of the Constitution of the United States, should be moulded *by ourselves*, stimulated by the absorbing interest we must feel in them, rather than by the representatives or citizens of other States, who are no more competent to the task than we, who have no stake with us in their results, and who would most indignantly repel any offer of reciprocity from us in assisting to manage their affairs.

"The provision of our territorial organic act secures us this right, and is founded in the *true doctrines of Republicanism.* It may be exercised in various degrees and in various degrees and in various ways, and whenever it is called into action it cannot legitimately be attended with that excitement which is incident to the agitation of the slavery question in the directions of an attack upon constitutional rights. An agitation of that kind, such as we have seen industrously prosecuted in the past history of our country by the destructive spirit of Abolitionism, can never be productive of aught but evil, and is calculated, in an eminent degree, to obscure the glories of the past, to secure the foulest spirit of discord among the citizens of our common country, and also to mar our brilliant future, if not to endanger the existance of our cherished Union."

"The true doctrines of Republicanism!" And yet this political demagogue, after being foiled in his land speculations, now goes about the country stirring up the people to rebellion against these "true doctrines of Republicanism."

The Truth Will Come Out.

The National Kansas Committee has addressed a circular to the inhabitants of the Free States, calling upon them to "trust not alone in the Ides of November, but *send in aid now*, TODAY." This circular is published in the Tribune of the 16th inst., and bears date the day previous. In this incendiary appeal for men and arms the following passage occurs:

"The real Free State inhabitants in Kansas now number (number according to the best information) not less than 30,000 souls; while the real permanent Pro-Slavery settlers do not number 5,000. Between these there was not and could not be a question of preponderance in arms or in votes."

If it be a fact,—and the committee must have access to the best sources of information—that there are *six times* as many actual Free State settlers as there are Pro-Slavery settlers in Kansas, why were the Black Republicans in Congress unwilling to acquiesce in the Senate bill for the pacification of Kansas and the ordering of a new election? It appears from this statement that the assertion made in Congress, that the Free State men had been driven out, and could not return in season for the proposed election, was *false*, as the proportion of Free State to pro-slavery men is as *thirty thousand* to *five* thousand. There must be immense danger of Kansas becoming a Slave State! But, says the circular, "Missouri could at any moment throw in hundreds and thousands of marauders in the Territory and make it too like hell for peaceful and law-abiding Northern men to inhabit with their families." Allowing this to be true, it is well known that Colonel Sumner hod driven out all bands of maurading Missourians, and that comparative peace reigned Kansas until Lane, under the direction of this very committee, and paid by them, made his appearance on the borders of this territory and subsequently invaded it, and renewed the war.

The circular also admits that in the recent hostilities in Kansas, the Free State men were by concert and plan the attacking party, though it attempts to justify the course on the ground that they had proof a conspiracy against them, in an article published in the Mobile Tribune. This is the only excuse for the indiscriminate attacks upon the pro-slavery men. These admissions from such a source are important.—*Buffalo Courier.*

GRAND UNION CONVENTION.

OF NORTH EASTERN INDIANA.

GRAND MASS MEETING

OF THE FRIENDS OF THE

UNION and the CONSTITUTION

AT FORT WAYNE,

On Tuesday, Octob r 7th, 1856

J. C. BRECKINRIDGE,

GEN. CASS,

Gov HOWEL COBB, of Georgia,

J. B. Clay, J. VanBuren,

J. D. Bright—J. Pettit—Gov. Wright—F. J. Grund, who will speak in German and French—G. N. Fitch—A. P. Edgerton—R. Lowry—D. W. Voorhies—R. J. Ryan, the Indianapolis young Irish Orator—and other distinguished Democratic Statesmen have been invited, several of whom will positively attend!

Democrats of the surrounding Counties and Townships, meet with us on the occasion, and take counsel together. Bring your wives and daughters, your music and banners, your wagons and hickory poles! The young men and women are invited to attend on horseback, and form a

GRAND CAVALCADE!

The procession will be formed at 10 o'clock.

Arrangements will be made with the Railroad Companies to carry visitors to the Convention for HALF FARE.

Democratic Meetings and Speeches!

Meetings will be held at the following times and places, when addresses will be made on the political issues of the day:

Monday, 29th, 1 P M, Massillon, in Madison—7 P M same day, at East Liberty, in Monroe.
Tuesday, 30th, 1 P M, Huntsville.
Saturday, Oct. 4th, 7 P M, New Haven.
Thursday, 9th, 4 P M, Peter Parker's School House in St. Jo.
Friday, 10th, 7 P M, Pleasant Township.
Monday, 13th, 3 P M, Marion.

A PERFUMED BREATH—What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath when by using the "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS" as a dentifrice would not only render it sweet but leave the teeth white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Pour a single drop of "BALM" on your tooth-brush and wash the teeth night and morning. A fifty cents bottle will last a year.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION may easily be acquired by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers.*" It will remove tan, pimples and freckles from the skin, leaving it of a soft and roseable hue. Wet a towel, pour on two or three drops, and wash the face night and morning.

SHAVING MADE EASY.—Wet your shaving-brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers,*" rub the beard well, and it will make a beautiful soft lather, much facilitating the operation of shaving—Price only Fifty cents. Beware of counterfeits—None genuine unless signed by

W. P. FETRIDGE & CO.,
Franklin Square, N York.
6.m13

Great Cure of Piles.

HUNTSVILLE, N. C., Nov. 1, 1853

Dr. C M Jackson—Dear Sir—Allow me to express to you my sincere thanks for your discovery of a medicine which, to say the least of it, has effected a cure that all other medicines that I have taken have entirely failed to do. "Hoofland's German Bitters" *have cured me* of the *most stubborn and aggravated case of the* PILES *that perhaps ever fell to the lot of man* My case is not a stranger to this community, as I am well known in this and the surrounding counties, and can truly say that my recovery has astounded all my friends and relations, as I had tried every thing recommended, and nothing did me any good until I was prevailed upon to try the Bitters. You are at liberty to make any use of this communication, for the benefit of the afflicted, as you may think proper. Truly yours, WM J ATWOOD.

FEVER and AGUE cured without using Quinine, Arsenic, Mercury, Opium, or any of the poisonous drugs, or dangerous compounds, generally resorted to by sufferers from this long drawn, affecting and annoying of all diseases, by resorting to Carter's Spanish Mixture, which contains none of the above deleterious substances, but cures effectually and fully by acting specifically on the Liver and Skin. Purifying the Blood, and expelling the remains of old medicines with which the system has been clogged, opening the pores of the body, and allowing nature to assist itself in breaking up the disease, and recuperating its energies.

See the cure of Mr. John Longdon of Va; he had fixed and chronic Ague and Fever, chills twice a day for three years. Nothing permanently cured him until he tried Carter's Spanish Mixture; three bottles of which perfectly restored him to health, nor has he had a chill since. He is one out of a thousand who has experienced the life renewing effects of this valuable purifier of the blood.

The Poetry of Physic.

AYER'S PILLS glide, sugar-shod, over the palate, but their energy, although wrapped up, is *there*, and tells, with giant force on the very foundations of disease. There are thousands of sufferers who would not wear their distempers if they knew they could be cured for 25 cents.—Try Ayer's Pills, and you will know it.

Purify the blood and disease will be starved out.

Cleanse the system from impurities and you are cured already.

Take this best of all Purgatives, and Scrofula, Indigestion, Weakness, Headache, Backache, Sideache, Jaundice, Rheumatism, derangements of the Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels, all der

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed and delivered from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale by public auction, at the Court House door in Allen County, Indiana, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. of the 25th day of October, 1856; the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years of all the Fort Wayne and Piqua Plank Road in said County, together with all the Toll-Houses and Lands on which they stand, and adjoining thereto as the same has been located and constructed; together with all the corporate rights, privileges, franchises and appurtenances granted and secured to, and exercised by the said Fort Wayne and Piqua Plank Road Company in their corporate capacity; and on failure to realize therefrom a sum sufficient to satisfy said execution, I will at the same time and place, by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the fee simple of said above mentioned and described property.

Taken to satisfy said execution in favor of Samuel Hanna and Samuel L. Rugg.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.

Sept 26 h, 1856. ($2 40) 3w13

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale by public auction, at the court house door in Allen County, Indiana, between the hours of one and 4 o'clock P M of the 20th day of October, 1856, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, the Plank Road known as the Fort Wayne and Columbia Plank Road, including all that part of said road now made as that part of said road which may be hereafter made, together with the Toll-Houses, Toll Gates, and Lands attached thereto, revenues and income of said road, and all the privileges and appurtenances and property belonging to, forming a part of, or any wise connected with said road, and also the Toll-Houses, Toll-Gates and Lands attached thereto, income and revenues which may hereafter accrue; and on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs; I will at the same time and place, by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the fee simple of said above mentioned and described property. Said property is taken to satisfy said execution in favor of the State Bank of Indiana.

WM. FLEMING, Sheriff A. C.

R BRACKENRIDGE, Att'y.

Sept 26, 1856 [$2 70] 3w13

Notice.

BYRAM D. MINER is appointed my Agent to make contracts, during my absence, for the sale of any or all of the real and personal estate owned by me in Allen County, Indiana.

WILLIAM G EWING Jr.

Fort Wayne, September 17th, 1856 3w12

NOTICE

THE firm of SHOAFF & HANNA is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The firm owes nothing.—Those owing us will please call at the new firm, and settle with either party, who are authorized to receipt for the accounts they hold

S. H. SHOAFF.
H. C. HANNA.

Fort Wayne, August 28, 1856.

The business of the old firm will be hereafter conducted by H C. HANNA, who returns thanks for past favors and will be happy to see his old patrons and lots of new ones, to whom he will make his best and lowest bow. H C. H.

NITRATE of Silver *Pure* in pencels and cristals; Sulphate of Quinine; Sulphate, Muriate, and Acetate of Morphia; Strychnia, Veratria, Podophillin, Iodine, Iodide of Iron, Hydriodate of Potassa, Acetate of Iron, Phosphate of Iron, Citrate of Iron, and pure Iron Filings.

For sale by J U WINSLOW.
Aug. 30. *At Apothecaries Hall.*

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by *Public Auction*, at the Court House door in the city of Fort Wayne, in the county of Allen and State of Indiana, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M and 4 o'clock P. M. of the 27th day of September, A. D. 1856, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of the north west fourth of the south west fourth of section twenty, township twenty-nine, north of range fifteen east, Allen County, containing forty acres. And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of judgement, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and place by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale all the right, title, interest and estate of Wm. T. Wilson, of, in, and to the said real estate

Taken as the property of the said Wilson, at the suit of Samuel Clem

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff. A. C.

Aug. 27, 1856 ($2 75) 4w9

☞ The above sale is postponed until the 4 h day of October, A D 1856

WILLIAM FLEMING, Sh'ff A C.

Sept. 13th, 1856. [$3 90] 5w7

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Allen Co.

NOTICE is hereby given that a general Election is to be held at the usual places of holding elections in the several townships in the county of Allen and State of Indiana, on the *Second Tuesday being the 14th day of October, A. D 1856*, at which will be chosen the officers mentioned in the certificate to me directed and delivered from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, a copy of which is annexed

R McMULLEN, Sh'ff A. C.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 22nd, 1856.

(COPY.)

To the Sheriff of Allen County, Greeting:

I, I D G Nelson Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, in and for the county of Allen and State of Indiana do hereby certify that at a General Election to be held in said county and State, on the second Tuesday of October next, the following Officers are to be elected, to-wit:

One Governor of the State of Indiana,
" Lieutenant Governor of the same State,
" Secretary of State,
" Auditor of State,
" Treasurer of State,
" Attorney General,
" Clerk of Supreme Court,
" Reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court,
" Superintendent of Public Instruction,
" Representative in Congress for the tenth Congressional District,
" Prosecuting Attorney for the tenth Judicial Circuit,
" Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for the district of Allen and Adams Counties,
" District Attorney for the same district,
" Representative to the Legislature for the county of Allen,
" Treasurer for the county of Allen,
" Sheriff " "
" Coroner " "
" County Surveyor " "
" County Commissioner for the first district,
" Justice of the Peace for Monroe Township,
" " " Pleasant "

L. S. In testimony whereof I hereunto set my hand and affix the seal of the office, this 21 day of August, A D 1856.

I D G NELSON N. *Clerk*

STRAW GOODS—Silk Straw, Florence, and Trimmed Bonnets—neat and nice. Panama, Straw and Palm Leaf Hats. Gaiters Hats, all sorts and sizes. H R SCHWEGMAN.

NETTLEHORST & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware,

AND DEALERS IN

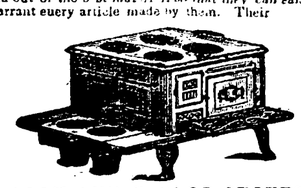
Stoves, Hollow Ware, &c.

Shop and Store Room one door north of H B. Reed's Drug Store, Clinton st., Fort Wayne.

C. & B. NETTLEHORST, late of the establishment of W. Oakley, having formed a partnership under the above style and in the above line of business, would most respectfully call the attention of the public to their new establishment with the business part of Fort Wayne, and assure all those (and we hope they are many) who want anything in their line, that they are on hand to serve them in any thing

From a Tin Roof down to a Tin Cup.

Their ware is all manufactured by their own hands and out of the best material, so that they can safely warrant every article made by them. Their



COOK AND PARLOR STOVES

Also of the latest improvement and newest style, are manufactured from the very best quality of metal.—They are from the celebrated foundries of Troy, N Y, a recommendation which in addition to a determination to sell them as low as can be possibly afforded will, they trust, ensure them a ready sale.

Repairing done on the shortest notice.

Aug. 23, 1856. y—8

NEW GOODS

Just receiving

AT GREY'S well known Cheap Store, No. 84 Columbia street, a well assorted stock of

Fall and Winter Goods.

In a week or two the whole assortment will be on hand, when fuller description will be given. In the mean time call and examine.

Sept. 20. C. A. GREY.

Dissolution.

THE Firm of Nettelhorst & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

W. B. BAXTER.
C. W. NETTELHORST,
B. W. NETTELHORST.

Fort Wayne, September 10, 1856 3w11

NEW GOODS

THIS day opened at the Boston Dry Goods Store, No 75 Columbia street, a large lot of

New Style De Laines, Prints, and other Dress Goods.

Sept. 12, 1856. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Wabash and Erie Canal Lands.

THE following Lots or Tracts of Wabash and Erie Canal Lands, having become forfeited to the Board of Trustees of the Wabash and Erie Canal, for the non-payment of interest and principal, will be offered for sale, unless previously redeemed, on the 6 h day of October, 1856 at the Land Office in Terre Haute, Indiana, according to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, approved December 26th, 1856, entitled: "An Act to amend an Act entitled an Act for the Relief of the Purchasers of Canal Lands," approved January 19th, 1846

No. of Certificate.	DESCRIPTION OF LAND.	Section.	Township.	Range.	Acres.

East of Tippecanoe.

ORIGINAL CERTIFICATES

59	w hf of nw qr	36	27n	1w	54-85
396	w hf of ne qr	22	27	5e	106-30
416	w hf of se qr	1	27	7	80
544	w hf of ne qr	32	30	11	80
545	e hf of ne qr	32	30	11	80
602	e hf of ne qr	14	27	1	80
622	w hf of ne qr	18	27	2	80
625	w hf of se qr	18	27	2	80
711	fractional w hf of ne qr	9	31	15	52-28
1014	e hf of sw qr	5	27	2	80
1170	n fr of nw qr	22	25	3w	4-51
1458	w hf of nw qr	17	31	15a	80
1468	s fr of sw qr	10	25	3w	37-70
1559	w hf of sw qr	28	31	14e	58-50
1560	e hf of ne qr	17	31	15	80
1641	w hf of sw qr	6	27	6	80
1694	w hf of nw qr	33	28	7	80
1716	w hf of se qr	15	31	15	84-62
1717	e hf of sw qr	5	31	15	80
1718	w hf of sw qr	5	31	15	80
1719	w hf of nw qr	8	31	15	84-62
2041	w hf of se qr	17	31	15	80
2-42	e hf of nw qr	15	31	15	80
2345	w hf of nw qr	15	31	15	80
2349	e hf of ne qr	15	30	14	80
2668	e hf of nw qr	5	27	1	80
8755	e hf of nw qr	25	31	14	80
2919	w hf of sw qr	12	30	14	80
2926	w hf of sw qr	15	27	1	80
3066	e hf of ne qr	17	27	1w	80
3067	w hf of ne qr	17	27	1	80
3068	e hf of nw qr	17	27	1	80
3069	w hf of nw qr	17	27	1	80
3070	e hf of se qr	17	27	1	80
3071	w hf of se qr	17	27	1	80
3126	w hf of se qr	12	30	14e	80
3190	s fr. of nw qr	15	25	5w	106-51
3200	e hf of sw qr	32	32	15e	80
8201	w hf of sw qr	32	32	15	80
3204	fractional nw qr	3	28	10	48
3205	fractional sw qr	34	29	10	72-90
3283	fractional section	31	27	2	74-18
3300	fractional nw qr	10	24	3w	82.70
3317	fractional sw qr	23	29	10e	49.51
3653	e hf of sw qr	25	27	6	80
3982	e hf of sw qr	1	26	6	80
4018	w hf of ne qr	25	28	8	80
4153	w hf of nw qr (lots 1&2)	24	28	8	80.62
4137	n fr of sw qr	19	27	7	60.52
4178	sw fr. of se qr	2	29	10	45.85
4552	sw fr. of se qr (lot 5)	14	26	5	62.58
4553	sw fr. of (or lot 6)	14	26	5	52.36

TRUSTEES' SALES.

20	e hf of se qr	35	27	5e	80

West of Tippecanoe.

ORIGINAL CERTIFICATES.

1100	e hf of sw qr	15	35	8w	80
1623	e hf of sw qr	35	33	1e	80
1670	e hf of sw qr	13	22	1	80
1750	e hf of se qr	5	22	2	80
1753	e hf of ne qr	17	21	2	80
1807	w hf of nw qr	20	23	2	80
2027	e hf of se qr	4	31	2	80
2099	sw qr of nw qr	1	21	1	43.89
2261	nw fr of se qr (lot 3)	14	31	7	36.24

TRUSTEES' CERTIFICATES.

203	e hf of sw qr	6	31	2e	80
204	w hf of nw qr	19	14	9w	55.21
261	e hf of ne qr	24	14	10	80
264	ne qr of ne qr	5	31	2e	50.29
265	w hf of nw qr	1	31	1	80
359	e hf of ne qr	18	31	2	80
420	o hf of nw qr	14	31	2	80
435	w hf of se qr	9	31	2	80
450	e hf of se qr	34	29	6w	80
451	w hf of se qr	34	29	6	80
469	nw qr of nw qr	19	23	2e	41.33
495	s hf of se qr	6	29	7w	80
496	e hf of se qr	15	31	2e	80
545	sw qr of se qr	5	23	6w	40
685	w hf of sw qr	7	28	3	80
720	ne qr	10	31	2e	160
754	se qr of se qr	7	34	8w	40
767	sw qr of ne qr	5	29	6	40
816	sw qr of nw qr of se qr of ne qr of se qr	3 4	27	2	83
883	se fr of se qr	19	21	2e	32.30
1098	nw qr of sw qr	6	29	7w	159.10
	e hf of ne qr	20			
	ne qr of nw qr	29			
1200	ne qr of nw qr	12	34	8	40
1209	w hf of sw qr	30	33	8	63.47
1293	ne qr of ne qr	14	34	7	40
1325	se qr of nw qr	21	34	8	40
1328	e hf of sw qr	31	29	6	80
1365	s hf of nw qr	2	29	6	80
1366	w hf of sw qr	3	29	6	80
1404	w hf of se qr	31	29	6	80
1431	sw qr of ne qr	34	33	9	40
1456	s hf of se qr	11	33	8	80
1525	ne qr of se qr	8	35	8	40
1591	ne qr of ne qr	4	33	9	39.22
1618	ne qr of ne qr	17	26	4	332.85
	n hf of nw qr	1	25	5	
	nw qr n hf of ne qr	2	25	5	
1619	se qr, sw qr, w hf of sw qr, se qr of nw qr	7	25	4	773
	ne qr of nw qr	18	25	4	
	w hf of	18	25	5	
1620	ne qr of se qr	15	25	4	40
1650	se qr of nw qr	23	33	9	40
1735	all	17	26	5	320
1736	all of	15	25	5	640
1787	nw qr of ne qr	12	34	8	40
1788	sw qr of ne qr	12	34	8	40
1819	ne qr of nw qr	13	34	8	40
1904	nw qr of ne qr	4	31	9	39-93
1954	sw qr of sw qr	15	34	7	40
1956	ne qr of nw qr, se qr of sw qr	13	34	7	80
1957	e hf of sw qr	14	34	7	80
1958	nw qr of sw qr	24	34	7	40
1959	sw qr of sw qr	19	33	9	35-14
1993	w hf of ne q	15	35	8	80
1995	sw qr of nw qr	14	34	8	40
1996	nw qr of ne qr	21	34	8	40
1997	sw qr of nw qr	1	35	8	40
2000	n hf of se qr	4	33	9	80
2001	se qr of nw qr	11	34	7	40
2002	ne qr of sw qr	9	35	8	40
2052	n hf of nw qr	14	34	7	80
2053	sw qr of ne qr	30	34	8	40
2064	sw fr l qr, sw qr of se qr	25	33	4	197-70
2054	e hf of se qr	26	33	4	79-80
2065	fractional ne qr	26	33	4	122-50
2071	se qr of se qr	26	33	9	40
2081	s hf of sw qr	5	24	5	80
2082	w hf of sw qr, ne qr sw qr	6	24	5	86
2083	w hf of ne qr, w hf of nw qr, se qr of nw	8	24	5	200
2084	fractional nw qr	19	25	4	150-59
2085	nw qr of nw qr	5	25	9	27-74
2086	n hf of ne qr	6	25	9	52-32
2087	n hf of se qr, sw qr of se qr, ne of sw	19	26	4	160
2089	se qr	7	26	5	160
2090	se qr of sw qr	8	27	4	40
2091	sw qr of sw qr	10	27	4	40
2093	w hf of nw qr	32	26	9	80
2106	nw qr of ne qr	14	34	7	40
2109	se qr of nw qr	20	27	5	40
2110	sw qr of nw qr	20	27	5	40
2111	ne qr of sw qr	20	27	5	40
2112	nw qr of sw qr	20	27	5	40
2113	sw qr of sw qr	20	27	5	40
2114	ne qr of ne qr	29	27	5	40
2115	sw qr of ne qr	29	27	5	40
2116	nw qr of se qr	29	27	5	40
2117	sw qr of se q.	29	27	5	40
2118	se qr of sw qr	29	27	5	40
2163	nw qr of sw qr	4	33	9	40
2187	sw qr of ne qr	4	33	9	40
2189	e hf of ne qr	12	33	9	80
2190	w hf of ne qr	12	33	9	80
2191	ne qr of se qr	12	33	9	40
2192	w hf of se qr	12	33	9	80
2193	w hf of nw qr	24	33	9	80
2199	ne qr of sw qr	24	35	8	40
2206	nw qr of nw qr	3	33	8	39-04
2207	sw qr of sw qr	3	33	8	40
2208	n hf of ne qr	4	33	8	78-08
2209	w hf of nw qr	10	33	8	80
2210	sw qr of sw qr	11	33	8	40
2245	nw qr	8	27	6	160
2246	w hf of ne qr, se qr of se qr, se qr of sw qr	10	27	6	160
2247	w hf of ne qr	20	28	8	80
2248	se qr of se qr, w hf of se q., se qr of nw qr	21	28	8	160
2249	e hf of sw qr	21	28	8	80
2289	n hf of nw qr	4	29	6	58-89
2296	se qr of se qr	12	25	4	40
2297	sw qr of nw qr	24	25	4	40
2298	se qr of ne qr	35	26	6	40
2456	se qr	3	30	5	160
2457	ne qr	5	25	5	143-89
2458	ne qr of se qr	33	27	5	40
2469	ne qr of se qr	14	31	2e	80
2470	w hf of sw qr	15	31	2	80
2471	w hf of sw qr	16	31	2	80
2472	w hf ne qr, w hf nw qr	13	31	1	160
2473	w hf of sw qr	12	31	1	80
2474	e hf ne qr, nw qr ne qr	14	31	1	120
2475	n hf ne qr, nw qr sw qr	9	31	1	132-92
2476	ne qr of sw qr	5	31	1w	37-60
2477	sw qr se qr, se qr sw qr	17	31	1	80
2478	se qr ne qr, e hf sw qr	20	31	1	120
2479	s hf of sw qr	21	31	1	80
2480	sw qr of nw qr	31	31	1	47-46
2481	n hf of sw qr	18	31	1e	77-86
2482	sw qr ne qr, sw qr nw qr	2	32	2	80
2505	e hf ne qr, se qr nw qr	25	31	3	157-62
2506	e hf of ne qr	25	29	4w	80
2507	sw qr of sw qr	20	30	1	40
2508	sw qr of ne qr	26	30	1	40
2509	sw qr of sw qr	34	30	1	40
2510	ne qr of ne qr	3	30	2	40
2511	se qr of se qr	3	30	2	40
2528	se qr ne qr, w hf ne qr	13	33	9	120
2529	ne qr nw qr, w hf nw qr	13	33	9	120
2530	se qr sw qr, sw qr sw qr	13	33	9	80
2531	se qr of sw qr	13	33	9	40
2532	se qr of nw qr	17	33	9	40
2533	e hf of ne qr	15	35	8	40
2535	sw qr of se qr	30	35	8	40
2536	e hf of sw qr	30	35	8	80
2538	e hf of ne qr	29	34	7	80
2556	w hf nw qr, w hf se qr, sw qr	11	32	1e	220
2557	nw qr of nw qr	4	31	2	50-19
2559	sw qr of se qr	34	32	1	47-33
2560	ne qr	19	32	2	160
2561	e hf sw qr, e hf sw qr	19	32	2	160
2562	ne qr of se qr	21	32	2	58-45
2563	se qr, nw qr of sw qr	29	32	2	200
2564	e hf of sw qr	30	32	2	80
2565	e hf of ne qr	32	33	1	80
2567	ne qr of nw qr	24	33	1	35-65
2568	se qr of se qr	26	33	1	40
2569	se qr	35	33	1	160
2570	e hf of nw qr	36	33	1	80
2571	se qr sw qr, w hf sw qr	36	33	1	120
2585	ne qr of ne qr	1	35	1w	35-36
2929	sw qr of nw qr	12	33	9	40

By order of the Board of Trustees of the Wabash and Erie Canal.

4 x 10 J. H. HAGER, *Clerk.*

PURE LEMON JUICE—Identical with the expressed juice of Fresh Lemons. For sale at *Apothecaries Hall.*

BOSTICK & BOLMAN

HAVE just received at their new store, No. 98 Columbia street (directly opposite their old stand) a large and excellent stock of

Fall and Winter Clothing,

and under of every variety of Coats, Pants, Vests, cloting, finer and better than was ever brought to this market. They have also a general assortment of

Piece Goods

Which they will make to measure on the most reasonable terms, and warrant to fit every time.

They have also a large stock of

Calicoes, De Laines and Muslins

and Dress Goods of every description that they will sell very soon at wholesale or retail.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 13.

St. Augustine's Female Academy,

FORT WAYNE, IND

THIS excellent Institution has commenced its Fall Term Parents and Guardians who desire to give their children and wards the advantages of a thorough system of education, will do well to send them as soon as possible. All the branches of an English education are taught, together with the French language, and Music on the Piano and Guitar Several young lady boarders can be accommodated on moderate terms. 3w11

5,000 Gallons STONEWARE, wholesale and retail at manufacturer's prices.

H R. SCHWEGMAN.

SHOVELS—Ames & Lippencott's Canal and Grain Shovels. R. W TAYLOR,

New Fall Goods

At Old No 3.

J. & C. ORFF are now receiving a new and general assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods

of the latest styles and best quality.

As they will be sold very low, buyers will find it to their interest to call and make their purchases at the far-famed cheap No. 3,

Sept. 6

I HAVE on hand a good assortment of BROCHA SHAWLS single and double, of beautiful patters, which will be sold at reduced prices, at No. 87 Columbia street. H. R SCHWEGMAN.

NEW DRUG STORE,

Apothecarie's Hall, 61 Columbia st., F. Wayne.

Dr. J. U. WINSLOW, Proprietor.

THE subscriber is now opening a LARGE and carefully selected stock of

English, French & German Chemicals, Drugs, Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,

Paint and Varnish Brushes, Glass, Glassware, Patent and Proprietary Medicines, Fancy Articles, &c.

ALSO

WINES, BRANDIES, and other LIQUORS,

which were imported expressly for medical purposes, and warranted pure; together with a lot of choice

Family Groceries, &c.

The above Goods were selected personally by the subscriber, and purchased for cash; he, therefore, feels assured that, in *every* respect, they will give complete satisfaction.

Practitioners in the country are especially invited to call and examine the quality and prices before purchasing.

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

☞ Professional advise given and prescription made without charge.

Aug. 2, 1856. J. U. WINSLOW, M. D.

ENGLISH BREAKFAST and fine Oolong Teas, for sale at 61 Columbia street.

J U WINSLOW.

DENTAL DEPOT.

61 Columbia St, Fort Wayne, Ind.

The subscriber has just received a large stock of ARTIFICIAL TEETH from the celebrated manufacturers Olum and Armstrong, Phil., consisting of Gim berth, single and entire sets; Plain and Pivot Teeth; Gold and Tin-Foil of superior quality. Also, shall be receiving Dental Instruments, Crucibles, &c. J. U WINSLOW,

Aug 16 h. 61 Columbia street.

HECKER'S FARINA Pearl Tapioca, Pearl Sago, Pearl Barley, Bermuda Arrow-root—fresh and of the best quality, at 61 Columbia street

J. U. WINSLOW.

MACABOY SNUFF—a fine quality of Lillard's rose scented, at

J. U WINSLOW.

CHLORIDE of Lime and Chloride of Soda, at *Apothecaries Hall*, 61 Columbia st.

HONEY SOAP—A large lot of this popular soap, also an endless variety of Toilet Soaps, at *Apothecaries Hall.*

COFFEE—Old Gov Java, 6lbs for a dollar, at

J U WINSLOW'S

MARSH-MALLOW PASTE—Jujube Paste—Lemon, Rose, Banana, Pine-Apple, Liquorice Hourhound, Wild-Cherry and Iceland Moss Gum Drops for sale at *Apothecaries Hall.*

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale on liberal terms of payment: LOTS 11 and 12 in block 24, Ewing's Addition, (my late residence), price $3,000.

A lot in the middle 20 feet (adjoining Mr. F. Nirdlinger's) of lot 540, Hanna's addition. Price $1,000.

82 Acres of Land, 14 mile from town, adjoining James Embey's farm on the south, and Simon Elzall's farm on the west; 40 acres are well cleared and fenced Price $4 000.

80 Acres of Land near the Piqua Road, 24 miles from Fort Wayne. 8 acres cleared, the balance well timbered. Price $2 000.

The above property is rapidly rising in value, and presents a rare opportunity for investment to persons desiring property in and near Fort Wayne.

I also offer for sale, in lots to suit buyers, Lots and Out Lots in New Haven, and over 7,000 acres of valuable timbered and farming lands, on and near the Lake Erie, Wabash & St. Louis, and Tiffin & Fort Wayne Railroads, in the eastern part of Allen County.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

Fort Wayne, March 28, 1856. tf—39

WHITE FISH, Pickerel, Lake Salmon, Herring &c., in half bbls—a prime article just received July 14th. M. DRAKE.

JOSEPH W. ROBB. JUDSON MCCOMB.

J. W. ROBB & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,

39 Columbia street,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of Merchants, Druggists, Grocers, Hotel Keepers, &c., to our large and general assortment of

GROCERIES.

Also, a full stock of

Liquors, Wines, & Segars.

All of which we are prepared to sell at New York Jobbing Prices, with the addition of the Transportation.

N. B. All kinds of Produce and Merchandise sold on Commission.

☞ Consignements solicited and prompt returns guaranteed.

y50 J. W. ROBB & Co.

On hand and arriving for J. W. ROBB & Co.,

25 Hhds. N. O. Sugar,		20 bags Pepper,	
15 do P R	do	10 do Pimento,	
10 Tierces, Cuba	do	25 boxes Gro. Pepper,	
100 bbls. Crushed	do	25 do do Pimento,	
30 do Pow'd	do	100 do No 1 Herring,	
25 do Granulated	do	100 do Scaled	do
50 do Coffee crush	do	50 do Layer Raisins,	
50 do Grocer's Syrup,		50 do M R	do
30 do Golden	do	30 hf do	do
20 do Portland	do	25 qr do	do
20 do P R Molasses,		100 matts Cassia,	
30 do N O.	do	50 bales Cott Wick,	
300 bags Rio Coffee,		50 do do twine,	
100 do Laguira	do	100 bbls Tar,	
50 pot Kaid O G Java	do	25 do Tanners' Oil,	
70 hf chests Y H Tea,		50 boxes Mustard,	
25 do Imperial	do	25 do Cream Tartar,	
20 do G P	do	50 do No. 1 Soap,	
25 do Black	do	30 do Toilet	do
100 catties Imp & Bld.	do	10 do Castile	do
200 boxes Tobacco lbs. 10s & 5s,		100 do T D Pipes,	
		100 do K N	do
50 kegs Ky. 6 twist		Alum, Madder, Copperas,	
200 boxes Star Candles,		Chrome Green, Chrome	
100 do Pearl Starch,		Yellow, Extract Logwood,	
50 do Pepper Sauce,		Citrons, Figs, British	
20 do Tomato Catsup,		Lustre, Nutmegs, Cloves,	
50 do No. 1 Chocolate,		&c., &c.	

Also, a fine stock of

Foreign and Domestic Liquors and Cigars.

J. W. ROBB & Co.

Wholesale & Retail Liquor Store.

W. P. ANTHONY,

No. 63 Columbia street, Fort Wayne, Ind.,

DEALER IN

Choice Family Groceries,

CONFECTIONERY,

Finest Imported Brandies,

And Foreign and Domestic

WINES AND CHAMPAGNE.

☞ Highest Cash Price paid for HIDES, FURS and PELTRIES y47

Wayne Engine & Car Works

FORT WAYNE.

THE Subscribers, Proprietors of the above Works manufacture

STATIONARY ENGINES,

Railroad Cars, Machinery,

Agricultural Implements & Castings,

of every description.

They call special attention to their *Stationary Engines*. Having adopted the latest and best improvements, and using the best material and the greatest care in their manufacture, their Engines are regarded as the most superior in use. They furnish to order

Engines of any required power and size,

for *Flour and Saw Mills, or Machine Shops*

Their Works situate adjoining the Railroad Depots, with immediate connection with the Canal enable them to deliver work with facility and dispatch.

March 8 h, 1856. JONES, BASS, & Co.

Oak Grove Retreat.

THE subscriber has taken the beautiful Grove and premises on the Van Wert road, west of the Lutheran Seminary, half a mile east of Fort Wayne, and fitted it up as

Pleasure Grounds,

for the accommodation of the public.

Lem n Beer, Ginger Beer, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

PIC-NIC PARTIES

Will be accommodated with ICE CREAM, and such other refreshments as they may require, and can, if they chose, bring their own provisions, or have them furnished on reasonable terms

JOHN BROOKES.

June 21. 3m51

The Cheap Boot & Shoe Store

No. 2 Phœnix Block, Calhoun Street,

(KNOWN AS JACOBS' SHOE STORE.)

THE subscribers having bought out the stock of Mr. Jacobs, and received in addition a large new supply, offer for sale a general assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES

At very low Prices.

The Stock includes all the newest and most seasonable styles, from the best eastern manufactories.

Additional supplies will be constantly received, so as to keep the assortment complete.

Being practical workmen themselves, they give particular attention to

Home Made & Custom Work

and can warrant their articles to be well and faithfully made, and of the best materials.

Calf and Kip Boots, Stogies, Brogans, and Ladies wear of all kinds,

kept on hand or made to measure.

VORDERMARK & Co.

May 30, 1856 y—48

CARIER & WEHMER,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.,

ARE now opening at the corner of Calhoun and Canal streets, two doors north of H. B. Reed's, on the Canal, and will keep constantly on hand a large stock and each variety of articles in their line and of the best quality, both foreign and domestic, to which they would call the particular attention of both the city and country trade.

CHEAP PRICES!

Please give us a call.

y25 CARIER & WEHMER.

Who Wants a Home,

and Ten Years to pay for it?

I WILL sell all that part of the well known Kercheval Reserve, laying in St Joseph Township, containing 413 acres, in lots to suit purchasers. The land is of the best quality, and well timbered with Poplar, Walnut, Oak, Ash &c. I have a Saw Mill on the adjoining premises, so that all the logs can be put into cash. The wood will pay well to haul to Fort Wayne.

TERMS—Those that will go on to improve their land will have two years credit on their payments by paying the interest annually in advance. The principal will then be required in eight equal payments at three, four; five, six, seven, eight, nine, and ten years from time of purchase.

Purchasers can, if they wish, root portions of my improved farm adjoining, until they get their land cleared.

For particulars inquire of the subscriber, living at the Steam Saw Mill adj

Continued from the First Page.

It is true that Fremont is the candidate in only sixteen States of the Union, while Mr Buchanan is the candidate of the candidate of thirty one States.

It is true that John C. Fremont is the most sellfish and grasping and monopolist in the United States.

It is true that he is charged with speculating with government funds and credit, and appropriating government property to his own use, and and that the charge is not and cannot be refuted.

It is true that as a military officer he was arrested and tried on charges of mutiny and disobedience of orders, and found guilty and dismissed from the service.

It is true that during his brief term of twenty one days in the Senate, he introduced a bill that would have done a vast injury to the laboring classes he *mis*represented, that he tried to be re-elected and signally failed.

It is true that after forty years of distinguished public service no true charge whatever can be brought against the Hon James Buchanan

It is true that while a member of the Senate for a few days, John C. Fremont waylaid and beat at the door of the Senate chamber, a Senator twenty years older and much smaller than himself, and that too "for words spoken in debate."

It is true that James Buchanan never ran for any office yet without being elected.

It is true that he is now gaining strength every day, and Fremont losing.

It is true *in our opinion*, that a white man is as good as a negro—*Pitt. Post.*

☞ The reported murder of A. G Patrick formerly of this State and editor of the Putnam County Banner, by the "Border Ruffians" in Kansas, turns out to be like a good many other "Kansas outrages," a cruel and unmitigated *hoax*.

The Black Republicans, of Indiana, have had their "howl" over the death of Mr. Patrick, and can of course, have no further motive for concealing the fact that he is yet alive and "kicking." The New Albany Ledger well says:—The truth is, two thirds of the "Kansas outrages" that "we read about" in Black Republican newspapers are cruel hoaxes, got up to inflame the passions and excite the people. A party compelled to resort to such a traffic in blood and horrors deserves the execration of every honest man and true patriot. Alas! that the day should ever come when a Presidential contest must be fought with such weapons as are now being used by the Black Republicans.

What have the "Freedom Shriekers" done for "Free Kansas!"—The Black Republican House of Representatives, by a party vote, passed a law relative to Kansas which contained the provisions:

1. It forbids any free negro from settling in Kansas.

2. It extends the Fugitive-slave Law over Kansas.

3. It legalizes slavery in Kansas until 1858, and makes all children born in the meantime, of slave mothers, slaves for life.

These provisions are contained in the Topeka Constitutions and Dunn's Kansas Bill, and they afford a first-rate answer to the "freedom shriekers" when they talk of the Democracy in connection with slavery.—*Cin. Enq.*

Clergical Suggestion.—One of our friends was coming from New York, in the cars, the other night, and was amused at an interview between two persons, who seemed not to have met for some time before "Well," said one, after the first salutations, "what are you up to now?"—"Oh, I don't know," replied the other; "I shall take to religion." "Religion?" cried his friend, "what do you mean?" "Why," said the other, "I think its a going to be a good business; the ministess are all leaving it, and I tell you what I believe there's to be an opening there!"—*Boston Courier.*

Restoration of Wood Carvings.—Mr. Grace has communicated to the Institute of British Architects a paper on the restoration and preservation of wood carvings. It appears that Mr. G. was consulted as to the restoring of the carvings of Mercer's Hall, an edifice rebuilt after the great fire in 1666. The wood was so much worm-eaten, that one of the panels broke into twenty two pieces when taken down. Mr. Grace, however placed all the carvings in a solution composed of linseed oil, litharage camphor, red lead, and beeswax, for twenty-four hours. It soaked through the wood to a depth of nearly nine inches, and as the dust became saturated with the oil it increased in bulk, and rendered the carving perfeccly solid. Each pannel consumed a little more than a gallon of the solution, and Mr. Grace states that, such is the progress of the hardening, in five years the carvings will be as hard as any wood.

Sealing Wax for Fruit Cans.—A very good sealing wax is made by melting and stirring well together one ounce of Venice turpentine, four ounces of common rosin, and six ounces of gum shellac. A beautiful red color may be given by adding one quarter of an ounce or less of vermilion.

☞ The Water Cure Journal recommends the following practice as sure to cure the worst case of hiccups in less than two minutes: "Hold up high above your head two fingers of your hand, lean back in your seat, open your mouth and throat so as to give a free passage to your lungs, breathe very long and softly, and look very steadily at your fingers."

We Will Marry.—A couple of young ladys have recently burried their father, who was an old humorist, and had such an aversion to matrimony that he would not allow them to marry however advantageous the offer. Conversing on his character, the eldest observed: "He is dead at last, and now we will marry." "Well, I am for a rich husband, and Mr. C. shall be the man," said the youngest. "Hold, sister," said the other—"don't let us be too hasty in the choice of our husbands; let us marry those whom the powers above have destined for us: for our marriages are registered in heaven's book." "I am sorry for that," replied the youngest, "for I am afraid father will tear out the leaf."

☞ A fellow was wending his way a short time ago, through some narrow passage, when he met a pretty, modest girl. "Pray, my dear," said he, "what do you call this passage?" "Balaam's passage," replied the girl. "Ah! then," continued the puppy, "I am like Balaam—stopped by an angel." "And I," rejoined the girl, as she pushed past him, "am like the angel—stopped by an ass."

One Sided Fun.—A California paper tells the following of Lieut. Derby, "John Phœnix," the humorist:

One evening, at the Theatre, Phœnix observed a man sitting three seats in front of him, whom he thought he knew, and he requested the person sitting next to him "to punch the other individual with his cane." The polite stranger did so, and the disturbed person turning his head a little, he discovered his mistake—that he was not the person he took him for. Fixing his attention steadfastly on the play, and effecting unconciousness of the whole affair, he left the man with the cane to settle with the other for the disturbance, who being wholly without an excuse, there was a ludicrous and embarassing scene—during all which Phœnix was profoundly interested in the play. At last the man with the cane asked, rather indignantly.

"Didn't you tell me to punch that man with the stick?"

"Yes."

"What did you want?"

"I wanted to see whether you would punch him or not."

☞ We have observed many tumbles through life, but have invariably noticed that it is the man who mounts the high horse who receives the least pity when he falls.

Through to Lafayette!

TOLEDO & ILLINOIS

AND

LAKE ERIE, WABASH & ST. LOUIS R. R.

TWO TRAINS DAILY!

THE MAIL EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Toledo daily, at 11 30 A. M; Fort Wayne at 4 00 PM; arrives at Lafayette at 9.30 P. M. Leaves Lafayette at 4 30 A M; Fort Wayne at 9 20 A M; arrives at Toledo at 2 00 P M.

Accommodation Train

Leaves Toledo at 11 30 P M; Fort Wayne, 7 15 A M; arrives at Lafayette at 5 50 P M.
Leaves Lafayette at 2 0 P M; Fort Wayne, 11 30 arrives at Toledo at 7.30 A M.

Trains connect at Toledo with trains of the Cleveland & Toledo Railroad, for CLEVELAND, DUNKIRK, BUFFALO, ALBANY, NEW YORK and BOSTON.

C. & S. R. R.

LEAVE TOLEDO:

Southern Division,		*Northern Division,*	
Express	9 50 A M	Mail	2 20 A.M.
Mail	4 00 P M	Express	4 50 P.M.
Freight	5 15 P M.	Freight	3 30 P.M.

The Michigan Southern Railroad Company splendid Steamers *Empire State, Northern Indiana, and Southern Michigan* form a daily line between Toledo and Buffalo, leaving Toledo every morning at 8 o'clock, arriving in Buffalo in season for the Express Trains for New York the next morning. There is also a daily line of Steamboats from

TODEDO TO DETROIT.

Passengers leaving Toledo, via Cleveland and Toledo Railroad at 4 50 P. M, arrive in Buffalo in season for the 5.30 A. M. Express Train on N. York Central Railroad, arriving in Albany at 4 P. M. in New York by Hudson River Railroad at 9 20 P. M., and in Boston by Western Railroad at 1 A M. Or leaving Toledo at same time, arrive in Dunkirk in time for the 5 30 A. M Express Train on N. York & Erie Railroad, arriving in New York at 10.50 P M.

GEO. H. BURROWS, Sup't.

July 5th, 1856. y5

JUST received by express, a splendid assortment of fine all wool LONG SHAWLS, to be sold lower than ever, at No 87 Columbia street, by H. R. S.

I HAVE on hand 300 pounds of good life Geese FEATHERS, and a first rate article of Bed Pickings to fill them in, for sale at No. 87 Columbia street. H. R S.

DRIED FRUIT.

150 Bushels Dried Apples,
50 " " Peaches.
For sale at H R SCHWEGMAN'S.

BLACKSMITH, Joiners, Coopers, and Wagon Makers TOOLS, for sale by R. W. TAYLOR.

CHAINS.—Cable, Log, Binding, Trace and Halther Chains, at R. W. TAYLOR.

SWEDES IRON—A large stock of nearly all sizes can be found at R. W. TAYLOR.

ANVILS, Sledges, Bellows, Vices Stock and Dies, and a general assortment of Blacksmith's Tools, R. W TAYLOR.

AXES—Simmons' and Lippencott's, Ohio and Mishawake Pattern, at R. W. TAYLOR.

BROAD AXES of various brands can be had at R. W. TAYLOR.

PLANES—Smoothing, Jack, Joinders, Fore and Match Planes, just received by R. W. TAYLOR.

ADZES—Hunt & Simmon's celebrated Adzes, at R. W. TAYLOR

LANTERNS—the best assortment in town can be had at R W. TAYLOR.

SHOT—50 bags assorted numbers, for sale low by R W. TAYLOR.

LEAD PIPE—from ¼ to 2¼ inches, for sale low by R W. TAYLOR.

WINDOW GLASS—several hundred boxes of all sizes and best brands, for sale at a small advance on manufacturer's prices. R. W. TAYLOR.

SASH—Pine an Poplar, a very large stock for sale at manufacturer's prices. R W. TAYLOR

SAWS—Hees, Patent, Ground, Mill and Circular Saws, together with Rowland's and other brands R W. TAYLOR.

SEAT SPRINGS—light and heavy, for sale by R. W. TAYLOR.

AXLES and BUGGIES SPRINGS of nearly all sizes can be found at R. W. TAYLOR'S.

KETTLES—Brass and Porcelaine, at R. W. TAYLOR'S.

LEAD—3 000 lbs, Stamped Bar Lead, just received by R. W. TAYLOR.

IRON—A complete assortment of bar, round and square, oval, half-round, band, high, &c. R W. TAYLOR.

SPIKES—Wrought and Cut, from 3 to 8 inches Spikes, at R. W. TAYLOR.

WATER LIME The Oswego and Sandusky City Water Lime, for sale by R. W. TAYLOR.

100 Sacks RIO COFFEE,
20 chests Tea, various kinds,
150 boxes Glass, assorted sizes,
80 boxes Tobacco, choice brands,
20 bbl. Cut and Dry Tobacco,
40 boxes M R Raisins,
50 quarter boxes do,
20 bbls Golden Syrup,
Oranges, Lemons, &c.
100 bundle Wrapping Paper, assorted sizes;
A supply of Cap and Letter Paper.

The above GOODS, together with a general assortment of GROCERIES, are now being received and will be sold to the country trade *Low.*

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,
Wholesale Grocers, No. 85 Columbia street,
April 14, 1855. FORT WAYNE.

NEW CARPETINGS,

20 PIECES new style all Wool Carpetings just received at the Boston Dry Goods Store, which gives us the best assortment ever offered in this market, and for sale at eastern prices by
April 25th. WM. T. ABBOTT.

NEW GOODS.

No 79 GRANITE STORE. **OAKLEY & SON,** No. 79 GRANITE STORE.

(SUCCESSORS TO OAKLER & FRENCH,)

WOULD respectfully say to their friends and the public, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer stock of Goods, which (they flatter themselves) is more complete than ever before offered in this market.

We have a very fine assortment of Table and Pocket CUTLERY.

A superior stock of all kinds of Culinary ware.—A large supply of

HOUSE TRIMMINGS,

Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, and all the little etceteras necessary to Trim a Cabin or Mansion.

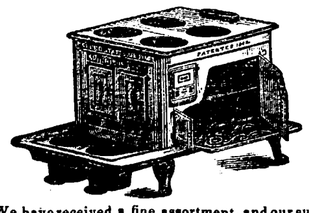
We would call the attention of Railroad Contractors to our stock of Shovels, Mattocks, Spades' Crowbars, and many other implements in their line.

A good assortment of Carpenter's, Cooper's Blacksmith's and other tools of the newest styles, and most improved patterns. *Warranted.*

We have a large stock of best Cast Steel Hoes (Tuttle's genuine), Scythes, Cradles, and all other implements for farming kept in Hardware Stores.

We wish to assure our friends that our Stock is very large, *well* selected in view of *this market*, and purchased *direct* of the *manufacturers* or of the *importers.* In all cases we get our goods of *first* hands, hereby saving one *profit*, of which we are willing to give our customers the benefit.

STOVES.



We have received a fine assortment, and our supply will be kept up all summer.

We are prepared to supply Merchants with any quantity of

TIN-WARE

at short notice; and all orders for our goods will be put up with dispatch and correctness, at prices that will be advantageous to the purchasers.

We are prepared to do *all* kinds of Job, or House work in the Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron line. All work warranted.

April 14th, 1855.

Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 31 of March, the accommodation train will leave Fort Wayne every evening, at 6 o'clock (Sundays excepted) after the arrival of the trains from Crestline and Toledo, arriving at Columbia at 7 15.

Returning, the train will leave Columbia at 8 o'cook A. M., and arrive at Fort Wayne at 9 15, in time for the Eastern Trains.

J. L WILLIAMS, Chief Engineer.
Fort Wayne, Feb 18 1856. tf—32

CHANGE OF TIME.

OHIO & INDIANA RAILROAD.

Passenger Trains from and after Thursday, 30th inst., will leave Fort Wayne every morning (Sundays excepted,) at 9 20 arriving at Forest on the Cincinnati, Dayton, and Sandusky Railroad at 2 20, when trains pass north and south at 2 30, giving time for dinner, and arriving at Crestline at 4 30 P M, connecting without delay with trains for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Columbus arriving at

Cleveland	at	8 P M
Pittsburg,	"	12 50 A M
Columbus,	"	8 25 P M
Cincinnati,	"	7 30 "

Tickets sold to all the cities and important towns in the east as low as by any other route, at the Ticket Office of the O & I Railroad, at the old Packet Office in Fort Wayne, by

S. S MORSS, *Agent.*

Freight trains leave Fort Wayne every morning at 5 20 A M and arrive at Crestline at 5 P M when Freight trains leave same evening for Cleveland at 8 22, and for Pittsburg at 9 P M.

Stock should leave Fort Wayne on the morning of Tuesday, Thursdays, and Saturdays, to ensure good connections with the other Stock trains.

J R. STRAUGHAN, *Sup't.*

FARE.

To New York,	$16 60	To Indianapolis,	$8 00
" Philadelphia,	16 00	" Sandusky City,	
" Pittsburgh,	7 50	" Toledo,	4 00
" Cincinnati,	6 00	" Cleveland,	5 75
" Dayton,	5 00	" Columbus,	5 00

Aug 29, 1855 9

New Livery Stable.

THE firm of Link & Co. being dissolved, the subscriber informs his friends that he continues the Livery Stable, north side of the Canal, west of Stoy's Foundry, on his own account and keeps for hire a few

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES

of the latest and neatest styles. Also, first-rate

Saddle and Carriage Horses.

His charges will be moderate, and he hopes, by courtesy and attention, to merit a share of public support. W. H. LINK

Fort Wayne, Dec. 22, 1855 y25

To the Stockholders of the Fort Wayne & Mississippi R.R.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the assessment of 10 per cent. heretofore made on the cash subscriptions to the Fort Wayne & Mississippi Railroad must be paid to the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of March next. A further instalment of 10 per cent. per month is also required to be paid on the 1st of each month succeeding, until the entire subscription is paid up.

A strict compliance is expected, as the payments must and will be rigidly enforced.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JOHN COMSTOCK, Treasurer.
Liberty Mills, January 22, 1856. 6m3

Stoves! Stoves!

WE have contracted for $12000 worth of STOVES to be delivered this fall, and manufactured from HANGING ROCK metal, known to all to be the best metal in the world for stoves, made of superior weight, and warranted not to break by fire, bought at low figures, and our customers shall reap the benefit.

COMETS.—We have six sizes of the Comet flat top cooking stoves—the best stove sold in any market; it outstrips all competition where ever introduced. I have sold hundreds in this market, and the sale is every day increasing. No family should be without one. We warrant this stove one year, and if the stove is not what we represent it to be, the money will be refunded. For sale at the signe of the Golden Stove, by A. D. BRANDRIFF.

September 22d, 1855

THE CASTLE PARLOR and the Gem are both beautiful Stoves; for sale by BRANDRIFF.

BUCKEYE STATE.—We have five sizes of this Stove, warranted good; also, the Hoosier State takes 30 inches wood, which suits the farmers. This Stove has long been their favorite, is heavy and never breaks. We will warrant it one year. Can be had at BRANDRIFF'S.

OAKLEY & SON,

(SUCCESSORS TO OAKLEY & FRENCH,)
MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,

AND DEALERS IN

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.

No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET,
FORT WAYNE.

FORT WAYNE

MERCANTILE INSTITUTE.

Phœnix Block cor. Main & Calhoun Sts Ft, Wayne In

THE PRINCIPAL of this Institution, from past experience and success as a Teacher and Practical Book Keeper, has no hesitation in saying that the facilities here afforded to young men for qualifying themselves for the counting room, and various other mercantile pursuits are unsurpassed by any similar institution in the Union.

The course of instruction is thorough and practical, embracing Book-keeping by single and double Entry, and its application to every department of trade, as now practised by the most accomplished and experienced accountants (taught on an entirely new and successful plan, enabling the student to become much more selfreliant, in less time than any other plan,) Commercial law, Mercantile Correspondence, Commercial calculation, Practical and Ornamental Penmanship, &c.

The system of Penmanship adopted in this institution is unrivaled, giving a free and easy use of the hand and pen, thereby enabling the student to effect any style of writing. Young ladies and gentlemen desirous of qualifying themselves for teachers, will save much time and expense by securing this system, taught in no other institution in the West.

The thorough and extensive course of Instruction, combined with the elegance, beauty and convenience of the rooms, the highly qualified teachers, and pleasant and healthy location, renders this the most attractive institution to all who may desire an accomplished commercial education.

Being impressed with the necessity of Ladies acquainting themselves more thoroughly with business transactions, the Principal has fitted up apartments with neatness, elegance and convenience, expressly for them.

The ladies Department is entirely separate from the male, having separate entrances from the street, and will remain permanently conected with the Institution.

Students are taught individually, and not in classes; therefore they can enter at any time, and advance in the ratio of their capacity.

TUITION:

For full Commercial Course, including Practical Penmanship	$25,00
For same with Ornamental Penmanship	35,00

☞ Catalogues sent on application.

C. J. DIETRICH, Prin.
Ft. Wayne, Feb. 16. tf—33

Ironton Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find six sizes of this excellent Stove of heavy plate, at
Sept. 10. BRANDRIFF'S.

ELEVATED OVEN.—This Stove we get manufactured for this market, out of HANGING ROCK and the only one made of the kind exclusively of that material in the United States; it has two fire-chambers is a quick baker, and is the best kind of a house warmer. We have a large quantity and can afford them low, considering the great weight and good quality, by BRANDRIFF.

KANSAS PARLORS.—3 sizes of this new and beautiful Parlor Stove, got up this season, and will carry off the palm. For sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN and Japaned Ware.—A complete assortment of the very best quality, and the cheapest in the State. *All mending and jobbing done at* BRANDRIFF'

FFUTED PARLORS—Six sizes of these serviceable Parlors, and very cheap, at BRANDRIFF'S.

United States Mail Line!

Three TIMES Three TIMES a Week.

Fort Wayne & Goshen Stage.

THE subscriber is now running a Line of Stages, three times a week, from Fort Wayne to Goshen, via Heller's Corners, Cherubusco, Marion, Wolf Lake, Port Mitchell, Albion, Rochester, Ligonier Richville, and Benton.

Leaves Fort Wayne and Goshen every *Monday, Wednesday* and *Friday* mornings at seven o'clock.

Fort Wayne and Liberty Mills.

A HACK will leave Fort Wayne for Liberty Mills, via Bayless' Saw Mill, Land P. O., Moring & Tracy Settlements, every Friday morning, at 7 o'clock, arriving at 6 o'clock P. M. Leaves Liberty Mills or Fort Wayne on Saturday Morning, at 7 o'clock.

LIVERY STABLE.

In connection with the above, he also keeps a Livery Stable on MAIN STREET, north-easte the State Bank.

Horses and Carriages

of all descriptions for hire on reasonable terms.

MATTHIAS GLYNN.

Fort Wayne, July 14th, 1855.

A. L. HANNA,

(successor to *F. S. Avaline,*)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 89 Columbia Street,

KEEPS constantly on hand a complete assortment of BOOTS and SHOES for *Ladies, Gents, Masters* and *Misses* wear, being the

LARGEST, CHEAPEST, and Best Assorted Stock

of any establishment in this vicinity.

Custom Work.

He has made arrangements with PETER KLINE the *Premium Boot Maker* of this County, for the manufacture of

Fine French Calf Boots & Shoes

for Customers only, and is confident that he can give good satisfaction in that line, both as to fit and wear

Fort Wayne, April 14 1855.

Country Merchants & Grocers,

INSTEAD of going to Toledo or Cincinnati to purchase Groceries, you will find it much to your interest to purchase of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS Wholesale Grocers, No. 85, Columbia street, Fort Wayne by so doing you will save the expense of going further and, in many cases, the entire cost of freight.

Williams & Huestis having made their purchases with direct reference to the country trade, are selling at a very small advance above the Eastern and Cincinnati prices.

☞ Don't forget the place No. 85 Columbia street.

FORT - WAYNE STEAM BOILER WORKS,

N. McLACHLAN & Co.,

Proprietors, Fort Wayne, Ind.

THE above extensive establishment having just gone into operation is prepared to do all kinds of BOILER WORK, such as

High and Low Pressure Boilers,

of all sizes and descriptions,

LARD TANKS, SMOKE STACKS, WATER TANKS, &c., &c.

in a thorough and expeditious manner.

From the twenty years experience of N. McLachlan in the above business, the last three of which were with Messrs Coopers and Clark, Mount Vernon, we feel confident that we can make it the interest of those wishing any thing in our line, to give us a call.

Old boilers bought and sold on the most favorable terms.

Repairs promptly attended to.

Fort Wayne, May 4th, 1855 y44

Notice.

JUST received by B. W. OAKLEY & SON a splendid assortment of

CHANDELIERS,
Pendants, Hall Lights, Brackets,
&c., &c.

Those wishing to secure a nice article are requested to call and examine our stock.

GAS FITTING

Done in the neatest manner.

We will fit up any house without soiling or damage in the least. All are invited to examine our work and goods. November 24th, 1855.

HARDWARE.

I AM now receiving one of the largest and best assorted stocks of heavy Hardware ever before brought to this market, consisting in part of Iron, Nails, Glass, &c. R. W. TAYLOR.

Fort Wayne, September 28.

ALLEN COUNTY

Agricultural Warehouse

COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

Agents for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Power, and Improved Premium Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,

HAVE completed an addition to their forwarding and commission house expressly for

Agricultural Implements,

where may be found all the New Labor saving Mechanics so much needed by our farmers. Any desired article can be ordered if not on hand.

May 1st 1852.

Elegant Confections.

PRESERVED GINGER, Candies, Flag Root Gum Drops, for sale by J. D. WERDEN & Co.

COOK AND BOX STOVES, Potash and Sugar Kettles; Long's No. 4 Plows and Castings of every description for sale by

JONES, BASS & CO.
Fort Wayne, Jan. 18 1855. tf25.

Gas Pipe & Fixture Notice.

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

20 to 22 Cts, per Ft, for Pipes.

WE have received our stock of Gas Pipes of the best makers in the country, warranted for Steam or Gas purposes, and to

Stand the full pressure of the Inspector's Pump.

Our Pipes will be put up with CEMENT (not with lead)—the usual eastern mode of putting up pipes. Our

FITTINGS

are heavier than usual, and of the best quality. Our work shall be done in the very best order, and we are responsible for all damages that may occur.

Our Fixtures

are from the most celebrated manufactuers in the country, which we offer

At Philadelphia Prices.

Our whole stock has been selected from practical men long engaged in the business. Orders for Gas, Steam, and Water Pipes, left with D. W. MAPLES or H. Durrie, wille be promptly attended to.

H. DURRIE.
Sept. 1st, 1855.

10,000 GALLONS STONEWARE, at Old Lucky No. 8.

OHIO Box Stove—3 sizes of this Stove, at BRANDRIFF'S.

THREE sizes of Ten Plate Stoves, at BRANDRIFF'S.

10,000 Lbs. of SHEET IRON and Stove Pipe for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

500 Lbs. BRASS KETTLES for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

BEST PREMIUM.—We have 5 sizes of these Stoves; they are truly what their name indicate. For sale nowhere but at BRANDRIFF'S.

NEW CARPETINGS.

THE largest and best selected stock of Woolen Carpets ever opened in Fort Wayne may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 95 Columbia street. WM. T ABBOTT.

Steam Elevators,

Corner of Pearl street and Maiden Lane.

FORT WAYNE.

PRATT & Co. having bought the Warehouse and Mill lately occupied by Little & McCulloch are prepared to do a

Commission & Forwarding Business,

and will promptly attend to all goods and produce entrusted to them.

Superior FLOUR and CORN MEAL constantly on hand.

The highest price paid for Grain and all kinds of produce.

Fort Way 18th, 1855. y46

1855 1855

COMPARET, HUBBELL, & Co.,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

Receive and Forward Goods by the Ohio & Indiana Railroad, and Wabash & Erie Canal.

AGENTS for the ECKFORD LINE on the Wabash & Erie Canal: for the sale of E & T. Fairbank's Scales; for the sale of Dupont's Powder; and also, for the Franklin Glass Works. Buyers, receivers and shippers of

Grain, Flour & Produce.

They facilities for receiving and shipping goods are unsurpassed, if equalled, by any house in the State. Their Warehouse on the Canal, at the Railroad Depot, is furnished with superior Steam Elevators. June, 1855.

JAMES HUMPHREY'S

STEAM MARBLE, Free & Lime Stone Works,

On the Canal, near the Rockhill House,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Carpets! Carpets! Carpets!!

20 PIECES two and three ply Carpets of beautiful colors and patterns

5 pieces Stair Carpets and Rugs Mattings, plain and figured, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4.

OIL CLOTHS of splendid patterns and width, 1-4, 5-4 6-4 and 8-4, which will be sold cheaper than ever by H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

August 10th, 1855

BARK! BARK!

WE will pay the following prices for BARK delivered on the Canal, or Feeder, or St Joseph River, at a convenient place for loading within fifteen miles of this city.

White Oak Bark, per Cord..... $2 00
Black " " 3 00

Fort Wayne, March 1st. H. C. GREY & Co.

10000 Hides Wanted

FOR which we will pay 3¼ cents pr lb green, and 8 cents pr lb for prime dry flint hides

H. C. GREY & Co.,

At the Mammoth Cave

Will be seen a large stock of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats & Caps,

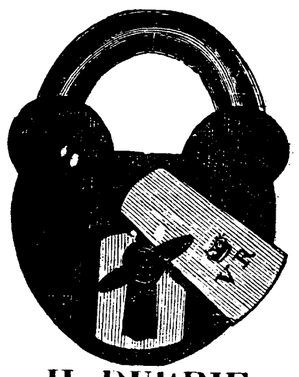
And large assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

and any quantity of NOTIONS just received and for sale low for cash by

Oct. 15. y 15 T. STAPLEFORD & Co.

NEW HARDWARE



H. DURRIE,

No 81 Columbia St. (Sign of the Padlock.)

HAVING received his fall supplies, offers the most complete assortment of HARDWARE in all its branches ever offered by any one in this place, of

AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON,

CAST STEEL, NAILS, GLASS,

Axles Eliptic Springs, Anvils, Bellows, Vices,

and other heavy goods; the assortment will compare with any west of the Lake.

MECHANICS will find an assortment of TOOLS fully up to the times *in shape*, and *warranted quality.*

Building Materials

of all kinds, including Nails, Sash and Glass, of all sizes. DOOR TRIMMINGS of all the most approved patterns now in use.

FARMER'S GOODS,

comprising every kind of Chains, from a Halter to a Log Chain, Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Grubbing Hoes Forks, &c., &c.

Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings,

of a greater variety than is usually found

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

Plated and Britannia Castors, Table Forks & Spoons

SOLAR LAMPS,

And a variety of new Fluid Lamps, Britannia Tea Setts Curtain Cornices and Bands, and an assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS of all qualities.

Fort Wayne, Aug 31st, 1853.

I HAVE just received and offers for sale a good assortment of Buggy and seat Springs, at No 123 and 125, Columbia st. R. W. TAYLOR.

Dec 12 1853.

OIL CLOTH CARPETING.

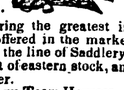
NEW Patterns just received and for sale by
Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

PAPER HANGINGS.

2000 ROLLS of elegant Paper Hangings just arrived in tonw and ready for inspection at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 75 Columbia St.
Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Cheap Saddlery Shop.

WM. BOWEN & SON,

AT THE SIGN OF THE *Golden Saddle.*  93 COLUMBIA ST., Second Story,

ARE now offering the greatest inducements that ever were offered in the market to those wishing any thing in the line of Saddlery, as we use nothing but the best of eastern stock, and all work made in the best manner.

50 setts of heavy Team Harness.
100 Saddles from $7.00 to $40.00.
A fine lot of Ladies' Saddles from $12.00 to $40 00.
Fine Harness for buggy and carriage, silver and brass trimmed, from $75 00 to $50 00.

And in fact every thing in their line of business, at the lowest rates. Nov. 2d. 1855. 1y18

500 Lbs. SAD IRON for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN Plate, Copper Bottom, and Wire, for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

SEVEN sizes Fluted Boxes Stoves; very cheap and heavy plated, at BRANDRIFF'S.

RUSSIA NAIL ROOD—500 bundles, 25 lbs. each, just receivep at R. W. TAYLOR.

REMOVED.

The subscriber, proprietor of the

Boston Dry Goods Store,

has removed to the CHECKERED STORE N 75 Columbia Street, nearly opposite the Post Office, where he has fitted up rooms in the most elegant style and will continue the

Wholesale & Retail DRY GOODS BUSINESS.

in all of its branches and on the most favorable terms.

Grateful for the liberal patronage he has received from the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, at the old stand, he respectfully solicits a continuation of the same at the new, and flatters himself by giving his whole attention to the Dry Goods Trade, that he can make it, for the interest of all, to call and examine his goods before purchasing elsewhere.

WM T. ABBOTT.

P. S. Remember the place, *The Checkered Store,* No. 75 Columbia Street, nearly opposite the Post Office.

Fort Wayne, August 10th, 1855.

Summit City Factory,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

WE are prepared to Manufacture WOOL ON THE SHARE, and CARD, SPIN, FULL and DRESS CUSTOM CLOTH, promptly and in the best style.

Merchants are invited to examine our Stock of

WOOLEN GOODS,

as we are determined to sell a *Good Article* as low as can be purchased in the East. We have, also, a

Set of Machinery,

and an assortment of

Machine Cards, Comb Plates, Card Cleaners, &c.,

which will be sold at manufacturers' prices.

H. RUDISILL & SON.
January 20th, 1855 y29

1850. 1850.

J. S. HILL, A. M. ORBISON

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co.,	*Toledo.*	Ayres & Tunis,	*New York*
Smith Robinson & Co.	"	Kent, Poug & Co.,	"
Collins, Brown & Co.	"	Kimberley, Pere & Co.,	*Pa.*
Peckham & Scott.	"	C. McKennell & Co.	*Cincin*
Field & King,	"	John Ranch,	*Pa*
Kirk & Lawton,	*Piqua, Ohio.*	H. S. Mayo,	*Troy.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

Indiana Six Hole Premium Cook Store.

YOU will find two sizes of this stove, of heavy plate, and a good baker of beautiful design, at the sign of the Golden Stove.

THE IOWA—This is a new Stove, just out, and is destined to meet with rapid sales in this city. It is everything that is nice and good. The sight of it is sufficient. We have the exclusive sale of it, the price is low. Call at BRANDRIFF'S.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!

DOUBLE and Square Broche, do do Bay State. Waterloo, Northampton and Rensedale of every description and price.

Also Gentlemen's HEAVY SHAWLS, new patterns, which are offered at very low prices at the Boston Dry Goods Store, by
Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Drake's City Express.

WILL deliver all Goods bought at the Emporium to any part of the City FREE OF CHARGE

WASH M'LEAN. P. L WEAVER.

WASH. M'LEAN, & Co.,

Boiler Makers,

And Dealers in Second Hand Boilers and Engines,

Congress Street, one door East of Ludlow,

CINCINNATI, Ohio.

Constantly on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Boilers, which they will sell low or exchange for old ones. y—24

Harness Makers.

A SUPERIOR article of HARNESS BRIDLE, & COLLAR LEATHER, of our own manufacture for sale by H. C. GREY & Co

1853 **FORT WAYNE** 1853

STEAM IRON WORKS.

JACOB C BOWSER JOSEPH STORY.

BOWSER & STORY,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,

Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses.

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,

SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,

Thrashing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.,

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.

REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.

Cash paid for old Castings and Brass.

Fort Wayne, October 20, 1853. y16

HUGH B. REED,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, and Dye Stuffs, Glassware Window Glass, Putty, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Perfumery, Soap, and Fancy Articles, Surgical Instruments, Tobacco, Cigars and snuffs Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Brandies,

IS now receiving direct from the eastern cities, his Fall Stock, to which he invites the attention of dealers. Customers and physicians will always find at his establishment

Fresh & Unadulterated Medicines,

which he has selected with great personal care for this market.

His stock will be found as extensive as any other in the state, and his prices will compare with any other house in the west. Call and examine.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 9. 1852. H B. R.

HENRY WILLIAMS A C HUESTIS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 85 Columbia street, Fort Wayne,
Constantly keep on hand

Groceries of all Kinds,

Such as Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Raisins, Spices, Tobacco, Soap, Candles, Buggy and Door Mats, Tubs, Buckets,

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 17—No 13 | FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27. 1856. | WHOLE No 1216.

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—*Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.
No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.
A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING
Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York,
Trinity building, 111 Broadway,
Net accumulating Cash Funds, July 31st, 1853.
$2,193,802.

Charter Oak Life Insurance Co.,
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
Capital and Surplus, over **$300,000.**

THE undersigned, Agent for the above two most successful and reasonable Life Insurance Companies in the United States, is prepared to receive applications for Life Insurance.
Pamphlets containing rates of premium, and information on the subject of Life Insurance may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.
"It is no more upon the moral man to provide the daily bread for his family, while he lives, than it is to provide against their being left penniless in the event of his death."
JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Sept. 12th, 1853. y10

Insurance Agency.
The subscriber having received the Agency of the
Ætna Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
IS prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms. This Company has a Capital-Stock of
$300,000.
All paid and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.
JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1852. y17.

GIRARD
Fire & Marine Insurance Co.,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
CAPITAL HALF A MILLION.
One of the most reliable Companies in the Union.
THE undersigned is now prepared to issue policies for the Company, at moderate rates. This is the only Agency in the West.
E. F. GALERICK, *Agent.*
FORT WAYNE, Ind.
[Is also Agent for the *New England Live Stock Insurance Co.*]
December 15, 1854. 24

General Insurance Agency,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Ætna Fire & Mar Insurance Co.,
Hartford, Connecticut.—Capital $300,000.
MERCHANTS FIRE&MARINE INS.Co
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania—Capital $100,000.
STAR FIRE & MARINE INS. Co.
Ogdensburgh, N.Y.—Capital $150,000.
The above Companies have all their capital paid in, and have complied with all the conditions of the late Act of the Legislature relating to Foreign Insurance Companies, thus affording ample guarantees to the insured.
HOUGH & JONES, *Agents.*
May 17th, 1855. 1-6

CHAS. F. H. FORBES,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor,
HAVING been appointed by W. A. Jackson, County Surveyor of Allen Co., to act as his Deputy, hereby gives notice that he may be found at his office, over the City Auction Rooms, Calhoun street, Fort Wayne, ready to attend to any surveying, and from his experience in the business, will not fail to give entire satisfaction. 1f—39

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

HOUGH & JONES, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, will attend to all legal business entrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the State.
Office—Calhoun street.

L. NINDE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
OFFICE—Corner of Calhoun and Pearl streets, under the Sentinel Office.

WM. W. CARSON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
OFFICE—On Calhoun street, one door south of P. Kiser's (second story).

P. RANDALL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery.
OFFICE—Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, will attend to the Collection, Adjustment or Securing of Debts, the payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of titles in any part of Indiana.
OFFICE—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

M. J. ATKINSON,
Attorney-at-Law,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,
WILL attend promptly to the collection of Claims, payment of taxes, redemption of lands, &c., in this State and north western Ohio.
Refers to Hon. S. P. CHASE, Cincinnati, Ohio.
EDWARD STONE, Esq. "
ROBERT WOOD, Esq., Cleveland, O.
Gen. S. BURNS,
Hon. W. H. TWEED, New York.
MORRISON & WEBB, "
RUFUS SPEAR & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
ROBT. McKELLY, Esq., Fort Wayne, Ind.
y 2

W. W. SMITH. | W. W. STEVENS.
SMITH & STEVENS,
Attorneys at Laws,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Collections made with fidelity and dispatch, and the proceeds promptly paid over.
Sale or purchase of Real Estate negotiated.
☞ OFFICE—Over City Auction Office. 36

MEDICAL NOTICES.

Dr. Rogers,
OFFICE—Corner of Calhoun and Main street, at Wagoner's Drug Store.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 19, 1853. 1f—39

Dr. Woodworth.
OFFICE—Corner of Calhoun and Main street, over Evan's Store.
Fort Wayne, Feb. 23d, 1854. 34

Dr. C. S. Smith.
Office on Calhoun street, over Hill's Book Store.
Fort Wayne, July 7th. y—1

HOMŒOPATHY.
P. M. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. He may be found at the office of Dr. Brooks, on Calhoun street, in building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged.

Dr. R. S. STERRETT,
DENTIST,
RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that he has permanently located himself in this place, where he will be happy to wait on all persons who will favor him with a call.
Teeth inserted on Gold Plate, from one to an entire set. Particular attention paid to first dentition. All operations carefully performed, and warranted.
☞ Office in the Phœnix Block, over J. Fuellinger's Store. 3m2

Carter's Spanish Mixture.
THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD!
THE BEST ALTERATIVE KNOWN
Not a Particle of Mercury in it!
An infallible remedy for Scrofula, King's Evil, Rheumatism, Chronic Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the Face, Blotches Boils, Ague and Fever, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm or Tetter, Scalded-head, Enlargement and pain of the Bones and Joints, Salt Rheum, Rankborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Disorders and all diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Impudence in Life, or Impurity of the Blood.
This great alterative Medicine and Purifier of the Blood is now used by thousands of grateful patients, from all parts of the United States, who testify that by its use remarkable cures have been performed by the greatest of all medicines, "*Carter's Spanish Mixture*" Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions of the Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affections of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Pains and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this unquestionable remedy.
For all diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone to the stomach, makes the skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution enfeebled by disease or broken down by the errors of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength.
For the cures of TETTER it is peculiarly applicable, and wherever it has become known, is regularly prescribed with the happiest effect. Immigrants the weak and debilitated, and impart elasticity to the worn-out frame, clears the skin, and leaves the patient fresh and healthy; a single bottle of this inestimable remedy is worth all the so-called Sarsaparillas in existence.
The large number of certificates which we have received from persons from all parts of the United States, is the best evidence that there is no humbug about it. The press, local dealers, magistrates, physicians, and publicans, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the wonderful effects of this *Great Blood Purifier.*
Call on the Agent and get an Almanac, and read the details of astonishing cures performed by *Carter's Spanish Mixture*, (in most cases where every thing else has signally failed!) The limits of an advertisement will not admit their full insertion.
WM. S. BEERS & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Nov. 30 1855. y1
To whom all orders must be addressed.
For sale by Druggists and Country Merchants in all parts of the United States and the Canadas, and by H B REED, and WALL & MEYER, Fort Wayne; P Heller & Son, Heller's Corners; D. J. Parker, Perry, Snyder & Talbot, Zanesville; J. Rarebaugh, Maysville. 1y11

DR. J. HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS
IS a sure cure for Dyspepsia—will remove all Unpleasantness and Heaviness from the Stomach—keep you free from Costiveness, as an Digestive, give a good appetite, and impart a healthy tone to the whole system. It is a certain preventative of
Fever and Ague.
For sale by all the principal Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the United States and the Canadas, and by H. B. Reed & Co., and Wall & Meyer, Fort Wayne; P. Heller & Son, Heller's Corners; D. J. Parker, Perry, Snyder & Talbot, Zanesville; J. Rarebaugh, Maysville. 1y11

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☞ CAUTION ☜
Caution is should be our study, but more particularly when this health is at stake. Some time Bitters from their medical qualities, become popular, there have been a great many concoctions called Stomach Bitters, and often represented to be the same in virtues as Dr. Hostetter's, palmed upon the public. Be careful of these voluminous compounds. Our Bitters are not in square quart bottles, and covered with the patent metallic cap, stamped "Hostetter's Stomach Bitters," and Dr. J Hostetter Down on the glass. All others are imitations.
For sale, at Fort Wayne, by
J. D. WERDEN & CO.,
H. B. REED, WALL & MEYER,
Sept. 13, 1856 H. G. WAGNER. y11

PURIFY THE BLOOD.
Moffat's Life Pills
AND
PHŒNIX BITTERS,
FREE FROM ALL MINERAL POISONS.
THE great popularity which *Moffats Life Pills* and *Phœnix Bitters* have attained, in consequence of the extraordinary cures effected by their use renders it unnecessary for the proprietor to enter into a particular analysis of their medicinal virtues or properties. Having been more than twenty years before the public, and having the unbiased testimony of more than *Three Millions* of persons who have been restored to the enjoyment of perfect health by them, it is believed that their reputation as the best vegetable medicine now before the public, stands of no disputed in almost every city and village in the United States there are many who are ready to testify to their efficacy in removing disease, and giving to the whole system renewed vigor and health.
In cases of SCROFULA, Humor, Fever or Ague, Pains of the side, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing in a few days every vestige of these loathsome diseases, by their purifying effects on the blood. Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Drowsy, Pains, and in short most all diseases, succumb to their curative properties. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be avoided.
Prepared by WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D.,
New-York.
And for sale by WALL & MEYER. y17

DAGUERREOTYPE, AMBROTYPE,
And PHOTOGRAPHIC Rooms.

A. McDONALD returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country for their liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him; and would respectfully invite their attention to a new style of pictures beautifully gotten up on Glass, and also on paper, which he is prepared to execute equal to anything of the kind now in the United States. These Pictures are peculiarly life-like and true to nature. The Ambrotype being the latest improvement, for excellence the Daguerreotypes with the accuracy of delineation.
Rooms No. 2 Phœnix Block, Clinton street, FORT WAYNE.
y—33

The Scientific American.
TWELFTH YEAR!
One Thousand Dollars Cash Prizes!
THE Twelfth Annual Volume of this useful publication commences on the 13th day of September next.
The *Scientific American* is an ILLUSTRATED PERIODICAL devoted solely to the promulgation of information relating to the various Mechanic and Chemic Arts, Industrial Manufactures, Agriculture, Patents, Inventions, Engineering, Millwork, and all interests which the light of Practical Science is calculated to improve.
Reports of the U. S. Patents granted are also published every week, including Official Copies of all the Patent Claims, together with news and information upon thousands of other subjects.
$1000—in Cash Prizes—will be paid on the 1st of January next, for the largest lists of subscribers, as follows:—$200 for the 1st, $175 for the 2d, $150 for the 3d, 125 for the 4th, 100 for the 5th, $75 for the 6th, $50 for the 7th, $40 for the 8th, $30 for the 9th, $25 for the 10th, $20 for the 11th, and $10 for the 12th. For all Clubs of 20 and upwards, the subscription price is only $1 40. Names can be sent from any Post Office until January 1st, 1857.—
☞ Here are five chances to secure cash prizes.
The *Scientific American* is published once a week; every number contains eight large quarto pages forming annually a complete and splendid volume, illustrated with several hundred original engravings.
☞ TERMS—Single subscriptions, $2 a year, or $1 for six months. Two copies, for six months, $1, for a year, $3. Specimen copies sent GRATIS.
Southern, Western and Canada money, or Post Office Stamps, taken at par for subscriptions.
Letters should be directed (post paid) to
MUNN & CO.,
128 Fulton St., N. York.
☞ Messrs MUNN & CO., are extensively engaged in procuring patent for new inventions, and will advise inventors, without charge, in regard to the novelty of their improvements.

The N. York Musical World.
Volume XVI.
THE friends of this journal will be glad to learn, that with the new volume, commencing September 1st, they may expect a very important accession to our editorial corps, in that Nestor of the musical profession,
DR. EDWARD HODGES
Dr. Hodges' ability, not only as a thoroughbred musician but as a practised and forcible writer is known by his contributions both to English and American periodical literature.
We feel in securing the services of this gentleman, that for Church Music, musical criticism, the relation of music to popular education and the more humorous side of the world of music (of which he is peculiarly at home) we secure the ablest, the most experienced and agreeable pen.
The circulation of the *Musical World* has so greatly increased, that with the new volume our weekly issue will be

15,000,

instead of the 10,000 already announced in our prospectus—a success altogether unprecedented in musical journalism.
As a medium for advertising, the trade will heed the fact that their advertisements will get to 15,000 of the very persons they want to reach.
The features of the paper will remain as heretofore, viz:
1. General Literature.
2. Musical Literature.
3. Educational Matters.
4. Super-fine Diagnosis.
5. Criticism.
6. Choice Music.
As regard the last feature, it may be remarked that subscribers are furnished with music of the most varied character at about 20 per cent of the price usually paid for it, and pieces enough to bind at the end of the year for a volume of 500 pages.
The entire worth of such music is furnished in the course of a year, in addition to all the reading matter!
The *Musical Worl* is published *every* Saturday, at 379 Broadway, New York. The subscription price is but $2 a year, if paid in advance. Five copies $8; ten copies, $15. City and Brooklyn subscribers are charged 50 cents extra for the expense of carrier. Canada subscribers pay 26 cents for the necessary pre-payment of American postage.
☞ Any person procuring that prospectus before January 1, 1857 and drawing attention to the same editorially, shall receive the paper in exchange until January 1st, 1858.
Proprietor of the New York Musical World,
379 Broadway, New York.

BOOKS & STATIONERY.
C. L. HILL has received his Spring and Summer supply of Books and Stationery, and has now on hand the BEST STOCK ever offered for sale in this market. It consists of
SCHOOL BOOKS
of every description used in this vicinity, and offers them at Wholesale or Retail Country merchants will do as well to buy of him on to go East.
LAW BOOKS.—He keeps a general assortment of Standard Law Books, and has facilities for ordering anything in this line that may be wanted.
MEDICAL BOOKS.—Every thing in the medical line of a standard character can be had at Hill's Book Store.
MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.—A full supply of all standard works, together with all the standard poets, are kept constantly on hand, and new miscellaneous books are received as soon as published.
PAPER
French, English and American Cap and Letter Paper, worth from one dollar and fifty cents to five dollars per ream. Bath paper, Wrapping paper Printing and Hardware Paper, he has always for sale.
Fancy Articles.
He has also just received a large lot of Fancy articles such as Fine Rosewood and Mahogany writing desks, Portfolios, Card Cases, Ladies' Portmonaies and Gent's Traveling Cases, together with the most beautiful articles of all; which the Ladies are requested to take particular notice of, viz:—a splendid lot of Ladies' Cabas of the latest and most fashionable style.
PAPER HANGINGS.
He keeps the best stock of Paper Hangings, Window Shades and Fire Board prints in the place.
June 23, 1856.

PIANO FORTE WAREROOM.
C. L. HILL, having opened rooms for the sale of Piano Fortes and other Musical Instruments, keeps on hand a full assortment of
Piano Fortes & Melodeons,
of various styles and qualities, from the most celebrated Manufactories in the United States.
SHEET MUSIC—A large collection kept on hand. New Music constantly received.
He has also on hand a fine assortment of
Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.!
Also Violin and Guitar Strings. In fact, almost every thing in the music line.
June 23, 1856.

WALL PAPER.
C. L. HILL is now receiving a large and beautiful assortment of Wall Paper and Bordering of the latest and richest patterns.
June 23, 1856.

POETRY.

Democratic Platform Song.

TUNE—"*Uncle Sam's Farm.*"

O'ah the mighty party from the East and from the West,
The Democratic party is the greatest and the best;
Every State in the great union is represented from all the same
To preserve this glorious Union is its object and its aim.
Chorus:—Then come along, come along, make no delay
Come from every nation, come from every way.
Our platform is broad enough, don't be alarmed,
The planks are all sound and the timbers unharmed.

Our watch is "equal rights" the Constitution our shield,
And with banks we are bankers we'll boldly take the field;
With Buchanan for our lead we will route the Fusion host
For the idea of next November there'll be nothing but their ghosts!

With old Buck of Pennsylvania, we'll buck 'em off the track
And with Breck of old Kentucky, break their sectional backs
The "Pathfinder" has explored the mountain top, and the river's course,
And he'll next explore Buchanan with a bottle ready horse.

Illinois and Indiana, and New York will go for Buck,
New Hampshire, California, Pennsylvania and Kentucky,
All the States, both North and South, twenty-one go for Buchanan will count,
And give the nigger stealers Maine, Massachusetts to boot! Ver. count.

Fremont not Eligible to the Presidential Office.

It seems by the following article from the New York Express that there exists a strong probability that Fremont was not born in the United States, and, therefore, is not constitutionally eligible to the Presidency. We invite attention to the article of the Express, which says:

"*Where Fremont was Born.*—We need not beg pardon of the public for freely discussing where Fremont was born, because, under the Constitution of the United States, a man must be born here, in these United States, or have been here when the Constitution was adopted, in order to be its President. Hence, if, as alleged and as believed by many, and as circumstances indicate, the French father of Colonel Fremont took the mother of Colonel Fremont out of the United States, with the intend to live abroad, *the son born abroad is constitutionally disqualified for being a President.*

"The Biography of Mr. Bigelow, editor of the Evening Post, the inspiration, doubtless of Fremont himself, has now reached Richmond, Va., and, as we suspected, nearly all of it that relates to Fremont's origin is fiction, or, to quote the Richmond Dispatch:

"'It reads like a novel. It is quite doubtful if such a romantic element as that. The legislature of Virginia never sanctioned the separation of Mr. and Mrs Prior by passing an act of divorce. We have examined the acts of Assembly from 1810 to 1817, (Fremont was born, according to his biographer, January 21, 1813,) and in all that time there were but two divorces granted, neither of which was Mr. and Mrs. Pryor.

"'We know nothing of the circumstances of their marriage. We never hear that the old gentleman was rich or gouty. He kept a sort of pleasure garden for public entertainment, which is not consistent with the idea of being a nabob. In short, we know the divorce part of the above story is untrue, and we do not believe one word of the remainder of it. We only allude to the subject to 'vindicate the truth of history,' and do justice to the State and individuals unjustly assailed in the above paragraph.'

"'We were certain, at the start, that an old staid State like Virginia never divorced parties—for the reasons given in the biography, that the parties had influential friends' The next of Assembly disclose the fact, and stamp the lie on the biography.'

"The Richmond whig publishes the will and testament of Pryor, to show that no such divorce as alleged took place. The will reads thus, as recorded in the Hustings Court, 1823:

"'I, John Prior, of the city of Richmond, do make and ordain this writing as and for my last will and testament, hereby expressly revoking all other wills and testaments heretofore made by me. Whereas, under a will founded in impression and confident belief that my late wife, Ann Pryor, had departed this life, I have intermarried with Elizabeth Geares, who is recognized by me as my wife, none other having any just claim upon me or my estates, in that character, I do will and direct as follows:

"'Its marriage because he believes his late wife was dead! The father Fremont, according to the biography, was wandering with the mother of Fremont among the Indians of the Sioux-west—according to our Vermont correspondent, among the French Canadians—but, according to the Richmond Whig, the father fled with his wife to France! Now, where his son was born, we have a right to know by proof (opportunable, for every presumption is against his being born in the United States.

"These are painful facts to approach and to discuss, but when such a monstrous imposition is attempted as this upon us Northern people, we shrink not from it. It is a duty we owe to our country and to God, and we will discharge it fearlessly in the midst of every storm, and the more fearlessly the fairer is the object of attack. *It is not true that the mother of Colonel Fremont was divorced. It is not a fact that he was born in Savannah or Charleston, as alleged;* or if is, it can be proved. It is a fact that the Frenchman connected with the mother of Fremont left Richmond to wander somewhere—but where we do not know.

"Now, gentlemen, it is of no use to shove us, but meet our facts. To tell us 'we lie,' will not lie down the will of Colonel Pryor or the Richmond legislative record, that no divorce was obtained. To tell us his birth place is not a matter of proper discussion, is to fly in the very face of the Constitution of the United States; for it is our constitutional right to know beyond a cavil where a candidate for the Presidency of the United States was born."

(From Correspondent of the Richmond Whig.)

"RICHMOND, Aug. 18, 1856

"SIR—The political position of Col. Fremont, and the Memoir of the Life and Adventures of John Charles Fremont, by John Bigelow, make it my painful but bounden duty to publish the following statement:

"John Pryor, a captain of artillery in the Continental Army, owned and kept a livery stable and a public garden in this city, called Hay Market. Major Pryor in his old age, married Miss Ann Whiting of Gloucester County.—About the year 1807, W. S. and W. F. F., pupils, and Francis Fremont, a teacher in Haller's Academy, boarded with Major Pryor. * * * * She (the mother) eloped with Fremont, and was not heard of for many years. Pryor died in the year 1823."

[We have eliminated this communication, vouched for by the editor as from an old president of Richmond, because we mean to confine all our discussions on this subject to the birthplace of Fremont, to the exclusion of all other offensive point. *The right to know where a Presidential aspirant was born, we regard, is a constitutional right,* and we mean to insist upon it.—*Eds. Exp.*]

☞ Miss Tulip, in speaking of old bachelors, says they are frozen out old gardeners in the flower bed of love. As they are useless as weeds they should be served in the same manner—chickedd! As Miss Tulip is an old maid, what should be done with her?

The Robberies by Lane's Band in Kansas

The outrages committed by the Abolition brigands under Lane, whom Greeley, Banks Burlingame, Giddings, Chase and the other "freedom shriekers" equipped and sent into Kansas, are perfectly unparalleled. Every crime that can disgrace humanity, Lane and his outlaws have been guilty of, and if they are not all hung they will not receive their deserts. A gentleman of the name of Cauldwan, who resides in Lecompton, Kansas Territory, from which we make the following extract. The whole letter is published in the St. Louis Republican of the 15th inst. Mr. Cauldwan says:

"Everything was quiet and peaceable; the indications were strong that the unhappy difficulties which divided us would be healed, and that law and order would be supreme. Such was the case until about the 15th of July, when bands of armed men known as the notorious James H. Lane's men, came into the Territory with the open and avowed object and intention of subverting the existing Territorial Government by force of arms. Their first action was upon the claim-house of Mr. Craine, a breakfasting citizen of the Territory, next on Mr. Craine's residence in the town of Franklin; next on the settlement of Mr. Treadwell, on Washington Creek; then Col. Titus' house near Lecompton. Not satisfied with destroying these houses, they robbed them of everything of the slightest value, inflicting great and unprovoked indignities upon the person of Mrs. Craine, an old lady living in Franklin, appropriating wardrobes of Mrs. Craine and Mrs. Titus to their own use, and even taking wearing apparel belonging to Colonel Titus' negress. After robbing the Colonel they burned his house to the ground, taking him and all other persons found in the vicinity prisoners.

"After these occurrences I expressed my condemnation of such acts and such highway robberies, as I believed them and now think they deserved, as un-Christian, un-American; and that the guilty perpetrators of these crimes should be brought to public justice.

"On the 4th day of September a band of these men—traitors to their God and their country, robbers and murderers—numbering some 150 men, armed with Sharpe's rifles, Colt's revolvers and Bowie knives, came into the town of Tecumseh, and into my store—robbed, seized and took possession of all my goods, wares and merchandise, amounting in the aggregate to at least $4,000—appropriated the same to their own use and benefit, and the advancement of their unholy cause. About the same time they robbed the house of Mr. Robert Edwards of everything he had, even his corn and oats, and appropriated his household and kitchen furniture to their own use and benefit, using his wagon and horses to haul off these articles to Topeka, driving off the families of conservative citizens, robbing them of every them of everything, threatening to kill and murder and even firing upon them.

"Such is the condition of the country at this time, brought about by the fact that the military refused to obey the order issued by the Governor of the Territory to meet the notorious Lane, with his army of lawless invaders, on the northern frontier, and disarm and drive them back."

These robberies and crimes would not have been committed if the fanatical members of the Black Republican party had not demanded war in Kansas. Upon them should rest the responsibility. *Cincinnati Enquirer.*

Three Hundred and Eighty six Dollars a Day!—Fremont's Exhibits Days in the United States Senate—Fremont's whole political service consists of the eighteen days he was in the United States Senate. In alluding to this matter the Washington Union says:

"We have looked in this connection, at Col. Fremont's account as a Senator from the 10th to the 30th Sept. 1850:

Sept 30, 1850, mileage,	10,270	$1,108,00
Sept 30, 1850, per diem		1,840,00
December 2, 1853, additional mileage, 3,686 miles, short charged, first session, Thirty-first Congress		1,474,40
February 11, 1854, per diem for detention by sickness on journey home after the first session, Thirty-first Congress, eighty-six days		688,00
Total		$3,110,40

"Will Colonel Fremont's friends tell us whether, during the two hundred and thirty days, for which he charged and received pay, he had not ample time to prepare his eighteen bills without overtaxing his mental faculties? Will they tell us what route most he travelled to make the distance from Washington and back thirteen thousand nine hundred and fifty six miles? Will they explain why he was not satisfied with what he charged at the time, but demanded an additional three years afterward? We should like to be informed where he was sick on the road eighty six days when returning home in 1850? The record shows that Colonel Fremont served twenty-one days and no more, and that he received $8,110 40, being at the rate of $386 20 per day. We think he might well afford to draw eighteen bills for such a per diem. From his returning and making an additional claim in 1853 and again in 1854, we get a glimpse at his ruling passion. Do his supporters believe the compensation received by him reasonable and proper? We suspect that most people will come to the conclusion that the $3,958 received in 1850, at the time of the service, was an ample compensation and that his return and demand in 1853 and 1854 were needed to test the powers of silver spoons or plate. He made a memorandum of what he saw in a book, noting particularly those houses where a dog was kept.

"I Have to Frame my Rhymes so as to Get the Votes of All."—Some days since Mr B F Cook, a highly respectable resident of Staten Island, was induced to call upon Col Fremont and assertain from the lauded man lips the truth in regard to the various reports relating to his religious opinions. A letter stating that he had at no time professed the Catholic religion, Col Fremont encountered some remarks, which, according to the New York Commercial Advertiser, are stated as follows:

"COL. FREMONT—I am frequently interrogated by this subject. I presume the delegate is now waiting for me upstairs wish to interrogate me upon the point. When they do I shall answer that favorable construction on the matter that I can. I wish to offend none, but to secure the votes of all. Only this very morning I have a letter from Maine, saying that unless I make a personal denial of Romanism, and I am or have been a Roman Catholic, that State will be lost to the Republicans, and another letter from Indiana, telling me that if I will authorize my friends there to say I am a Roman Catholic they can secure me a large German and Irish vote. *I have to frame my replies so as to get the votes of all!* There is now a delegation waiting for me whose errand, I doubt not, is the same. It is best to say as little about this matter as possible and we must manage the thing as well as we can, *so as to get the votes of both sides!*"

There is a beautiful specimen of political honesty for you upon the part of the Black Republican candidate, and also of that of his leading partisans. How had the cause must be, and how unprincipled its cause and date, that will resort to such wicked deceptions and contemptible artifices! We shall see if such a crushing exposure does not tell powerfully upon the public mind.

Which is the Proslavery Party?—Read what the abolition papers say of Sammy Brenton and the other doughfaces who voted for Dunn's famous bill legalizing slavery not only into Kansas but even into Nebraska, and also extending the fugitive slave law into these territories. The citizens of the free North should look to it and send men to the next Congress who have some "backbone" and not such supple tools as the present House, who while crying lustily for freedom and free Kansas, are spreading and perpetuating slavery.

DUNN'S BILL.

It is a significant fact, that the Republican press of the country, have not one word of condemnation of this infamous measure. We call it "*infamous*," because it is a base lie.—Hon. Gerrit Smith, said, whilst a member of Congress, that "Slavery is the loblest and biggest lie on earth;" and as this bill establishes Slavery and extends the area of the Fugitive Slave Act, we are justifiable in calling it "infamous," and a *lie*; and this is the extent of the Anti Slavery sympathy of the misnamed Republican party. The Bill provides, that, "any child or children" born of Slave mothers, in Kansas or Nebraska, up to the 1st of January, 1858, shall be *forever* Slaves, and what is equally repugnant to a man who has any heart to feel, it extends a Fugitive Slave Act over both of these Territories. We call particular attention to language of the Bill at this point. Here it is: "under *any* law of the United States which *shall be in force upon the subject*." No matter how iniquitous the law *then* in force may be, it shall be brought into requisition upon all children born of Slave mothers in the *Free States* of Kansas and Nebraska.

This is more than was Bargained for. Even the Slave Power never asked to have Slavery taken into Nebraska. They probably never thought of such a thing; but the present Republican Congress—that body that is said by friends to the opposed to Slavery—*solid*, with out its aid, so far as the members feel the power, *create* Slavery there, and extend a Fugitive Slave law over that Free Territory.

No Congressional legislation ever before, took so high ground *for* Slavery. Here we find the entire Republican delegation with *one* exception, recognizing the power, and not only recognizing but actually attempting to legislate away the more natural, God-Given rights. When more could the most ardent follower Jesus Christ, Calhoun do? When did he or his friends ever do so much, directly for the establishment and perpetuation of Slavery, by operation of the General Government?—We unhesitatingly answer—*Never!* and yet we find that the Republican press all over the country is as silent as death upon the subject. But one of them, to our knowledge, has even published the Bill, or any part thereof, that their readers might be aroused to a sense of the danger of their Republican [!] Congress. Why don't the Editors into the mouth, nose and ear of evidence to come out in so in demonstration of all such infamous acts; or, if they do any justification to offer why don't they jeofully, and not sing "*mum*" all the time? The course they are pursuing shows a servility, on the part of the press, that is disgraceful to a free and enlightened people. Every northern man must feel in his heart that this is a vile measure, and non too, that should meet the public unpublished condemnation of every philanthropist.

Taking the measure and the silence of the Republican press upon it, as a criterion for the Anti-Slavery sentiment of the Republican party, how *can* Abolitionist—those who believe in the right of *all men* to freedom—vote with such a party? It has ignored the very fundation of your faith. What assurance have you that Fremont occupies any higher ground? None.—*Faithful Abolitionist.*

A Kansas Chief—JIM LANE.—The editor of the Davenport Democrat had an interview with Mr Baldridge, the father of Lane's late wife, who stated that when his precious son-in-law induced his daughter to go to Kansas he sold her property amounting to $10,000, and after reaching Kansas, Lane procured a mistress and treated his wife so badly that she was forced to leave him for home, and to bid her that he had paid her passage on the steamboat to Indiana, when, in fact, after the boat started she found, that such was not the case, and it was with great difficulty that she raised money enough to pay her passage. Lane had robbed her of her fortune, been guilty of adultery with a mistress, and sent her home penniless, and after she left, tried to get a divorce from her through the very Territorial Legislature which he is denouncing as logus and illegal.

What choice instructions the Republicans use to advocate the cause! How proud Burlington must feel to have serenaded this hero of Pottawattamie. What happy text the life of this Kansas martyr has furnished the pulpits of our political clergy!"

☞ From a confession made by a rogue now in jail at Hartford, Conn., for various burglaries recently committed in Farmington, it appears that one of the gang with whom he was connected travelled through various towns, selling jobbing powders with a view of ascertaining what silver plate was to be found. In visiting dwellings he always followed the inmates to adjacent rooms to test his powers upon silver spoons or plate. He made a memorandum of what he saw in a book, noting particularly those houses where a dog was kept.

California—Its organization and Disloyalty.

A gentleman writing to us from San Francisco, and describing the state of affairs in that quarter and the usurpation of the Vigilance Committee, says:

"The movement was from the first, anti-Democratic in principle, and has already become so in a party sense. It will become a mere adjunct to Republicanism. The same threats that shrieked for freedom' here next moment for the blood of law and order men.

"The most important element in the committee's strength is the body of Frenchmen—aliens in heart as well as in law—trained to arms recklessness, atheistical, bitterly hostile to the United States. They are openly for secession and boast that they can array in arms twenty thousand fighting men within a month in San Francisco. It is certain that there is a secret organization extending throughout the State, numerous, armed and thoroughly disciplined, prepared to take advantage of the first success of the Vigilance Committee in a collision with the United States troops or authorities, and strike for a secession and a Pacific Republic."

These speculations are not the chimera of an excited mind. They are founded on realities altogether too certain and grave. The General Government, we see, is not that awakened to an apprehension of the consequences in California, and has taken steps to strengthen the Federal authority there.—*Albany Atlas.*

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 9.

The Genoa, from Council Bluffs, has arrived at Jefferson City, and reports that on Tuesday last one hundred and fifty of Lane's men attacked the town of Tecumseh. They sacked the place of all provisions and clothing, and drove out the citizens, refusing them enough provisions to subsist on until they could reach the settlements.—Several families were on the Genoa, who said the work of plunder was going on when they left.

Judge Lecompton has issued an order for the arrest of Lane and his subordinate officers. Gen. Smith has ordered Col Cooke's command at Ft. Riley to take his fourteen companies of troops, and render the Marshal of the Territory all the aid necessary in the execution of the writs.

About 250 women and children had fled to Fort Leavenworth for protection.

Gov Shannon is a passenger on the Genoa. Gov. Geary was at Glasgow on Sunday.

Good Idea.—So many of the Boston clergy have shouldered the rifle and girded on the sword of political warfare that their books are in danger of straying into evil paths. The secular press have, in consequence, dropped into the fallow field of Christianity, and now fry their hand at preaching sermons, merely to keep the flock from wandering away, seduced by the bad example of their shepherd. The fact proves that, it never pays a politician a preacher under, when he converts his pulpit into a political forum, an editor of an independent press may become an excellent preacher without being relocated to the ministry. We do not know, but the public will be benefitted by the change.

Falsehoods and Truths.

The charge that the Democrats are in favor of the extension of slavery, is a falsehood.

The charge that the present administration, or the Democracy, are trying to plant slavery in Kansas, is a falsehood.

The charge that the Democracy *wish* Kansas to be a slave state, is a falsehood.

The charge that the agents of the government and the United States troops in Kansas, favored the proslavery party more against the free state men, is a falsehood.

The charge that Mr Buchanan's election would favor the introduction of slavery into Kansas, is a self-evident falsehood.

The charge that M. Buchanan did injustice to Henry Clay, is a falsehood and is proven such by Mr Clay's own sen.

The charge that Mr Buchanan ever favored the reduction of wages, has been proven a hundred times a base calumny and a lie.

The story that John C Breckinridge was engaged in the defence of Mate Ward, is a falsehood.

The charge that Mr Buchanan favors Filibustering, is a falsehood.

One half the stories that come from Kansas about murders, robberies, &c. are falsehoods.

The report that the free state settlers in Kansas have been driven out of the Territory by the disturbances there, is a well known falsehood.

Such are some of the falsehoods that are mouthed over by the Black Republican orators, and printed in their papers. Those who write and utter them must know that they are falsehoods.

Let us now turn to a chapter of truths.

It is true that the Black Republicans are opposed to the principle of popular sovereignty.

It is true that that principle lies at the foundation of all free government. It means simply that the people rule themselves.

It is true that the Democrats are now and ever were in favor of popular sovereignty.

It is true that the Democratic party has had to contend for our

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

For President

JAMES BUCHANAN

OF PENNSYLVANIA

Vice-President

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE

OF KENTUCKY.

For Governor.

ASHEL P. WILLARD, of Wh'to.

For Lieut. Governor.

ABRAM A. HAMMOND, of Vigo.

For Secretary of State.

DANIEL McCLURE, of Morgan.

For Auditor of State.

JOHN W. DODD, of Grant.

For Treasurer of State.

AQUILLA JONES, of Bartholomew.

For Attorney General.

JOS. E. McDONALD, of Montgomery.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction.

WILLIAM C. LARRABEE, of Putnam.

For Clerk of Supreme Court.

WILLIAM B. BEACH, of Boone.

For Reporter of Decisions of Supreme Court.

GORDON TANNER, of Jackson.

For Congress—10th District.

ROBERT LOWRY, of Elkhart

Judge Common Pleas.

JAMES W. BORDEN.

District Attorney—Com. Pleas.

WM. B. SPENCER.

Pros. Attorney—10th Circuit.

S. J. STOUGHTON.

Allen Co. Dem. Ticket.

Representative,

PLINY HOAGLAND,

Sheriff.

WM. FLEMING.

Treasurer,

ALEX. WILEY.

Co. Commissioner—1st District.

HENRY DICKERSON.

County Surveyor,

WM. McLAUGHLIN

Coroner

W. H. McDONALD

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1856.

GOV. WRIGHT

Has made the following appointments to speak in this part of the State:

At Peru, Monday night, October 6th.
Logan, Tuesday, " 7
Decatur, Wednesday, " 8
Maysville, Allen Co., Thursday, Oct. 9th, at 2 P M.
Spencerville, same day, at 7 P M.
Auburn, Friday, Oct. 10, at 2 P M.

WAYNE DEMOCRATIC CLUB.

A special meeting will be held at the Club Room on TUESDAY evening next, at half past seven o'clock.

All the members are earnestly invited to attend, as business of importance will have to be transacted.

☞ We have before alluded to the fact that Mr Brenton voted for a bill legalizing and perpetuating slavery in Kansas, and extending the Fugitive Slave Law over that Territory. The friends of "Free Kansas" should bear this significant fact in mind, and also remember that every democrat voted against the bill. That party are strongly opposed to any such slave propagandism by Congress; and deny their right to interfere with the question, or force such an institution upon the people of this territory. This is the true doctrine; every friend of freedom must, to be consistent, support the democratic party, and oppose the re-election of every man who voted to recognize or establish slavery in Kansas.

Messrs. Lowry and Bawden, candidates for Congress, spoke in this city on Saturday last. Being our publication day, we were unable to attend, and cannot therefore speak from personal observation. We are assured that Mr. Lowry acquitted himself ably, and far exceeded the most sanguine expectations of his friends. His speech is spoken of as an eloquent, logical, strong and convincing defence of the democratic position, and in the course of it, he gave his competitor some home thrusts that evidently made him squirm. Mr Lowry is gentleman of good sound mind, great requirements, and undoubted democracy, and as such will be an honor to his district in Congress, and in some measure serve to redeem us from the reproach of having sent such a member as the one who now misrepresents us. Mr. Lowry's speech gained him many friends here.

Mr. Brenton's effort was, like all his other speeches—a mixture of demagogueism, brazen effrontery, and overbearing assurance, with shrieks for freedom and bleeding Kansas *ad libitum*, as the occasion may say. The charges against his course in Congress in voting to perpetuate slavery in Kansas, and his opposition to the army bill were superciliously passed over in a few trifling remarks, inaudible to the greater part of his audience, but vociferously applauded by a horde of trained screamers, who were sent there to hallow, whenever the rev. demagogue should give them the wink—and faithfully did they discharge their duty. Then the speaker would gravely ask; is not that sufficient to satisfy any reasonable man? The whole scheme was ingenious, but rather too transparent, and not exactly such as an honorable or high minded man could stoop to; it, however, answered Mr. Brenton's purpose, and will not injure him in the estimation of those who know him—they did not look for anything better.

The debate satisfied all candid listeners that Mr. Lowry is by far the best man of the two—the best speaker, the clearest reasoner, the best posted on political matters, the fairest and most honorable debater, and the one who would reflect the most honor on his constituents when elevated to a seat in Congress.

In the evening Mr. Lowry made a brief and spirited address before the German club, which elicited the warmest and most enthusiastic applause.

WASHINGTON, Sept 23.

The Intelligencer drops its neutrality this morning, and supports Fillmore for the Presidency, on the basis of the action of the Whig National Convention.

Vote the Ticket.—The importance of the approaching state election can hardly be overestimated. The effect of a good thumping majority for our candidates will tell to encourage our friends in other states, and render our victory in November sure and easy. Let us then have a perfect organization, and resolve to vote the entire clean ticket for county and state officers. Efforts will be made to split and divide us, as the surest way of defeating and destroying the party. Let no democrat listen to such wiles, or consent to scratch a single name from the democratic ticket. Our ticket is a good one, and certainly would not be improved by the substitution of any fusion names for those of the democrats now upon it. These are no times for divided counsels or divided strength. Every democrat worthy the name must see the importance of presenting an undivided front, and casting our who'e vote for every candidate upon our ticket. Let "our ticket, our whole ticket, and nothing but our ticket," be the watchword, and look upon an unscratched ticket as the surest test of democracy. That is the way to prove our faith by our works. Votes, not words, prove a man's democracy.

The Friends of Law and Order might not forget that Mr. Brenton voted against making any appropriation to sustain the army for the ensuing year, except with the provision that the troops should not be used to suppress the outrages committed in Kansas by the hordes of depredators and ruffians, who have so long made that territory a scene of anarchy and bloodshed. The supremacy of the laws must not be maintained; lives and property must not be protected—because that would stop any further Kansas outrages, and so deprive the freedom shrieker of the political capital on which they base their whole hope of success. Murder and rapine may stalk unchecked through the land—our whole country may be left unprotected against foes without and traitors within—the President deprived of the power of keeping a single regiment in the field—and all that these traitors may continue their outrages and transgressions to make capital and have an influence on the approaching election! Can any friend of law and order, of peace and good government, sustain such a monstrous course, or vote to reelect man so lost to all sense of patriotism and their duty as good citizens? No man who voted against the army appropriation ought ever again to be allowed to disgrace by his presence the Congress of the United States.

ALLEN COUNTY FAIR.—An attempt has been made to injure the Allen County Fair that comes off next week, by ignorant and malicious persons endeavoring to give it a political complexion.—A story has been freely circulated that the Fair was appointed by certain democrats in town on the day of the Black-Republican Tippecanoe Convention, so as to prevent a full attendance at the latter place.

How mean such men should feel when the following facts are made known:—First, that no democrat had anything to do with making the arrangements, directly or indirectly, the entire executive Committee and Secretary who the all matters relating to the Fair residing in the county, and being opposed to the democrats in politics. Secondly, that the time at which the fair is to be held was fixed by the committee in March last, long before any Battle Ground Convention was thought of! Further comments are needless.

Old Line Whig Convention.—A convention of so called Old Line Whigs has been held at Baltimore, and endorsed the nominations of Fillmore and Donelson. It was a Fillmore more thoroughout; the Fillmore men managed and controlled the proceedings, and the whole programme had been concocted, cut and dried, in the Know Nothing Councils previously. The convention was a mere show—a public ratification by men calling themselves whigs of what had already been prepared in private by the Know Nothings—Falsehood and deception appear to be inherent in the very nature of Know Nothingism.

☞ The State Sentinel, speaking of the laws which Robinson and others were indicted for disobeying and which President Pierce has said, and still says, "shall be enforced," says that these laws have, thus far, stood a silent monument of the infamy of their authors? Brenton refused to vote the money of the people to enforce these laws. Lowry blamed him for it. Judge ye then, between these two.—*Journal*

☞ It was not for enforcing "these laws" at all, that Brenton refused to vote the money; but for enforcing all laws, or any law in Kansas, or even for suppressing the outlaws and banditti who have ravaged that territory, destroying the lives and property of peaceful citizens. This is what Brenton voted against. The Senate passed a bill repealing all the obnoxious laws adopted by the Kansas Legislature; yet this bill was not allowed by the party with whom Brenton acts to pass the House, or even to be acted upon, notwithstanding the great hue and cry raised by these consistent friends of free Kansas against the enormity of those laws. They denounce "these laws," refuse to enforce any law in Kansas, making a pretext that these obnoxious laws would be enforced along with the others, and yet refuse to aid the democratic Senate in repealing the laws complained of. Lowry was right in exposing the duplicity of such conduct and blaming Brenton's course. We are perfectly willing the people shall "judge between these two," and we confidently expect their verdict next October will be against the defendant.

Grand Mass Meeting at Huntertown.

The democrats had a grand rally at Huntertown, in this county, on Thursday last, which was well attended. There were probably 1500 persons present, and all were animated with a spirit which augurs the happiest results. Dr. Kalb Co. was nobly represented by a delegation of nearly 30, including 31 beautiful young ladies, tastefully dressed in white with blue sashes, and bearing flags representing the 31 states.—They were escorted by 31 young gentlemen on horseback, also bearing flags. Cedar Creek township, in this county, was represented by a delegation of upwards of 200, bearing flags and banners, with numerous six horse and four horse teams, all showing that the democratic fire is burning brightly in that part of the county.

John L. Robinson addressed the assemblage in a powerful and masterly speech, utterly demolishing the flimsy foundations on which the fusionists rest their hope of success, and administering a few wholesome and scathing rebukes on their factious course. His remarks were sorely felt by a few unfortunate Fremontars on the ground, who sought to interrupt the speaker, but only made the matter worse, and received such replies as satisfied them that the less they had to do with Mr. R. the better it would be for themselves and their cause. Mr Robinson has the reputation of being one of the ablest speakers in the state, and his speech on that occasion fully justified his high reputation.

D. H. Colerick also made a telling speech more particularly addressed to the old line whigs and pointing out their duty, as lovers of the constitution and Union, to sustain the democratic party in this crisis. It was a strong and well worded appeal to the judgment and patriotism of this honest and find a marked effect on several old line whigs who were present. Mr. W. S. Smith was then loudly called for, and took the stand: but the hour being late, he contined himself to a few brief remarks, which he made in his happiest vein, and sat down amidst loud and prolonged applause.

Altogether, this was a glorious outpouring of the democracy, and will not be without its effect hereafter. The democrats were encouraged and inspirited, and many honest men who had been misled, heard truths discussed in such a manner, and received such lights on public matters as may lead them to reflection, and convince them that it will be their duty as lovers of peace and order, and friends of good government, to vote with the democrats and attach themselves to that party.

Democratic Meeting in Jefferson Township—Old Jefferson is wide awake, and intends rolling up a democratic majority this fall worthy of the distinguished father of democracy after whom she is named. A meeting was held on the 13th last. at Whitney's School House, which was literally packed and crowded with zealous and enthusiastic democrats, eager to listen to the democratic truths and testify their zeal in the good cause of liberty, toleration and equal rights.—Speeches were made by B. D. Minor and others in English, and in German by Henry Baker and Mr. Haisch, editor of the German paper in this city, which were responded to with the most enthusiastic cheering. After the speeches were concluded, three hearty cheers were given for Buck & Breck, and the meeting adjourned.

A Singular Fact.—Mr Brenton denies being a Know Nothing, and yet it was noticed as a remarkable singular fact last Saturday, that the most rabid numbers of that order were the most vociferous in his applause. Straws show which way the wind blows, and this fact shows how the rev. gentleman is regarded by the dark lantern party. A man to be in such repute with them must at least coincide with them in sentiment; and if Mr. Brenton is not in close communion, he is evidently an outside member, an aider and abettor in their nefarious designs against the civil and religious rights and privileges of a portion of our citizens. This is a fact that should be known in this congressional district and we will to ponder upon.

Can't support him.—The Free Press, a German paper in Indianapolis, bought up to sustain Fremont, is laboring diligently to promote the cause of its purchasers; but the last number states distinctly that it can in no case support J. W. Dawson, the candidate for Secretary of State. For all the other candidates, it is willing to do all within its power, but Dawson is too bitter a pill, and he can't swallow him, or have the conscience to recommend any German citizen to vote for him. There appears to be some lingering relics of decency and self-respect in the editor of the Free Press—unless, it may be, he thinks the purchase money was not enough for the loathsome service required of him.

Good Tidings for the Ladies.—A. L. Hanna is filling up his shelves with a new and excellent stock of ladies' gaiters, shoes, &c. Alick is a devoted friend of the fair, and shows his devotion in deeds rather than in words, as is manifested by the care and liberality with which he has selected his present stock, which far exceeds in beauty and quality any thing before brought here.

The gentleman, too, have not been neglected, but will find a fine assortment of masculine understandings of every size, style, and quality.—Also a choice assortment of hosiery, gloves, &c. Such a man deserve patronizing, and we advise all who need anything in his line to give him a call.

☞ The Democratic party abolished slavery in New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey—the Constitutions of Iowa, Wisconsin, Illinois, Michigan Indiana, Ohio and California, which prohibit Slavery, were all framed by the Democratic party.

To the Editor of the Fort Wayne Sentinel.

CAMDEN, JAY CO., IND., Sept. 22, 1856

DEAR SIR:—I hereby transmit to you an account of the proceedings of the Republican and Democratic parties at their respective *Mass Meetings.*

The Republicans met in mass on the 4th. The day was fine and there was a general rally from the grey-haired men down to the infant child. Many, no doubt, came to see the "fun of the picnic"—and so they did. Their banners were full of slander against the democratic party; so much so that very many of their own party were ashamed of them. They had a mechanic's wagon drawn by oxen, with carpenters, wagon makers, harness makers, blacksmiths, tailors, &c, thereon at work, and around it was an inscription saying "We don't work for 1 0 cents a day, nor vote for 10 cent Jimmy." They also had a woolly horse. A few men dressed in fantastic style, to imitate border ruffians. They had some boys blackened (and one, I believe, is natural black) to sell at whom cannon. They lacked music, however, except the singing of a few campaign *Psalms*, agreeing in sentiment with what I have already described. After marching awhile through town, in procession, they repaired to the ground to partake of a *free* dinner, (of course they must have a *Free* dinner to agree with *Free-soil*), and after that to hear the speeches upon the powers of Congress and constitutional restrictions. I will there leave them until next November.

The morning of the 18th finally came around, which was to bring the democratic hosts together; but, oh, such a morning! The heavens were black; it stormed and rained until quite late, and then gradually cleared off. Still, undaunted democracy kept on the march for our place, and by noon such a "rolling up and bombing up" of democrats was never before seen in our little town of Camden. It really made the republicans look disappointed and sad, for they anticipated a poor affair, if not a total failure. Our fine martial music, together with two brass bands, gave life and glee to the procession, and sent a thrill of pleasure to every heart. The procession presented a moving forest of young hickories, interspersed with back horns, and fancy flags and banners. But not a word of slander against any party was on them, and the good and manly conduct throughout the whole affair seemed to say—We are just attending to our own business and demonstrated that the "Democratic whiskey-slavery party" was not a ruffian, after all. We had no many wagons, and, it is thought, more voters than the republicans had at their meeting. We had no free dinner, however, of course, the democrats don't go for anything that has the word *free* prefixed to it, but "whiskey."

After dinner, we repaired in procession to the ground. Animated speeches were delivered by Messrs. Meekle, Garver and Brown. Everything went on quietly, and the democrats left for home well satisfied with the entertainment. So much for our cause.

Yours, truly, S.

HURRAH FOR BUCHANAN!!

Democratic Mass Meeting.

At FORT WAYNE, on the 7th October,

The Committee of Arrangements have selected the following gentlemen as Officers of the day, on the occasion of the Grand Mass Meeting of the Democracy of North Eastern Indiana.

President of the Day—Hon William Rockhill.

Vice Presidents—J. R. Edwards of Whitley County, S. A. Alford Noble, R. J. Dawson De Kalb, S. L. Rugg Adams, Dr T. Harvey Wells, J. R. Steele Huntington.—Henry Lagrange, G. W. McConnell Steuben, R. Lowry Elkhart, Graves Koeniseca, W. B. Barlow Wabash, James T. Miller Miami, Col Cullen Cass.

Secretaries—The Editors of all the Democratic papers in the Tenth Congressional District.

Grand Marshals—Gen. Samuel Edsall, Major Lewis Weike, Capt. Benjamin Alliger.

Assistant Grand Marshals—J. D. Worden, Wm. A Jackson, F. Stuckhoudt, A. McDonald, A Wiley, A. Carter, Samuel C. Freeman, Wm. H. McDonald, Wm. Fleming, E. Eaton.

Marshals—E. Cuttenden, W. T. Pratt, C. Eldridge, E. B. Edsall, S. B. Bond, Thomas Fleming, John Bostick, John Fraser, O. H. Ewing, Joseph Monier, Frank Lovelie jr, Frank Forster, John Fee jager, Benjamin Nettleborst, C. Roch, Frank Wolke, C. D. Bond, Dr. Meindermann, Gottlieb Langbrunrich, Christ Orff, E. Voss, Martin Neumann, Henry Baker, Henry Geiger, H. Kleinmuller, Ch. Recker, H. G. Wagner, Fr. Nuellinger, Marx Graaf, Reinhard Mergel, F. Schuckmann, Henry Gebhardt, A. Samon.

The procession will be formed in five divisions.

The First Division, composed of the Dragoon Company, Artillery, and Wayne Township delegation will form on Calhoun Street, with the front resting on Main Street, under the command of their respective Marshals.

The Second Division, composed of the delegations from Scipio, Springfield, Aboite, Maumee, Jefferson, Jackson Madison, and Monroe, with the delegation from Ohio, under the command of their respective Marshals, will form on Clinton street, with their front resting on Main Street.

The Third Division, composed of the delegations from Wells and Adams Counties and the several delegations from Adams, Marion, Pleasant and Lafayette Townships, under the command of their respective Marshals, will form on Harrison street, front resting on Main Street.

The Fourth Division, composed of the delegations from Huntington, Whitley, and Kosciusco Counties, as well as the delegations from Aboite, Lake, and Washington Townships, under the command of their respective Marshals, will form on Ewing Street, with their front resting on Main Street.

The Fifth Division, composed of the delegations from Noble, Elkhart, Lagrange, and DeKalb Counties, as well as the delegations from Bel River, Perry, and Cedar Creek Townships, will form on Pearl Street, front resting on Ewing Street, under the command of their respective Marshals.

Movement to commence precisely at 10 o'clock A. M. First Division will advance to the left, up Main Street; Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Divisions will fall in the procession in the order as numbered above.

The procession will pass up Main Street to Broadway, thence up Broadway to Wayne Street, to Wayne Street to Clay, on Clay to Main, on Main to Barr, on Barr to Columbia, on Columbia to Calhoun, on Calhoun to Main, on Main to the Fair Ground, which will be thrown open to all, and adjourn to Speaker's stand.

By order of Com. of Arrangements.

R. D. MINER, *Chair'n.*

R. D. TORSER, *Sec'y.*

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 19.

Geary's inaugural address was delivered at Lecompton, Kansas, on the 11th, and published here this morning. It is brief, pointed, and deprecates the continuance of strife and disorder prevailing in the Territory, which the Governor says are the result of illegal and unjustifiable interference by citizens of other States. He promises to do justice without party considerations, and expects obedience to the laws of the Territorial Legislature until repealed. A Proclamation issued the same day, orders the volunteer militia discharged, and commands the armed bodies of men to be disarmed or quit the Territory.

After a contest of two days, the State prisoners have been admitted bail by judge Lecompte and are to night with us. It is not believed they will ever be tried.

Gov. Geary is in Leavenworth, and will believe to morrow. We are cheered by his arrival. He promises to drive every marauder from Kansas who is not an actual resident, and says he will call to his aid 1000 U. S. Savages, and 50,000 volunteers from the North if necessary.

Arrival of the Indian.

QUEBEC, Sept 23.

The steamer Indian has arrived and brings Liverpool dates to the 10th inst.

The weather has been favorable for the crops, and prospects are fair.

All qualities of flour has considerably declined, and there is but little speculative inquiry. The decline ranges from 1 to 2d per bbl. Wheat generally has declined 3 a 4s per quarter. Corn was very dull and declined 1s 6d.

Breadstuffs—Baltimore and Philadelphia flour 29 a 31s, Ohio 31 a 33s. Red wheat 6s a 8s 6d; new 9s a 9s 3d; white wheat, old 8s 9d a 9s 9d, new 10s a 10s 3d. Yellow and mixed corn 31s a 31s 6d; white corn 32 a 33s.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23

Three new cases of yellow fever at the Relief Hospital, Fort Hamilton, and one death.

The Herald's Havana correspondent furnishes some additional particulars respecting the difficulty between England and Mexico.

The British steamer Tartar had sailed from Havana on a cruise to West India ports in order to collect a large number of other war vessels, when all would proceed to the Mexican Coast to enforce the payment of certain monies claimed to be due by the republic to subjects of the British crown.

It was reported that if the demands were not quickly satisfied a strict blockade of the chief ports of Mexico would be commenced at once, and that Mr Doyle, English Minister at Mexico had already demanded his passports.

ROCHESTER, Sept. 23.

The American State Convention assembled in this city to-day. The session was mostly occupied in the presentation of credentials.

Afternoon Session.—The Convention assembled at 2 P M and and was called to order by the President and Council by Sammons. Over 1,000 delegates were present.

Gen Scroggs, of Buffalo, moved that a Committee of one from each Congressional District be appointed to select permanent officers during the absence of the committee.

The committee on permanent organization then reported for President J M Barker with thirty three Vice Presidents and eight Secretaries.

Mr. Barker, on taking the Chair, made a brief address, thanking the Convention for the honor done him and alluding to the gratifying increase in the Councils since the last State Convention and declaring his conviction that the State was safe for Fillmore and Donelson.

A delegate moved that the convention proceed to ballot for Governor, whereupon another moved that the nomination be made by acclamation. The convention immediately arose as one man shouted "Ezekiah Brooks!" and for ten minutes a scene of the greatest and most rapturous enthusiasm prevailed.

A call was made for those that were opposed to the nomination to rise. Not a man rose.

Gen Scroggs made a brief speech congratulating the convention on their unanimity, and to have passed that the Convention proceed to an informal ballot for Lieut Governor.

Lyman Odell of Lexington having received a majority, was declared unanimously nominated.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for Canal Commissioner, but the ballot resulted in no choice. Mr J W Thompson moved the adoption of a resolution extending the sympathy of was in part, obtained by importations from Canada and the neighboring States into Maine.—The Black Republicans "trashed" great importance to the late election, because they knew if they were beaten Fremont would be virtually withdrawn from the Presidential runners; hence they spared no efforts for success and, we believe, resorted to great frauds to obtain it. Upon investigation we think the late vote in Maine would turn out to be as bogus as that of 1850 in this county, when the Democrats were beaten by the most gross and glaring frauds.—*Cin. Enq.*

The North American recorders met at the Court House, A W Walker, presiding.

C Edwards Lester read an address giving a history of the North American party, and of various intrigues connected with it, and recommended a course to fraternize with the Fillmore Americans for the overthrow of the Republicans.—Address adopted. Recess till afternoon.

The regular American Convention had not organized at noon, owing to the large number of delegates present and the time taken in submitting credentials.

"Scalping in Kansas."—The black republican press are publishing an account of "the scalping of a free State man in Kansas by a border ruffian," and are making the story the pretext for a furious assault upon the democratic party. The *facts* of this scalping case are as follows: A desperado residing in the neighborhood of Fort Leavenworth had a personal quarrel with a Kentuckian, got drunk and shot the Kentuckian dead, and then cut a piece from his scalp, and boastfully exhibited it at Leavenworth. A warrant was immediately issued for the scoundrels arrest, and it is thought he has been hung before this. The victim was a pro slavery man.

So much for the last "outrage upon freedom" in Kansas.

The Democratic Meeting at Dayton.—From all accounts that we have received the Enquirer reporter was moderate and within the mark in his estimate of the numbers at the great Democratic mass meeting at Dayton on the 17th inst, which he put at fifty thousand. Many people put it at much higher figure. With the exception of the Tippecanoe Battleground, this is the most successful demonstration of the campaign, and it strikes terror into the wooly heads in Southern Ohio. In number it was more than twice as large as the vaunted meeting in the same place on the 30th of July. The disparity in our favor is an index of the unpopularity that Buchanan will receive over Fremont in this section of the State, which will be counted by tens of thousands.

Our friends in Dayton are perfectly confident of electing Vallandigham over Lewis D. Campbell, by a large majority. Lew's political career is drawing near its close.—*Cin. Enq.*

Rejoicing over Kansas Outrages—The money article of the New York Independent (Beecher's paper) grows jubilant over the news of bloodshed in Kansas in the following strain:

"WE ARE GLAD to observe the spirit and business tact with which the presidential contest has been commenced and is proceeding in favor of the free candidate. *The daily advices from Kansas, we find produce a daily revival of stimulus to freedom, and is making daily new converts.* The state of affairs in Kansas is rapidly revolutionizing men's minds. It has more effect than any number of dry abstract arguments; and is quickening into feeling great numbers who have been previously lukewarm or indifferent, and will lend them up the polls in November in vehemence force. The subject is in every heart and mouth, and is more discussed than the usual subjects of business."

These "Kansas outrages" are the very ailment, or, as the Independent has it, "the daily renewal of stimulus," of the republican movement. Without them it would die out in a fortnight. Hence Gen. Lane was sent to the Territory to rouse the war and *continue it till election.*—*Argus and Atlas.*

Gen. Floyd and Mr. Fremont—The New York Herald, Evening Post and Tribune have been the mediums in giving extensive circulation to a report that Gov. Floyd, of Virginia, had taken the liberty—on the presumption of his enemies that he represented the entire Democracy of the whole Union—to tender the Democratic Presidential nomination to Mr. Fremont before he was nominated by the Black Republicans. This report we conceived too absurd for contradiction, but, as the error Floyd has thought it to notice the fabrication in positive and emphatic terms, we cheerfully give place to his letter of denial. Here it is:

ABINGTON, Va, Sept. 6, 1856

I hasten to answer your kind note received this morning, and to say that there is scarcely a shadow of foundation for the statements contained in the slip you sent me. I never had an interview with Fremont, except at his own seeking, or that of his special friends. I never made any offer to him of any thing for myself or others. He never expressed any censure for the repeal of the Missouri Compromise in my hearing. All that is common from beginning to end. I never saw him until I met him in New York; and, after a short acquaintance, considered him very slight metal, notwithstanding Mariposa, and extremely ill-informed upon all political subjects, because I saw that the influences which governed him were abolition. These are the simple facts; and the only thing about it which worries me is to think that the interviews of gentlemen, in the confidence of privacy, should be made the subject of newspaper discussion, and misrepresented, too, for the purpose of giving something of effect to the fables they are filled with.

JOHN B. FLOYD

To Inspectors of Election, Telegraph Operators, and Newspaper editors and Publishers throughout the Union.—The public will look for the result of the Presidential Election on the 5th of November. To enable the Newspapers of the Union to declare the result on the following morning, it will be necessary for the Inspectors of Election throughout the United States to aid the telegraph operators and editors in every town and for the editors and reporters to aid each other.

This can be done by confining their labors on the night of the election to the Presidents vote alone. Let the Inspectors everywhere count the electoral vote first, and let the telegraphs transmit that vote only on the night of election.

This plan will enable the press to announce the result the morning after election, even if the contest be a close one. We hope this plan will be adopted. No other will succeed. It will simplify the labor and make it easier—save time and satisfy the people.

Country and city editors will promote the object in view by publishing in their editorial columns this notice once or twice a week until the 4th of November.

The Election in Maine—An Immense Illegal Vote Polled.

The vote in Maine, at the late election, bears upon its face the most palpable evidence of fraud and corruption. In round numbers it will stand about thus:

Democrat	45,000
Straight Whig	5,000
Disunionist	70,000

The Total vote in Maine at the last Presidential election was but ninety thousand, although great excitement existed, and it was all drawn out; now, it is one hundred and twenty thousand an increase of twenty-five per cent in four years. This is a monstrous increase for a State which is nearly stationary in population. Again, as the total population is but five hundred and fifty thousand, the proportion of votes in Maine is one one to four and a half of that number, if the late election is a fair test. Does any one believe that such a proportion can honestly exist? One voter to six or seven of the population is the usual average in the free States. When it is one to four and a half, there certainly must be fraud somewhere. The Democrats polled more votes for their Governor this year than they did for Pierce for President in 1852, when he had eight thousand majority, and yet he is beaten twenty-five thousand by the Black-Republicans. There are grave grounds for suspicion that the extraordinary vote for Hamlin of seventy thousand

Democrat Meetings and Speeches!

Meetings will be held at the following times and places, when addresses will be made on the political issues of the day:

Monday, 29th, 1 P M, Monroe, in Madison
—7 P M same day, at East Liberty, in Monroe.
Tuesday, 30th, 1 P M, Monroeville.
Saturday, Oct. 4th, 7 P M, New Haven.
Thursday, 9th, 4 P M, Peter Parker's School House in St. Jo.
Friday, 10th, 7 P M, Pleasant Township.
Monday, 13th, 3 P M, Marion.

A PERFUMED BREATH—What lady or gentleman would remain under the ban of a disagreeable breath when by using the "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS," as a dentifrice would, not only render it sweet but leave the teeth white as alabaster! Many persons do not know the breath is foul, and the subject is so delicate their friends will never mention it. Fear a single drop of "BALM" on your tooth brush and wash the teeth night and morning. A fifty cents bottle will last a year.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION may easily be required by using the "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers.*" It will remove tan, pimples and freckles from the skin, leaving it of a soft and tractable hue. Wet a towel, pour on two or three drops, and wash the face night and morning.

SHAVING MADE EASY—Wet your shaving brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of "*Balm of a Thousand Flowers*," rub it a heavy well, and it will make a beautiful soft lather, much facilitating the operation of shaving—Price only fifty cents. Beware of counterfeits—None genuine unless signed by

W. F. FLETRIDGE & CO.,
Franklin Square, N York.

6m13

Great Cure of Piles.

HENDERSVILLE, N. C., Nov. 1, 1853

Dr. S M Jackson—Dear Sir—Allow me to express to you my sincere thanks for your discovery of a medicine which, to say the least of it, has effected a cure that all other medicines that I have taken have entirely failed to do. "Hoofland's German Bitters" *have cured me of the most stubborn and aggravated case of the PILES that perhaps ever fell to the lot of man.* My case is not a stranger to this community, as I am well known in this and the surrounding counties, and can truly say that my recovery has astonished all my friends and relations, as I had tried every thing recommended, and nothing did me any good until I was prevailed upon to try the Bitters. You are at liberty to make any use of this communication, for the benefit of the afflicted, as you may think proper. Truly yours, WM J ALWOOD

Fever and Ague cured without using Quinine, Arsenic, Mercury, Opium, or any of the poisonous drugs, or dangerous compounds, generally resorted to by physicians from time long drawn, wilt long and lingering of all diseases, by resorting to Carter's Spanish Mixture, which contains none of the above deleterious substances, but curses effectually and fully by secret operations on the Liver and Skin, Purifying the Blood, and expelling the remains of old malaria once with which the system has been clogged, opening the pores of the body, and allowing nature to act freely in breaking up the disease, and to operate in its energies.

See the cure of Mr. John Congdon of Va; he had fived and chronic Ague and Fever, chills twice a day for three years. Nothing permanently cured him until he tried Carter's Spanish Mixture three bottles of which perfectly restored him to health; he has had a chill since. He is one of a thousand who have experienced the life renewing effects of this valuable purifier of the blood.

The Poetry of Physic.

AYER'S PILLS gilds, sugar-coat, over the palate, but their energy, although wrapped up, is *there*, and pills, with giant force on the very foundations of disease. There are thousands of sick men who would not wear their diaphragm if they knew they could get cured for 25 cents.—Try Ayer's Pills, and you will know it.

Purify the blood and disease will be starved out.

Cleanse the system from impurities and you are cured already.

Take this list of all Purgatives, and Sarsaparillas, Indigestion, Weakness, Headache, Heartache, Sidesche, Jaundice, Rheumatism, derangements of the Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels, all dreadful sores and all diseases which a purgative remedy can reach, fly before them like darkness before the sun.

Reader, if you are suffering from any of the numerous complaints they cure—suffer no more, the remedy has been provided for you, and it is criminal to neglect it.

That *Ayer's Cherry Pectoral* is the best medicine for a cough, is known to the whole world, and that *Ayer's Pills* are the best of all pills, is known to those who have used them.

Prepared by Dr. J C AYER, Chemist, Lowell, Mass, and sold by all respectable Druggists everywhere.

FRAUD!—We call attention to the fact of numerous unprincipled efforts that are daily making in our city by vendors of a bitter mixture, to ing the persuasive argument (in order to effect sales) to dealers in Hostetter's bitters, to purchase from them and sell it in Hostetter's bottles. We hope that such impostors will find that no respectable community by all respectable persons who sell or use the genuine article. Not only have we the individual evidence of the country, but almost every paper in the Union has mentioned upon the superior excellence of, and the great benefits derived from the use of this celebrated tonic; besides various diplomas awarded, among which is one from the Ohio Mechanics' Institute, in Cincinnati, where the committee, composed chiefly of physicians of the city, awarded Hostetter, Smith & Co., a diploma for the superior virtues of their Bitters, as a tonic and strengthener of the human system. We therefore caution against impositions, and to purchase of none but respectable dealers, where they know would not deceive them.

For sale by H. H. Reed, Wall & Meyer; J. D. Worden & Co., H. H. Wagner.

COMMERCIAL.

Fort Wayne, Saturday, Sept. 27.

Competition among buyers has kept Wheat up to $1 15 a 1 25, but from the unfavorable foreign news it will probably be lower next week. Flour, extra, 6.50; superfine 6.00 Rye flour 4.50. Corn 43; Buckwheat —, Oats 25 a 30; Barley 75; Rye 50; Beans 1 25; Potatoes 35; Sweet do. 75; Onions 75; Butter 12; Cheese 10, Eggs 9a10; Salt 2 25; Bacon 10; Lard 11 Hams 10 a 12; Pork 5 00a 5 50; Beef 4 00 a 5 00 5 50; Flaxseed 1 00; Clover 5 50; Timothy Seed 1 75; Apples, green, 25 a62½; dry, ——; Wool, common, 25 a 28, fine, 31 a 42; white fish, half bbl 5 00; pickerel 5 00; trout 5 00; lake herring 5 00, Cranberries 3 50 a 4 00.

MARRIED.—In this city on the 23rd inst. by Rev. E. Curtis, Mr. NICHOLAS A. HEESS to Miss GERTRUDE M. GERMAN.

Public Sale.

ON SATURDAY, the first day of November next, at the door of the banking house of the Branch of Fort Wayne of the State Bank of Indiana, between the hours of ten and two of said day, will be offered at Public Auction the following Real Estate: The west half of the north-east quarter of section No. 22 and the west half of the south-east quarter of section No. 15, in township No. 31, north of range No. 13 east, in Allen County, Ind., conveyed to the Bank in payment of debts due from Samuel Lewis.

Also the east half of the north-east quarter of section No. 6, township No. 32, range 10 east, Whitley County, Ind., conveyed to the Bank by H. M. Pettibone.

Also a lot of land near the town plat of the town of Grabill, Allen County, conveyed to the Bank on a claim against Henry Work.

For more particular description of said property, and terms of sale, apply to the undersigned, Branch Bank, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

H. McCULLOCH, Cashier.

September 23d, 1856. 5w13

NOTICE

IS hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Branch at Fort Wayne of the State Bank of Indiana, for the election of Seven Directors, on the part of the Stockholders of said Branch Bank, for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House of said Branch in Fort Wayne, on the first Monday of November next, between the hours of ten and six of said day.

H. McCULLOCH, Cashier.

Branch Bank Fort Wayne, Sept. 23, 1856. 6w13

WASHINGTON, Sept 23.

The Intelligencer drops its neutrality this morning, and supports Fillmore for the Presidency, on the basis of the action of the Whig National Convention.

GRAND UNION CONVENTION.

OF NORTH EASTERN INDIANA.

GRAND MASS MEETING

OF THE FRIENDS OF THE

UNION and the CONSTITUTION

AT FORT WAYNE,

On Tuesday, October 7th, 1856

J. C. BRECKINRIDGE,

GEN. CASS,

Gov HOWEL COBB, of Georgia,

J. B. Clay, J. VanBuren,

J. D. Bright—J. Pettit—Gov. Wright—F. J. Grund, who will speak in German and French—G. N. Fitch—A. P. Edgerton—R. Lowry—D. W. Voorhies—R. J. Ryan, the Indianapolis young Irish Orator—and other distinguished Democratic Statesmen have been invited, several of whom will positively attend!

Democrats of the surrounding Counties and Townships, meet with us on the occasion, and take counsel together. Bring your wives and daughters, your music and banners, your wagons and hickory poles! The young men and women are invited to attend on horseback, and form a

GRAND CAVALCADE!

The procession will be formed at 10 o'clock.

Arrangements will be made with the Railroad Companies to carry visitors to the Convention for HALF FARE.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed and delivered from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale by public auction, at the Court House door, in Allen County, Indiana, between the hours of one and four o'clock P. M. on the 25th day of October, 1856; the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven years of all the Fort Wayne and Piqua Plank Road in said County, together with all the Toll Houses and Lands on which they stand, and appurtenances thereto belonging, which said road has been located and constructed; together with all the corporate rights, privileges, franchises and appurtenances granted and secured to, and exercised by the said Fort Wayne and Piqua Plank Road Company in their corporate capacity; and not sufficient to realize therefrom a sum sufficient to satisfy said execution, I will at the same time and place, by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the *fee simple* of said above mentioned and described property.

Taken as totally lost Execution in favor of Samuel Hanna and Samuel L. Rugg.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.

Sept 26 by 1856. (2 40) 3w13

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale by public auction, at the court house door in Allen County, Indiana, between the hours of one and 4 o'clock P. M. of the 25th day of October, 1856, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, the Plank Road known as the Fort Wayne and Columbia Plank Road, together with all that part of said road now made so that part of said road which may be hereafter made, together with the Toll-Houses, Toll Gates, and Lands attached thereto, revenues and income of said road, and all the privileges and appurtenances and property belonging to, forming a part of, or may when completed with said road, and with the Toll-Houses, Toll-Gates and Lands attached thereto, income and revenues when may hereafter accrue; and on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs; I will at the same time and place, by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the fee simple of said above mentioned and described property. Said property is taken to satisfy said execution in favor of the State Bank of Indiana.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.

R. Brackenridge, Att'y.

Sept 26, 1856 ($2 50) 3w13

Notice.

BYRAM D. MINER is appointed my Agent to make contracts, during my absence, for the sale of any or all of the real and personal estate owned by me in Allen County, Indiana.

WILLIAM G. EWING Jr.

Fort Wayne, September 17th, 1856. 3w12

NOTICE

THE firm of Shoaff & Hanna is dissolved mutually. Their accounts are nothing.—Those owing us will please call at the new firm, and settle with either party, who are authorized to receipt for the accounts they hold.

S. H. SHOAFF.
H. C. HANNA.

Fort Wayne, August 26, 1856.

The business of the old firm will be hereafter conducted by H. C. Hanna, who returns thanks for past favors and will be happy to see his old patrons, and lots of new ones, to whom he will make as host and lowest bow. H. C. H.

NITRATE of Silver *Pure* in pencils and crystals; Sulphate of Quinine; Sulphate, Muriate, and Acetate of Morphia; Strychnia, Veratria, Podophillin, Iodine, Iodide of Iron, Hydriodate of Potassa, Acetate of Iron, Phosphate of Iron, Citrate of Iron, and pure Iron Filings.

For sale by J. U. WINSLOW,
Aug. 30. *At Apothecaries Hall.*

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by *Public Auction*, at the Court House door in the city of Fort Wayne, in the county of Allen and State of Indiana, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of the 27th day of September, A. D. 1856, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, of the north west fourth of the south west fourth of section twenty, township twenty-nine, north of range nineteen east, Allen County, containing forty acres. And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and place by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the fee simple of said above mentioned and described property. Said property is taken to satisfy said execution in favor of the State Bank of Indiana.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.

R. Brackenridge, Att'y.

Sept 26, 1856 ($2 50) 3w13

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale by public auction, at the court house door in Allen County, Indiana, between the hours of one and 4 o'clock P. M. of the 25th day of October, 1856, the rents and profits for a term of years not exceeding seven, the Plank Road known as the Fort Wayne and Columbia Plank Road, together with all that part of said road now made so that part of said road which may be hereafter made, together with the Toll-Houses, Toll Gates, and Lands attached thereto, revenues and income of said road, and all the privileges and appurtenances and property belonging to, forming a part of, or may when completed with said road, and with the Toll-Houses, Toll-Gates and Lands attached thereto, income and revenues when may hereafter accrue; and on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs; I will at the same time and place, by public auction as aforesaid, expose to sale the fee simple of said above mentioned and described property. Said property is taken to satisfy said execution in favor of the State Bank of Indiana.

WM. FLEMING, Sh'ff A. C.

R. Brackenridge, Att'y.

Sept 26, 1856 ($2 50) 3w13

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WILLIAM G. EWING Jr.

Fort Wayne, September 17th, 1856. 3w12

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NITRATE of Silver *Pure* in pencils and crystals; Sulphate of Quinine; Sulphate, Muriate, and Acetate of Morphia; Strychnia, Veratria, Podophillin, Iodine, Iodide of Iron, Hydriodate of Potassa, Acetate of Iron, Phosphate of Iron, Citrate of Iron, and pure Iron Filings.

For sale by J. U. WINSLOW,
Aug. 30. *At Apothecaries Hall.*

NEW GOODS
Just received

AT GREY'S well known Cheap Store, No. 84 Columbia street, a well assorted stock of

Fall and Winter Goods.

In a week or two the whole assortment will be on hand, when fuller description will be given. In the mean time call and examine.

Sept. 20. C. A. GREY.

Dissolution.

THE Firm of Nettelhorst & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

W. B. BAXTER.
C. W. NETTELHORST.
R. W. NETTELHORST.

Fort Wayne, September 10, 1856 3w11

NEW GOODS

THIS day opened at the Boston Dry Goods Store, No. 5 Columbia street, a large lot of

New Style De Laines, Prints, and other Dress Goods.

Sept. 12, 1856. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Wabash and Erie Canal Lands.

THE following Lots or Tracts of Wabash and Erie Canal Lands, having become forfeited to the Board of Trustees of the Wabash and Erie Canal, for the non-payment of interest and principal, will be offered for sale, unless previously redeemed, on the 6th day of October, 1856 at the Land Office in Terre Haute, Indiana, according to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, approved December 25th, 1856, entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled an Act for the Relief of the Purchasers of Canal Lands," approved January 19th, 1846

No. of Certificate	DESCRIPTION OF LAND.	Section.	Township.	Range.
	East of Tippecanoe. ORIGINAL CERTIFICATES.			
50	w half of sw qr	26	27n	1w
396	w half of sw qr	22	27	5w
476	w half of sw qr	1	27	1
254	w half of sw qr	31	29	11
215	w half of sw qr	22	31	10
697	w half of sw qr	19	27	1
697	w half of sw qr	19	27	2
695	w half of sw qr	16	27	2
711	fractional w half of sw qr	9	31	15
1014	w half of sw qr	5	27	2
1170	n fr of sw qr	22	33	3w
1188	w half of sw qr	17	31	15
1189	e half of sw qr	10	31	15
1359	w half of sw qr	28	31	14
1360	n half of sw qr	17	31	15
1641	w half of sw qr	4	27	6
1644	w half of sw qr	33	28	7
1716	w half of sw qr	15	31	15
1717	w half of sw qr	5	31	15
1718	w half of sw qr	8	31	15
1719	w half of sw qr	5	31	15
2011	w half of sw qr	17	31	15
2014	w half of sw qr	28	31	15
2015	w half of sw qr	15	31	15
2135	w half of sw qr	15	30	14
2136	w half of sw qr	5	27	1
2155	w half of sw qr	33	31	15
2016	w half of sw qr	13	30	14
2156	w half of sw qr	13	27	1
2158	w half of sw qr	17	27	1w
2167	w half of sw qr	17	27	1
2168	e half of sw qr	17	27	1
2169	w half of sw qr	17	27	1
2170	w half of sw qr	12	30	14
2169	n half of sw qr	25	31	1w
2169	e half of sw qr	32	33	15
2169	w half of sw qr	32	33	15
2169	fractional sw qr	3	28	10
2170	fractional sw qr	34	28	10
2171	fractional sw qr	31	27	2
2172	fractional sw qr	19	31	2w
2173	fractional sw qr	29	28	10
2153	w half of sw qr	25	27	6
2152	n half of sw qr	1	26	6
2151	w half of sw qr	25	28	8
1455	w half of sw qr (lots 1 & 2)	24	28	8
1417	n fr of sw qr	19	27	10
1176	sw fr of sw qr	25	29	10
1732	sw fr of sw qr (lot 5)	14	26	3
1733	sw fr of sw qr (lot 6)	14	26	3
	TRUSTEES' SALES.			
99	e half of sw qr	35	27	5w
	West of Tippecanoe. ORIGINAL CERTIFICATES.			
1109	e half of sw qr	15	35	6w
1023	e half of sw qr	33	31	1w
1610	w half of sw qr	19	32	1
1750	e half of sw qr	5	32	2
1751	w half of sw qr	17	31	2
1607	w half of sw qr	29	33	3
2027	w half of sw qr	1	32	5
2029	sw qr of sw qr	21	31	4
2051	sw fr of sw qr (lot 3)	14	31	7
	TRUSTEES' CERTIFICATES.			
203	e half of sw qr	8	31	2w
204	w half of sw qr	19	14	9w
261	e half of sw qr	23	14	10
261	sw qr of sw qr	5	31	2w
265	e half of sw qr	1	31	7
359	e half of sw qr	16	31	2
430	e half of sw qr	14	31	2
435	w half of sw qr	9	31	2
450	e half of sw qr	34	32	6w
451	w half of sw qr	33	32	6
462	sw qr of sw qr	19	33	2w
495	e half of sw qr	6	29	7w
498	e half of sw qr	15	31	2w
545	sw qr of sw qr	5	31	6w
665	w half of sw qr	7	32	3
703	sw qr	19	31	2w
704	sw qr of sw qr	7	31	2w
767	sw qr of sw qr	5	29	6
816	sw qr of sw qr	2	27	9
	sw qr of sw qr	11	27	9
863	w half of sw qr	19	31	2w
1096	sw qr of sw qr	15	32	3
	e half of sw qr	29	29	7w
	sw qr of sw qr	29		
1208	sw qr of sw qr	12	31	8
1209	w half of sw qr	30	35	5
1231	sw qr of sw qr	14	31	7
1325	sw qr of sw qr	31	31	8
1326	n half of sw qr	31	29	8
1365	e half of sw qr	2	29	6
1366	w half of sw qr	2	29	6
1404	w half of sw qr	31	29	9
1431	sw qr of sw qr	31	33	9
1436	e half of sw qr	11	31	8
1525	sw qr of sw qr	6	31	8
1556	sw qr of sw qr	4	33	7
1618	sw qr of sw qr	17	26	4
	n half of sw qr	1	26	4
	sw qr of sw qr	2	25	5
1619	sw qr of sw qr (all of sw qr, sw half of sw qr, se half of sw qr)	2	25	5
	w half of sw qr	11	25	5
	sw qr of sw qr	14	25	5
1620	sw qr of sw qr	15	25	4
1621	sw qr of sw qr	22	25	4
1731	e half of sw qr	17	26	5
1733	all of sw qr	15	26	5
1767	sw qr of sw qr	13	31	8
1768	sw qr of sw qr	22	33	8
1818	sw qr of sw qr	13	33	8
1861	sw qr of sw qr	4	31	8
1864	sw qr of sw qr	13	34	7
1866	sw qr of sw qr, se qr of sw qr	13	34	7
1867	e half of sw qr	14	34	7
1868	sw qr of sw qr	21	33	7
1869	sw qr of sw qr	14	34	8
1866	sw qr of sw qr	21	34	8
1867	sw qr of sw qr	22	34	8
1868	n half of sw qr	4	30	8
2001	sw qr of sw qr	11	34	7
2002	sw qr of sw qr	14	34	7
2003	n half of sw qr	14	33	7
2004	w half of sw qr, se qr of sw qr	3	33	7
2005	n half of sw qr	14	33	7
2006	sw qr of sw qr	23	33	7
2007	fractional sw qr	26	33	4
2008	fractional sw qr	35	33	4
2009	n half of sw qr	3	31	5
2010	w half of sw qr, se qr of sw qr	6	31	5
2011	n half of sw qr	6	31	5
2012	w half of sw qr, se qr of sw qr	5	31	5
2013	n half of sw qr	8	31	5
2014	fractional sw qr	18	28	4
2015	sw qr of sw qr	19	28	4
2016	n half of sw qr	19	28	4
2017	fractional sw qr	25	33	4
2018	fractional sw qr	26	33	4
2019	n half of sw qr	5	31	5
2020	w half of sw qr	5	31	5
2021	n half of sw qr	6	31	5
2022	w half of sw qr, se qr of sw qr	8	31	5
2023	n half of sw qr	8	31	5
2024	fractional sw qr	18	28	4
2025	sw qr of sw qr	5	32	5
2026	n half of sw qr	5	32	5
2027	w half of sw qr, se qr of sw qr	19	26	4
2028	n half of sw qr	19	26	4
2029	sw qr of sw qr	19	26	4
2030	sw qr of sw qr	20	27	5
2031	sw qr of sw qr	20	27	5
2032	w half of sw qr	28	27	5
2033	sw qr of sw qr	29	27	5
2034	sw qr of sw qr	29	27	5
2035	sw qr of sw qr	32	27	5
2036	sw qr of sw qr	33	27	5
2037	sw qr of sw qr	34	27	5
2038	sw qr of sw qr	3	28	5
2039	sw qr of sw qr	10	28	5
2040	sw qr of sw qr	11	28	5
2041	sw qr of sw qr	14	28	5
2042	sw qr of sw qr	15	28	5
2043	sw qr of sw qr	22	28	5
2044	sw qr of sw qr	23	28	5
2045	sw qr of sw qr	26	28	5
2046	sw qr of sw qr	27	28	5
2047	sw qr of sw qr	34	28	5
2048	sw qr of sw qr	35	28	5
2049	sw qr of sw qr	2	29	5
2050	sw qr of sw qr	11	29	5
2051	sw qr of sw qr	14	29	5
2052	sw qr of sw qr	23	29	5
2053	sw qr of sw qr	26	29	5
2054	sw qr of sw qr	35	29	5
2055	sw qr of sw qr	2	30	5
2056	sw qr of sw qr	11	30	5
2057	sw qr of sw qr	14	30	5
2058	sw qr of sw qr	23	30	5
2059	sw qr of sw qr	26	30	5
2060	sw qr of sw qr	35	30	5
2061	sw qr of sw qr	2	31	5
2062	sw qr of sw qr	11	31	5
2063	sw qr of sw qr	14	31	5
2064	sw qr of sw qr	23	31	5
2065	sw qr of sw qr	26	31	5
2066	sw qr of sw qr	35	31	5
2067	sw qr of sw qr	2	32	5
2068	sw qr of sw qr	11	32	5
2069	sw qr of sw qr	14	32	5
2070	sw qr of sw qr	23	32	5
2071	sw qr of sw qr	26	32	5
2072	sw qr of sw qr	35	32	5
2073	sw qr of sw qr	2	33	5
2074	sw qr of sw qr	11	33	5
2075	sw qr of sw qr	14	33	5
2076	sw qr of sw qr	23	33	5
2077	sw qr of sw qr	26	33	5
2078	sw qr of sw qr	35	33	5
2079	sw qr of sw qr	2	34	5
2080	sw qr of sw qr	11	34	5
2081	sw qr of sw qr	14	34	5
2082	sw qr of sw qr	23	34	5
2083	sw qr of sw qr	26	34	5
2084	sw qr of sw qr	35	34	5
2085	sw qr of sw qr	2	35	5
2086	sw qr of sw qr	11	35	5
2087	sw qr of sw qr	14	35	5
2088	sw qr of sw qr	23	35	5
2089	sw qr of sw qr	26	35	5
2090	sw qr of sw qr	35	35	5
2091	sw qr of sw qr	2	36	5
2092	sw qr of sw qr	11	36	5
2093	sw qr of sw qr	14	36	5
2094	sw qr of sw qr	23	36	5
2095	sw qr of sw qr	26	36	5
2096	sw qr of sw qr	35	36	5

No. of Certificate	DESCRIPTION OF LAND.	Section.	Township.	Range.
2097	w half of sw qr	2	37	5
2098	w half of sw qr	11	37	5
2099	w half of sw qr	14	37	5
2100	w half of sw qr	23	37	5
2101	w half of sw qr	26	37	5
2102	w half of sw qr	35	37	5
2103	w half of sw qr	2	38	5
2104	w half of sw qr	11	38	5
2105	w half of sw qr	14	38	5
2106	w half of sw qr	23	38	5
2107	w half of sw qr	26	38	5
2108	w half of sw qr	35	38	5
2109	w half of sw qr	2	39	5
2110	w half of sw qr	11	39	5
2111	w half of sw qr	14	39	5
2112	w half of sw qr	23	39	5
2113	w half of sw qr	26	39	5
2114	w half of sw qr	35	39	5
2115	w half of sw qr	2	40	5
2116	w half of sw qr	11	40	5
2117	w half of sw qr	14	40	5
2118	w half of sw qr	23	40	5
2119	w half of sw qr	26	40	5
2120	w half of sw qr	35	40	5
2121	w half of sw qr	2	41	5
2122	w half of sw qr	11	41	5
2123	w half of sw qr	14	41	5
2124	w half of sw qr	23	41	5
2125	w half of sw qr	26	41	5
2126	w half of sw qr	35	41	5
2127	w half of sw qr	2	42	5
2128	w half of sw qr	11	42	5
2129	w half of sw qr	14	42	5
2130	w half of sw qr	23	42	5
2131	w half of sw qr	26	42	5
2132	w half of sw qr	35	42	5
2133	w half of sw qr	2	43	5
2134	w half of sw qr	11	43	5
2135	w half of sw qr	14	43	5
2136	w half of sw qr	23	43	5
2137	w half of sw qr	26	43	5
2138	w half of sw qr	35	43	5
2139	w half of sw qr	2	44	5
2140	w half of sw qr	11	44	5
2141	w half of sw qr	14	44	5
2142	w half of sw qr	23	44	5
2143	w half of sw qr	26	44	5
2144	w half of sw qr	35	44	5
2145	w half of sw qr	2	45	5
2146	w half of sw qr	11	45	5
2147	w half of sw qr	14	45	5
2148	w half of sw qr	23	45	5
2149	w half of sw qr	26	45	5
2150	w half of sw qr	35	45	5
2151	w half of sw qr	2	46	5
2152	w half of sw qr	11	46	5
2153	w half of sw qr	14	46	5
2154	w half of sw qr	23	46	5
2155	w half of sw qr	26	46	5
2156	w half of sw qr	35	46	5
2157	w half of sw qr	2	47	5
2158	w half of sw qr	11	47	5
2159	w half of sw qr	14	47	5
2160	w half of sw qr	23	47	5
2161	w half of sw qr	26	47	5
2162	w half of sw qr	35	47	5
2163	w half of sw qr	2	48	5
2164	w half of sw qr	11	48	5
2165	w half of sw qr	14	48	5
2166	w half of sw qr	23	48	5
2167	w half of sw qr	26	48	5
2168	w half of sw qr	35	48	5
2169	w half of sw qr	2	49	5
2170	w half of sw qr	11	49	5
2171	w half of sw qr	14	49	5
2172	w half of sw qr	23	49	5
2173	w half of sw qr	26	49	5
2174	w half of sw qr	35	49	5
2175	w half of sw qr	2	50	5
2176	w half of sw qr	11	50	5
2177	w half of sw qr	14	50	5
2178	w half of sw qr	23	50	5
2179	w half of sw qr	26	50	5
2180	w half of sw qr	35	50	5
2181	w half of sw qr	2	51	5
2182	w half of sw qr	11	51	5
2183	w half of sw qr	14	51	5
2184	w half of sw qr	23	51	5
2185	w half of sw qr	26	51	5
2186	w half of sw qr	35	51	5
2187	w half of sw qr	2	52	5
2188	w half of sw qr	11	52	5
2189	w half of sw qr	14	52	5
2190	w half of sw qr	23	52	5
2191	w half of sw qr	26	52	5
2192	w half of sw qr	35	52	5
2193	w half of sw qr	2	53	5
2194	w half of sw qr	11	53	5
2195	w half of sw qr	14	53	5
2196	w half of sw qr	23	53	5
2197	w half of sw qr	26	53	5
2198	w half of sw qr	35	53	5
2199	w half of sw qr	2	54	5
2200	w half of sw qr	11	54	5
2201	w half of sw qr	14	54	5
2202	w half of sw qr	23	54	5
2203	w half of sw qr	26	54	5
2204	w half of sw qr	35	54	5
2205	w half of sw qr	2	55	5
2206	w half of sw qr	11	55	5
2207	w half of sw qr	14	55	5
2208	w half of sw qr	23	55	5
2209	w half of sw qr	26	55	5
2210	w half of sw qr	35	55	5
2211	w half of sw qr	2	56	5
2212	w half of sw qr	11	56	5
2213	w half of sw qr	14	56	5
2214	w half of sw qr	23	56	5
2215	w half of sw qr	26	56	5
2216	w half of sw qr	35	56	5
2217	w half of sw qr	2	57	5
2218	w half of sw qr	11	57	5
2219	w half of sw qr	14	57	5
2220	w half of sw qr	23	57	5
2221	w half of sw qr	26	57	5
2222	w half of sw qr	35	57	5
2223	w half of sw qr	2	58	5
2224	w half of sw qr	11	58	5
2225	w half of sw qr	14	58	5
2226	w half of sw qr	23	58	5
2227	w half of sw qr	26	58	5
2228	w half of sw qr	35	58	5
2229	w half of sw qr	2	59	5
2230	w half of sw qr	11	59	5
2231	w half of sw qr	14	59	5
2232	w half of sw qr	23	59	5
2233	w half of sw qr	26	59	5
2234	w half of sw qr	35	59	5
2235	w half of sw qr	2	60	5
2236	w half of sw qr	11	60	5
2237	w half of sw qr	14	60	5
2238	w half of sw qr	23	60	5
2239	w half of sw qr	26	60	5
2240	w half of sw qr	35	60	5
2241	w half of sw qr	2	61	5
2242	w half of sw qr	11	61	5
2243	w half of sw qr	14	61	5
2244	w half of sw qr	23	61	5
2245	w half of sw qr	26	61	5
2246	w half of sw qr	35	61	5
2247	w half of sw qr	2	62	5
2248	w half of sw qr	11	62	5
2249	w half of sw qr	14	62	5
2250	w half of sw qr	23	62	5
2251	w half of sw qr	26	62	5
2252	w half of sw qr	35	62	5
2253	w half of sw qr	2	63	5
2254	w half of sw qr	11	63	5
2255	w half of sw qr	14	63	5
2256	w half of sw qr	23	63	5
2257	w half of sw qr	26	63	5
2258	w half of sw qr	35	63	5
2259	w half of sw qr	2	64	5
2260	w half of sw qr	11	64	5
2261	w half of sw qr	14	64	5
2262	w half of sw qr	23	64	5
2263	w half of sw qr	26	64	5
2264	w half of sw qr	35	64	5

By order of the Board of Trustees of the Wabash and Erie Canal.

4w10 J. H. HAGER, *Clerk.*

PURE LEMON JUICE—Identical with the expressed juice of Fresh Lemons. For sale at *Apothecaries Hall.*

East of Tippecanoe.

ORIGINAL CERTIFICATES

50	w half of sw qr	26	27n	1w
396	w half of sw qr	22	27	5w
476	w half of sw qr	1	27	1
254	w half of sw qr	31	29	11
215	w half of sw qr	22	31	10
697	w half of sw qr	19	27	1
697	w half of sw qr	19	27	2
695	w half of sw qr	16	27	2
711	fractional w half of sw qr	9	31	15
1014	w half of sw qr	5	27	2
1170	n fr of sw qr	22	33	3w
1188	w half of sw qr	17	31	15
1189	e half of sw qr	10	31	15
1359	w half of sw qr	28	31	14
1360	n half of sw qr	17	31	15
1641	w half of sw qr	4	27	6
1644	w half of sw qr	33	28	7
1716	w half of sw qr	15	31	15
1717	w half of sw qr	5	31	15
1718	w half of sw qr	8	31	15
1719	w half of sw qr	5	31	15
2011	w half of sw qr	17	31	15
2014	w half of sw qr	28	31	15
2015	w half of sw qr	15	31	15
2135	w half of sw qr	15	30	14
2136	w half of sw qr	5	27	1
2155	w half of sw qr	33	31	15
2016	w half of sw qr	13	30	14
2156	w half of sw qr	13	27	1
2158	w half of sw qr	17	27	1w
2167	w half of sw qr	17	27	1
2168	e half of sw qr	17	27	1
2169	w half of sw qr	17	27	1
2170	w half of sw qr	12	30	14
2169	n half of sw qr	25	31	1w
2169	e half of sw qr	32	33	15
2169	w half of sw qr	32	33	15
2169	fractional sw qr	3	28	10
2170	fractional sw qr	34	28	10
2171	fractional sw qr	31	27	2
2172	fractional sw qr	19	31	2w
2173	fractional sw qr	29	28	10
2153	w half of sw qr	25	27	6
2152	n half of sw qr	1	26	6
2151	w half of sw qr	25	28	8
1455	w half of sw qr (lots 1 & 2)	24	28	8
1417	n fr of sw qr	19	27	10
1176	sw fr of sw qr	25	29	10
1732	sw fr of sw qr (lot 5)	14	26	3
1733	sw fr of sw qr (lot 6)	14	26	3

	TRUSTEES' SALES.			
99	e half of sw qr	35	27	5w
	West of Tippecanoe. ORIGINAL CERTIFICATES.			
1109	e half of sw qr	15	35	6w
1023	e half of sw qr	33	31	1w
1610	w half of sw qr	19	32	1
1750	e half of sw qr	5	32	2
1751	w half of sw qr	17	31	2
1607	w half of sw qr	29	33	3
2027	w half of sw qr	1	32	5
2029	sw qr of sw qr	21	31	4
2051	sw fr of sw qr (lot 3)	14	31	7
	TRUSTEES' CERTIFICATES.			
203	e half of sw qr	8	31	2w
204	w half of sw qr	19	14	9w
261	e half of sw qr	23	14	10
261	sw qr of sw qr	5	31	2w
265	e half of sw qr	1	31	7
359	e half of sw qr	16	31

Continued from the First Page.

It is true that Fremont is the candidate in only sixteen States of the Union while Mr Buchanan is the candidate of the candidate of thirty one States.

It is true that John C Fremont is the most selfish and grasping and monopolist in the United States.

It is true that he is charged with speculating with government funds and credit, and appropriating government property to his own use and that the charge is not and cannot be refuted.

It is true that as a military officer he was arrested and tried on charges of mutiny and disobedience of orders and found guilty and dismissed from the service.

It is true that during his brief term of twenty one days in the Senate he introduced a bill that would have done a vast injury to the laboring classes by misrepresented. that he tried to be neglected and signally failed.

It is true that of twenty years of distinguished public service no true charge whatever can be brought against the Hon James Buchanan.

It is true that while a member of the Senate for a few days, John C. Fremont waylaid and beat at the door of the Senate chamber, a Senator twenty years older and much smaller than himself, and that too for words spoken in debate?

It is true that James Buchanan never ran for any office yet without being elected.

It is true that he is now gaining strength every day, and Fremont losing.

It is true *in our opinion*, that a white man is as good as a negro — *Pitt Post.*

☞ The reported murder of A. G. Patrick, a farmer of this State and editor of the Pottawatomie County Banner, by the "Border Ruffians" in Kansas, turns out to be like a good many other "Kansas outrages," a cruel and unmitigated *lone.*

The Black Republicans, of Indiana, have had their "hurr" over the death of Mr. Patrick, and now of course, have no further motive for continuing the fact that he is yet alive and "kicking." The New Albany Ledger well says:—"The truth is, two thirds of the Kansas outrages "first two read about" in Black Republican newspapers are cruel hoaxes got up to inflame the passions and excite the people. A party compelled to resort to such a traffic in blood and horrors deserves the execration of every honest man and true patriot. Alas! that the day should ever come when a Presidential contest must be fought with such weapons as are now being used by the Black Republicans.

What have the "Freedom Shrieks" done for "Free Kansas?"—The Black Republican House of Representatives, by a party vote, passed a law relative to Kansas which contained the provisions.

1. It forbids any free negro *from* settling in Kansas

2. It extends the Fugitive slave Law over Kansas.

3. It legalizes slavery in Kansas until 1858, and makes all children born in the meantime slave mothers, slaves for life.

These provisions are contained in the Topeka Constitution and Dunn's Kansas Bill, and they afford a first-rate answer to the "freedom shrieks" when they talk of the Democracy in connection with slavery.—*Cin. Enq.*

Clergical Suggestion.—One of our friends was coming from New York, in the cars, the other night, and was amused at an interview between two persons, who seemed not to have met for some time before "Well" said one, after the first salutations, "what are you up to now?" "Da, I don't know," replied the other, "I shall take to religion." "Religion?" cried his friend, "what do you mean?" "Why," said the other, "I think I'm going to be a good business, the minister are all leaving it, and I tell you what I believe there's to be an opening there!"—*Boston Courier.*

Restoration of Wood Carvings.—Mr. Grace has communicated to the Institute of British Architects a paper on the restoration and preservation of wood carving. It appears that Mr. G. was consulted as to the restoring of the carvings of Merrer's Hall, an edifice rebuilt after the great fire in 1666. The wood was so much worm-eaten, that one of the panels broke into twenty two pieces when taken down. Mr. Grace, however placed all the carvings in a solution composed of linseed oil, Baharaca camphor, red lead, and beeswax, for twenty-four hours. It soaked through the wood to a depth of nearly nine inches, and as the dust became saturated with the oil it increased in bulk, and rendered the carving perfectly solid. Each panel consumed a little more than a gallon of the solution, and Mr. Grace states that, such is the progress of the hardening, in five years the carvings will be as hard as any wood.

Sealing Wax for Fruit Cans.—A very good sealing wax is made by melting and stirring well together one ounce of Venice turpentine, four ounces of common rosin, and six ounces of gum shellac. A beautiful red color may be given by adding one quarter of an ounce or less of vermilion.

☞ The Water Cure Journal recommends the following practice as sure to cure the worst case of hiccups in less than two minutes. "Hold up high above your head two fingers of your hand, lean back in your seat, open your mouth and throat so as to give a free passage to your lungs, breathe very long and softly, and look very steadily at your fingers."

We Will Marry.—A couple of young ladies have recently buried their father, who was an old humorist, and had such an aversion to matrimony that he would not allow them to marry however advantageous the offer. Conversing on his character, the eldest observed: "He is dead at last, and now we will marry." "Well, I am for a rich husband, and Mr. C. shall be the man," said the youngest. "Hold, sister," said the other "don't let us be too hasty in the choice of our husbands; let us marry those whom the powers above have destined for us for our marriages are registered in heaven's book." "I am sorry for that," replied the youngest, "for I am afraid father will tear out the leaf."

☞ A fellow was wending his way a short time ago, through some narrow passage, when he met a pretty, modest girl. "Pray, my dear," said he, "what do you call this passage?" "Ladies's passage," replied the girl. "Ah! then," continued the gappy, "I am like Balaam—stopped by an angel." "And I," rejoined the girl, as she pushed past him, "am like the angel—stopped by an ass."

One Sided Fun.—A California paper tells the following of Lieut. Derby, "John Phœnix," the humorist.

One evening at the Theatre, Phœnix observed a man sitting three seats in front of him, whom he thought he knew, and he requested the person sitting next to him "to punch the other individual with his cane." The polite stranger did so, and the disturbed person turning his head a little, he discovered his mistake—that he was not the person he took him for. Fixing his attention steadfastly on the play, and effecting unconsciousness of the whole affair, he left the man with the cane to settle with the other for the disturbance, who being wholly without an excuse, there was a ludicrous and embarassing scene—during all which Phœnix was profoundly interested in the play. At last the man with the cane asked, rather indignantly.

"Didn't you tell me to punch that man with the stick?"

"Yes."

"What did you mean?"

"I wanted to see whether you would punch him or not."

☞ We have observed many trouble through life, but have invariably noticed that it is the man who mounts the high horse who receives the least pity when he falls

Through to Lafayette!

TOLEDO & ILLINOIS

AND

LAKE ERIE, WABASH & ST. LOUIS R. R

TWO TRAINS DAILY!

THE MAIL EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Toledo daily, at 11 30 A. M. Fort Wayne at 1 00 P.M. arrives at Lafayette at 3 30 P. M. Leaves Lafayette at 4 00 A. M. Fort Wayne at 9 40 A. M. arrives at Toledo at 2 40 P. M.

Accommodation Train

Leaves Toledo at 11 30 P. M. Fort Wayne, 7 15 A M. arrives at Lafayette at 3 30 P. M. Leaves Lafayette at 9 00 P. M. Fort Wayne, 11 20 A. M. arrives at Toledo at 7 30 A. M.

Trains connect at Toledo with trains of the Cleveland & Toledo Railroad, for CLEVELAND, DUNKIRK, BUFFALO, ALBANY, NEW YORK and BOSTON.

C. & S. R. R.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Southern Division.		*Northern Division.*	
Express	9 00 A M	Mail	3 20 A.M.
Mail	4 00 P M	Express	4 50 P.M.
Accom	5 45 P M.	Freight	3 20 P.M.

Trains connect at Toledo with trains of the Cleveland & Toledo Railroad, for CLEVELAND, DUNKIRK, BUFFALO, ALBANY, NEW YORK and BOSTON.

The Michigan Southern Railroad Company splendid Steamers *Empire State, Northern Indiana, and Seuthe a Michigan* form a daily line between Toledo and Buffalo, leaving Toledo every morning at 8 o'clock arriving in Buffalo in season for the Express Trains to New York the next morning. There is also a daily line of Steamboats from

TOLEDO TO DETROIT.

Passengers leaving Toledo, via Cleveland and Erie on Railroad at 4 00 P. M. arrive in Buffalo in season for the 5 30 A. M. Express Train on N. York Central Railroad, arriving in Albany at 4 P. M. in New York by the Hudson River Railroad at 9 30 P. M. and in Boston by Western Railroad at 7 A. M. Leaving Toledo at same hour, arrive in Dunkirk in season for the 5 30 A. M. Express Train on N. York & Erie Railroad, arriving in New York at 10 30 P M

GEO. H. RORBAWS, Sup't.

July 5th, 1856. 15

JUST received by express a splendid assortment of fine all wool LONG SHAWLS, to be sold cheaper than ever, at No 87 Columbia street, by

H. R. S.

I HAVE on hand 300 pounds of good Goose FEATHERS, and a first rate article of Bed Ticking to fill them in, for sale at No. 87 Columbia street.

H. R. S.

DRIED FRUIT.

100 Bushels Dried Apples,
50 " " Peaches,
For sale at H. R. SCHWEGMAN'S.

BLACKSMITH, Joiners, Coopers, and Wagon Makers TOOLS, for sale by

R. W. TAYLOR.

CHAINS—Cable, Log, Binding, Trace and Halter Chains, on

R. W. TAYLOR.

SWEDES IRON—A large stock of nearly all sizes can be found at

R. W. TAYLOR.

ANVILS, 3 edges, 11 to 24, Vises, Stock and Dies, and a general assortment of Blacksmiths Tools,

R. W. TAYLOR.

AXES—Simmons' and Lippencott's, Ohio and Mohawkie Patterns, at

R. W. TAYLOR.

BROAD AXES of various brands can be had at

R. W. TAYLOR.

PLANES Smoothing, Jack, Jointers, Fore and Match Planes, just received by

R. W. TAYLOR.

ADZES—Hunt & Simmon's celebrated Adzes, at

R. W. TAYLOR

LANTERNS—the best assortment in town can be

R. W. TAYLOR.

SHOT—50 bags assorted numbers, for sale low by

R. W. TAYLOR.

LEAD PIPE—from 1 to 24 inches, for sale low by

R. W. TAYLOR.

WINDOW GLASS—several hundred boxes of all sizes and best brands, for sale at a small advance on manufacturer's prices.

R. W. TAYLOR.

SASH—Pine or Poplar, a very large stock for sale at manufacturer's prices.

R. W. TAYLOR

SAWS—Disc, Patent, Ground, Mill and Circular Saws, together with Rowland's and other brands

R. W. TAYLOR.

SEAT SPRINGS—light and heavy, for sale by

R. W. TAYLOR.

AXLES and HEDGES SPRINGS at nearly all sizes can be found at

R. W. TAYLOR.

KETTLES—Brass and Porcelainne, at

R. W. TAYLOR'S.

LEAD—3000 lbs. Stamped Bar Lead, just received by

R. W. TAYLOR.

IRON—A complete assortment of bar, round and square, oval, half round, band, hoop, &c.

R. W. TAYLOR.

SPIKES—Wrought and Cut, from 3 to 6 inches in Spikes, at

R. W. TAYLOR.

WATER LIME. The Onondaga and Syracuse City Water Lime, for sale by

R. W. TAYLOR.

100 Sacks RIO COFFEE,
25 Chests Tea, various kinds,
150 boxes Glass, assorted sizes,
50 kegs Nails, choice brands,
20 bbl. Cut and Dry Tobacco,
50 boxes M. R. Raisins,
50 quarter boxes do,
25 cases Gilden Syrup,
Oranges, Lemons, &c.
100 bundle Wrapping Paper, assorted sizes
A supply of Cap and Letter Paper.

The above GOODS, together with a general assortment of GROCERIES, are now being received and will be sold to the country trade *low.*

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,
Wholesale Grocers, No 85 Columbia street,
April 11, 1855. FORT WAYNE.

NEW CARPETINGS,

20 PIECES new style all Wool Carpetings just received at the Boston Dry Goods Store, which goes as the best assortment ever offered in this market, and for sale at eastern prices by

WM. T. ABBOTT.

April 26th.

NEW GOODS.

No. 79 GRANITE STORE. **OAKLEY & SON,** No. 79 GRANITE STORE.

(SUCCESSORS TO OAKLEY & FRENCH)

WOULD respectfully say to their friends and the public, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer stock of Goods, which they flatter themselves is more complete than ever before offered in this market.

We have a very fine assortment of Table and Pocket CUTLERY.

A superior stock of all kinds of Culinary ware.—A large supply of

HOUSE TRIMMINGS,

Locks, Latches, Hinges, Screws, and all the little etceteries necessary to Trim a Cabin or Mansion.

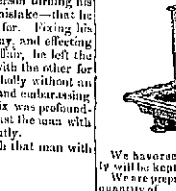
We would call the attention of Railroad Contractors to our stock of Shovels, Mattocks, Stone Crowbars, and many other implements in their line.

A good assortment of Carpenter's, Cooper's Blacksmith's and other tools of the newest styles, and most approved patterns. *Warranted.*

We have a large stock of best Cast Steel Hoes Hatchets, Scythes, Cradles, and all other implements for farming kept in Hardware Stores.

We wish to assure our friends that our Stock is very large, well selected in view of *this market*, and we hold it *cheap* to manufacturers or to the *country.* In all cases we get our goods of *first hands*, thereby saving our *profit*, of which we are willing to give our customers the benefit.

STOVES.



We have received a fine assortment, and our supply will be kept up all summer.

We are prepared to supply Merchants with any quantity of

TIN-WARE

At short notice; and all orders for our goods will be put up with dispatch and correctness, at prices that will be advantageous to the purchasers.

We are prepared to do *all* kinds of Job, or House work in the Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron line. All work warranted.

April 11th, 1856.

Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON and AFTER MONDAY, the 30 of March, the accommodation train will leave Fort Wayne every evening, at Eleven o'clock (Sundays excepted) after the arrival of the trains from Cleveland and Toledo arriving at Columbia at 7 15

Returning, the train will leave Columbia at 8 o'clock, A. M., and reach Fort Wayne at 9 15, in time for the Eastern Trains.

J. I. WILLIAMS, Chief Engineer.

Fort Wayne, Feb 16 1856. 41—32

CHANGE OF TIME.

OHIO & INDIANA RAILROAD.

Passenger Trains run and after Monday, 20th inst, will leave Fort Wayne every morning (Sundays excepted,) at 9 20 arrive at Forest at the Crossroads, Dayton, and Sandusky Railroad at 2 20, where trains pass south and north at 2 35, giving time for dinner, and arriving at Crestline at 4 30 P M, connecting without delay with trains for Pittsburg, Cleveland and Columbus arriving at

Cleveland at	8 P M
Pittsburg, "	12 50 A M
Columbus, "	8 25 P M
Cincinnati, "	7 30 "

Tickets to all the cities and important towns on the cross roads by any other route, at the Ticket Office of the O & I Railroad, at the old Parker Office on Fort Wayne, by

S. S. MORSE, *Agent.*

Freight trains leave Fort Wayne every morning at 5 30 A M and arrive at Crestline at 5 P M when Freight trains leave Crestline every evening for Cleveland at 9 P M, and for Pittsburg at 9 P M.

Stock should leave Fort Wayne on the morning of Tuesday, Thursdays, and Saturdays, to ensure good connections with the other Stock trains

H R SHRAPNAN, Sup't

FARE.

To New York,	$16 00	To Indianapolis,	$8 00
" Philadelphia,	16 00	" Sandusky City,	4 00
" Pittsburgh,	7 50	" Toledo,	5 75
" Cincinnati,	6 00	" Cleveland,	5 75
" Dayton,	5 00	" Columbus,	3 00

Aug 23, 1855 9

New Livery Stable.

THE firm of Link & Co being dissolved, the subscriber informs his friends that he continues the Livery Stable, north side of the Canal, west of Stop's Foundry, on his own account

WHERE he will keep for hire a lot of

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES

of the latest and neatest styles. Also, first-rate

Saddle and Carriage Horses.

His charges will be moderate, and he hopes, by courtesy and attention, to merit a share of public support.

W. H. LINK

Fort Wayne, Dec 22, 1855 325

To the Stockholders of the Fort Wayne & Mississippi R.R.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the assessment of 10 per cent. heretofore made on the cash subscriptions to the Fort Wayne & Mississippi Railroad must be paid to the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of March next. A further assessment of 5 per cent, per month is also required to be paid on the 1st of each month succeeding, until the entire subscription is paid up.

A strict compliance is expected, as the payments must and will be rigidly enforced.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JOHN COMSTOCK, Treasurer.

Liberty Mills, January 22, 1856. 6m52

Stoves! Stoves!

WE have contracted for $2,000 worth of STOVE to be delivered this fall, and manufactured from Hewson's Best metal, known to all to be the best metal in the world for stoves, made of superior weight, and warranted not to burn at by fire, bought at low figures, and our customers shall reap the benefit.

COMETS.—We have six sizes of the Comet the top cooking stoves—the best stove at 11 to any market; it outstrips all competition wherever introduced. I have sold hundreds in this market, and the sale is every day increasing. No family should be without one. We warrant this stove one year, and if the stove is not what we represent it to be, the money will be refunded. For sale at the signe of the Golden Stove, by

A. D. BRANDRIFF.

September 22d, 1855

THE CASTLE PARLOR and the Gem are best beautiful Stoves for sale by BRANDRIFF.

BUCKEYE STATE.—We have five sizes of this Stove, warranted good; also, the Honest State, twelve inches wood, which suits the humorist. This Stove has long been their favorite is heavy and never breaks. We will warrant it one year. Give her a call.

BRANDRIFF'S.

OAKLEY & SON,

(SUCCESSORS TO OAKLEY & FRENCH)

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,

AND DEALERS IN

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.

No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET,

FORT WAYNE.

FORT WAYNE

MERCANTILE INSTITUTE.

The only Black cor. Main & Calhoun Sts Ft. Wayne Ind

THE PRINCIPAL of this Institution, from past experience and success as a Practical and Practical Book Keeper, has no hesitation in saying that the facilities have afforded to young men for qualifying themselves for the counting room, and various other pecuniary pursuits are unsurpassed by any similar institution in the Union.

The course of instruction is thorough and practical, embracing Book-keeping by single and double Entry, and its application to every department of trade, as now practiced by the most accomplished and experienced accountants (which is an entirely new and exclusive plan, enabling the student to become much more efficient, in less time than any other plan.) Commercial Law, Mercantile Correspondence, Commercial calculation, Practical and Ornamental Penmanship, &c.

The system of Penmanship adopted in this institution is individual, giving a free and easy use of the hand and pen, thereby enabling the student to effect any style of writing. Young ladies and gentlemen desirous of qualifying themselves for teachers, will save much time and expense by securing this system, taught in no other institution in the West.

The thorough and extensive course of instruction, combined with the elegance, beauty and convenience of the rooms, the highly qualified teachers, and pleasant and healthy location, renders this the most attractive institution to all who may desire an accomplished commercial education.

Being impressed with the necessity of Ladies acquiring business habits more thoroughly with business transactions, the Principal has fitted up apartments with neatness, elegance and convenience, expressly for them.

The Ladies Department is entirely separate from the male, having separate entrances from the street, and will remain permanently conceived with the Institution.

Students are taught individually, and not in classes; therefore they can enter at any time, and advance in the ratio of their capacity.

TUITION,

For full Commercial Course, including Practical Penmanship $25.00

For same with Ornamental Penmanship 35.00

☞ Catalogues sent on application.

C. J. DIETRICH, Prin.

Ft. Wayne, Feb. 16. 1—33

Franton Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find six sizes of this excellent Stove of heavy plate, at

Sept. 10. BRANDRIFF'S.

ELEVATED OVEN.—This Stove we get manufactured for this market, out of HARDING ROCK and the only one made of the kind excluisively that material in the United States, it has two brackets to rest in a quick baker, and is the best kind of a house warmer. We have a large quantity and can afford them low, considering the great weight and good quality, by BRANDRIFF.

KANSAS PARLORS.—3 sizes of this new and beautiful Parlor Stove, got up this season, and will carry off the palm. For sale at

BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN and Japanned Ware.—A complete assortment of the very best quality, and the cheapest in the State. *All mending and jobbing done at*

BRANDRIFF'

FLUTED PARLORS—Six sizes of these serviceable Parlors, and very cheap, at

BRANDRIFF'S.

United States Mail Line!

Three TIMES a Week. Thrue TIMES a Week.

Fort Wayne & Goshen Stage.

THE subscriber is now running a Line of Stages, three times a week, from Fort Wayne to Goshen, via Bailey's Corners, Cornimoen, Marion, Wale Lake, Fort Mitchell, Albion, Rochester, Ligonier Richville, and Rolston.

Leaves Fort Wayne and Goshen every *Monday, Wednesday* and *Friday* mornings at seven o'clock.

Fort Wayne and Liberty Mills.

A HACK will leave Fort Wayne for Liberty Mills, via Bailey's Saw Mill, Land P. O., Marion & Tracy Settlement, every Friday morning, at 7 o'clock, arriving at 6 o'clock P. M. Leaves Liberty Mills for Fort Wayne on Saturday Morning, at 7 o'clock.

LIVERY STABLE.

In connection with the above, he also keeps a Livery Stable on MAIN STREET, north side the State Bank.

Horses and Carriages

of all descriptions for hire on reasonable terms.

MATTHIAS GLYNN.

Fort Wayne, Jan'y 14th, 1856

A. L. HANNA,

(successor to *F. S. Modlin*)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 89 Columbia Street.

KEEPS constantly on hand a complete assortment of BOOTS and SHOES for *Ladies, Gents, Misses and Misses* wear, being the

LARGEST, CHEAPEST, and Best Assorted Stock of any establishment in the city.

Custom Work.

He has made every garment with PETER KLINE the *Premium Best Maker* of this County, for the manufacture of

Fine French Calf Boots & Shoes

to Customers only, and is confident that he can give total satisfaction in that line both as to fit and wear

Fort Wayne, April 14 1855.

Country Merchants & Grocers,

INSTEAD of going to Toledo or Cincinnati to purchase Your new goods you will find it much to your interest to purchase of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS Wholesale Grocers, No. 85, Columbia street, Fort Wayne by so doing you will save the expense of going further out, in many cases, the entire cost of freight.

Williams & Huestis having made their purchases with direct reference to the country trade, are selling at a very small advance above the Eastern and Cincinnati prices.

☞ Don't forget the place No. 85 Columbia street.

FORT WAYNE STEAM BOILER WORKS,

N. McLACHLAN & Co.,

Proprietors, Fort Wayne, Ind.

THE above extensive establishment having just gone into operation is prepared to do all kinds of BOILER WORK, such as

High and Low Pressure Boilers,

of all sizes and descriptions,

LARD TANKS, SMOKE STACKS, WATER TANKS, &c., &c.

in a thorough and expeditious manner.

From the twenty years experience of N. McLachlan in the above business, the last three of which were with Reeves Cooper and Clark, Mount Vernon, we feel confident that we can make it the interest of those wishing any thing in our line, to give us a call. Old boilers bought and sold on the most favorable terms.

Repairs promptly attended to.

Fort Wayne, May 5th, 1855 344

Notice.

JUST received by R. W. OAKLEY & SON a splendid assortment of

CHANDELIERS,

Pendants, Hall Lights, Brackets,

&c., &c.

Those wishing to secure a nice article are requested to call and examine our stock.

GAS FITTING

Done in the neatest manner.

We will fit up any house without rolling or damaging the floor. All are invited to examine our work and goods. November 24th, 1855

HARDWARE.

I AM now receiving one of the largest and best assorted stocks of heavy Hardware ever before brought to this market, consisting in part of Iron, Nails, Glass &c.

R. W. TAYLOR.

Fort Wayne, Sept nber 28

ALLEN COUNTY

Agricultural Warehouse

COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

Agent for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Power, and Improved Premium Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,

HAVE completed an addition to their forwarding and commission house expressly for

Agricultural Implements,

where may be found all the New Yankee saving Mechanics so much needed by our farmers. Any desired article can be ordered if not on hand.

May 1st 1852.

Elegant Confections.

PRESERVED GINGER, Candies, Flag Root Gum Drops, for sale by J. D. WERDEN & Co.

COOK AND BOX STOVES, Potash and Sugar Kettles; Lodge's No. 4 Plows and Castings of every description for sale by

JONES, BASS & CO.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 12 1855. 1025

Gas Pipe & Fixture Notice.

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

20 to 22 Cts. per Ft. for Pipes.

WE have received our stock of Gas Pipes of the best makers in the country, warranted for Steam or Gas purposes, and to

Stand the full pressure of the Inspector's Pump.

Our Pipes will be put up with CEMENT (not with lead)—the usual eastern mode of putting up pipes.

Our

FITTINGS

are heavier than usual, and of the best quality. Our work shall be done in the very best order, and we are responsible for all damages that may occur.

Our Fixtures

are from the most celebrated manufacturers in the country, which we offer

At Philadelphia Prices.

Our whole stock has been selected from practical men long engaged in the business. Orders for Gas, Steam, and Water Pipes, left with D. W. MAPLES or H. Durrie, will be promptly attended to.

H. DURRIE.

Sept. 1st, 1855.

10,000 GALLONS STONEWARE, at Old Lucky No. 8.

OHIO Box Stove—3 sizes of this Stove, at

BRANDRIFF'S.

THREE sizes of Tea Plate Stoves, at

BRANDRIFF'S.

10,000 Lbs. of SHEET IRON and Stove Pipe for sale at BRANDRIFF'S.

500 Lbs. BRASS KETTLES for sale at

BRANDRIFF'S.

BEST PREMIUM.—We have 5 sizes of these Stoves; they are truly what their name indicates. For sale nowhere but at BRANDRIFF'S.

NEW CARPETINGS.

THE largest and best selected stock of Woolen Carpets ever opened in Fort Wayne may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 95 Columbia street. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Steam Elevators,

Corner of Pearl street and Maiden Lane,

FORT WAYNE

PRATT & Co. having bought the Warehouse and Mill lately occupied by Lamb & McCulloch are prepared to do a

Commission & Forwarding Business,

and will promptly attend to all goods and produce entrusted to them.

Superior FLOUR and CORN MEAL constantly on hand.

The highest price paid for Grain and all kinds of produce.

Fort Way 18th, 1855. 346

1855 1855

COMPARET, HUEBELL, & Co.,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

Receive and Forward Goods by the Ohio & Indiana Railroad, and Wabash & Erie Canal.

AGENTS for the EXPRESS LINE on the Wabash & Erie Canal, for the sale of E & T. Fairbanks' Scales; for the sale of Dorsett's Powder; and agents for the Franklin Glass Works. Bagging, rope, and twine.

Grain, Flour & Produce.

They facilities for receiving and shipping goods are unsurpassed, if equalled, by any house in the State. Their Warehouse on the Canal, at the Railroad Depot, is furnished with superior Steam Elevators. June, 1855.

JAMES HUMPHREY'S

STEAM MARBLE Free & Lime Stone Works,

On the Canal, near the Rockhill House.

FORT WAYNE, IND

Carpets! Carpets! Carpets!!

20 PIECES two and three ply Carpets of beautiful colors and patterns

5 pieces Stair Carpets and Rugs Mattings, plain and figured, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4.

OIL CLOTHS of splendid patterns and widths, 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 8-4, which will be sold cheaper than ever by

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

August 19th, 1855

BARK! BARK!

WE will pay the following prices for BARK delivered on the Canal, or Feeder, or St Joseph River, at a convenient place for loading within fifteen miles of this city.

White Oak Bark, per Cord..... $2 00

Black " " 3 00

Fort Wayne, March 1st. H. C. GREY & Co.

10000 Hides Wanted

FOR which we will pay 24 cents pr lb green, and 6 cents pr lb for prime dry flint hides

H. C. GREY & Co.

At the Mammoth Cave

Will be seen a large stock of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats & Caps,

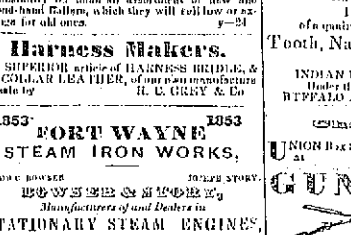
And large assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

and any quantity of NOTIONS just received and for sale low for cash by

Oct 15 y 15 T. STALEFORD & Co.

NEW HARDWARE



H. DURRIE,

No 81 Columbia St. (Sign of the Padlock.)

HAVING received his fall supplies, offers the most complete assortment of HARDWARE in all its branches ever offered by any one in this place of

AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON,

CAST STEEL, NAILS, GLASS,

Axles Elliptic Springs, Anvils, Bellows, Vices,

and other heavy goods; the assortment will compare with any west of the Lakes.

MECHANICS will find an assortment of TOOLS fully up to the times *in shape, and warranted quality.*

Building Materials

of all kinds, including Nails, Sash and Glass, of all sizes. DOOR TRIMMINGS of all the most approved patterns now in use.

FARMER'S GOODS,

comprising every kind of Chains, from a Halter to a Log Chain, Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Grubbing Hoes Forks, &c., &c.

Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings,

of a greater variety than is usually found

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

Plated and Britannia Castors, Table Forks & Spoons

SOLAR LAMPS,

And a variety of new Fluid Lamps, Britannia Tea Setts Carpets & prices and Bands, and an assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS of all qualities.

Fort Wayne, Aug 31st, 1855.

I HAVE just received and offers for sale a good assortment of Buggy and Spring Springs, at No 123 and 125, Columbia st.

R. W. TAYLOR.

Dec 13 1853.

OIL CLOTH CARPETING.

NEW Patterns just received and for sale by

Sept. 19. WM. T. ABBOTT.

PAPER HANGINGS.

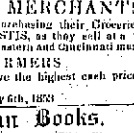
2000 ROLLS of elegant Paper Hangings just arrived in town and ready for inspection at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 75 Columbia St.

WM. T. ABBOTT.

Cheap Saddlery Shop.

WM. BOWEN & SON,

AT THE SIGN OF THE COLUMBIA ST., 93 Second Story.



Golden Saddle,

ARE now offering the greatest inducements that ever were offered in the market to those wishing any thing in the line of Saddlery, as we use nothing but the best of eastern stock, and all work we do is the best manner.

50 sets of heavy Team Harness.

100 Saddles from $7 00 to $40 00.

A fine lot of Ladies Saddles from $12.00 to $40 00.

Fine Harness for buggy and carriage, silver and brass trimmed, from $15 00 to $50 00.

And in fact every thing in their line of business, at the lowest rates. Nov. 25, 1855. 1y13

500 Lbs. SAD IRON for sale at

BRANDRIFF'S.

TIN Plate, Copper Bottom, and Wire, for sale at

BRANDRIFF'S.

SEVEN sizes Fluted Horse Stoves; very cheap our heavy plated, at

BRANDRIFF'S.

RUSSIA NAIL ROOD—500 bundles, 25 lbs. each, just received at R. W. TAYLOR.

REMOVED.

The subscriber, proprietor of the

Boston Dry Goods Store,

has removed to the CHECKERED STORE 87 Columbia Street, nearly opposite the Post Office, where he has fitted up rooms in the most elegant style and will continue the

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DRY GOODS BUSINESS.

in all of its branches and on the most favorable terms.

Grateful for the liberal patronage he has received from the city and Fort Wayne and vicinity, at the old stand, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same at the new, and flatters himself by giving his whole attention to the Dry Goods Trade, he can make it, for the interest of all, to call and examine his goods before purchasing elsewhere.

WM. T. ABBOTT.

P. S. Remember the place, *The Checkered Store*, No. 75 Columbia Street, nearly opposite the Post Office.

Fort Wayne, August 16th, 1855.

Summit City Factory,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

WE are prepared to Manufacture WOOLEN THE SHAKE, and CARD, SPIN, FULL and DRESS CUSTOM CLOTH, promptly and in the best style.

Merchants are invited to examine our Stock of

WOOLEN GOODS,

as we are determined to sell a *Good Article* as low as can be purchased in the East. We have, also, a

Set of Machinery,

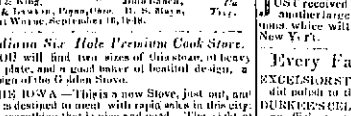
and an assortment of

Machine Cards, Comb Plates, Card Cleaners, &c.,

which will be sold at manufacturers' prices.

H. RUDISHL & SON.

January 20th, 1855 1y29



1856 1856

HILL & ORRISON,

(*Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,*)

Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Hasbrook & Co.,	Toledo.	Ayres & Tomlin,	New York
Smith Kohlsaat & Co.	"	Kent, Pengry, Co.,	"
Collins, Brown & Co.	"	Kinderslice, Pope & Co.	"
Weckerly & Stratt,	"	C. McKnight & Co.	Cincin.
Field & King,	"	John Lynch,	"
Kirk & Lewis,	Cincinnati, Ohio.	H. S. Hayes,	"

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1856.

Indiana Six Hole Premium Cook Stove.

YOU will find two sizes of this stove, of heavy plate, and a good baker of beautiful design, at the sign of the Golden Stove.

THE IOWA.—This is a new Stove, just out, and is designed to meet with rapid sales in this city, it is everything that is nice and good. The right of it is sufficient. We have the exclusive sale of it, by price is low. Call at

BRANDRIFF'S.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!

DOUBLE and Square Broche, do do Bay State, Waterloo, Northampton and Rexedale of every description and price.

Also Gentlemen's HEAVY SHAWLS, new patterns, which are offered at very low prices at the Boston Dry Goods Store, by

WM. T. ABBOTT.

Sept. 19.

Drake's City Express.

WILL deliver all Goods bought at the Emporium to any part of the City FREE OF CHARGE

WASH. McLEAN. P. L. WEAVER.

WASH. McLEAN, & Co.,

Boiler Makers,

And Dealers in Second Hand Boilers and Engines.

Congress Street, one door East of Indiana.

CINCINNATI, Ohio.

Constantly on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Boilers, which they will sell low or exchange for old ones. y—24

Harness Makers.

A SUPERIOR article of HARNESS BRIDLE, & COLLAR LEATHER, of our own manufacture for sale by

H. C. GREY & Co

1853 FORT WAYNE 1853

STEAM IRON WORKS,

JACOB BOWSER JOHN STORY.

BOWSER & STORY,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,

Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses.

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,

SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING.

Thrashing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.,

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are found not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.

REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.

Cash paid for old Castings and Brass.

Fort Wayne, October 20, 1853. y16

ROBERT B. REED,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, and Dye Stuffs, Glassware Window Glass, Putty, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Perfumery, Soaps, and Fancy Articles, Surgical Instruments, Tobacco, Cigars and snuffs, Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Brandies,

I AM receiving direct from the eastern cities, his Fall Stock, to which he invites the attention of dealers. Customers and physicians will always find at his establishment

Fresh & Unadulterated Medicines,

which he has selected with great personal care for this market.

His stock will be found as extensive as any other in the state, and his prices will compare with any other house in the west. Call and examine.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 9. 1852. H. B. R.

HENRY WILLIAMS. R. C. HUESTIS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 85 Columbia street, Fort Wayne,

Constantly keep on hand

Groceries of all Kinds,

Such as Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Raisins, Spices, Tobacco, Segs, Candies, Raggy and Door Mats, Tubs, Buckets, Wash Boards,

AXES, NAILS, GLASS,

Sash, Stove and Earthenware, Glassware, Flour, Grocer, Cotton Batting, Cotton Yarn, Dyestuffs, Hatchets, Shovels, Lead, Powder, Gun Caps, Fuse, Well and Halter Ropes, Wrapping Paper, Wrapping Twine, Candle Wicking, &c., &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Will save money by purchasing their Groceries of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS, as they sell at a very small advance above Eastern and Cincinnati market.

FARMERS

will at all times receive the highest cash price for all kinds of produce.

Fort Wayne, January 6th, 1853

German Books.

FOR Sale at the Farmer's Depot, Bibles, Testaments, Hymn Book, Stark's Prayer Book, School Books, Kramer's History of the German Nation, Luther's Works, Erlanger's edition, 31 volumes, price $20, Wittenberger's